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VOL. 1 NO. 243 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, DECEMBER 13 1913 ONE ANNA

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Date of Sailing	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
12th Dec.	Caledonia ..	8000	.....	.....
20th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Mongolia ...	10000
27th ,,	Persia ..	8000	.....	..
1914.				
3rd Jan.	Salsette ..	6000	Macedonia.....	10500
10th ,,	Delta ..	8000	.....	..
17th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Malwa.....	11000
24th ,,	Arabia ..	8000	.....	..
31st ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Mooltan ...	10000
7th Feb.	Mantua ..	11000	.....	..
14th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Morea	11000
21st ,,	Caledonia ..	8000	.....	..
28th ,,	Maloja ..	12500	.....	..
7th March.	Persia ..	8000	.....	..
14th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Marmora ...	10500
21st. ,,	Macedonia ..	10500	.....	..
28th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Moldavia....	10000
*1stApril.	Himalaya ..	7000	.....	..
4th ,,	Arabia ..	8000	.....	..
11th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Medina.....	12500
18th ,,	Mantua ..	11000	.....	..
25th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Mongolia ..	10000
*26th ,,	Arcadia ..	7000	.....	..
2nd May	Caledonia ..	8000	.....	..
9th ,,	Salsette ..	6000	Malwa.....	11000
16th ,,	Persia ..	8000	.....	..

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NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

TO Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

Steamer.	Commander.	Tons	Arrival.	Departure.
Inaba Maru.	S. Tominaga.	6189	3rd. Dec.	12th. Dec.
BombayMaru	Y. Tozawa.	4625	10th. Dec.	20th. Dec.
ColomboMaru	N.Kawashima	4709	28th. Dec.	9th. Jan.
KamakuraMar	T. Hori.	6126	11th. Jan.	23rd. Jan.
RangoonMaru	T. Date.	4936	25th. Jan.	6th. Feb.
KawachiMaru	A.Christiansen	6163	8th. Feb.	20th. Feb.
Penang Maru	S. Murazumi	5500	22nd. Feb.	6th. Mar.
Inaba Maru	S. Tominaga.	6189	8th. Mar.	20th. Mar.
BombayMaru	Y. Tozawa.	4625	22nd. Mar.	3rd. Apr.
ColomboMaru	N.Kawashima	4709	5th. Apr.	17th. Apr.

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City of Poona	A&C	7467	21st Jan.....	.....
City of Birmingham	A&C	7475*	23rd Feb.....	21st Feb.....
City of Calcutta	A&C	7680*	12th Mar....	10th Mar..
Trafford Hall	A	5321	21st Mar ...	.....
City of Manchester	A&C	5551	.....	25th Mar...
City of Paris	A&C	9232*	13th April....	11th April..
City of Karachi	A&C	5566	.....	22nd April
City of Lahore	A&C	6875	.....	29th April..
City of Birmingham	A&C	7475	27th May ...	25th May .

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Marseilles ..	578	891	429	649
London via Marseilles ..	653	1091	489	809
Liverpool ..	605	957	462	704
London via Marseilles out from Liverpool ..	.....	999	.....	787

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*PALAMCOTTA	3413	Thursday, 25th ,,
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*PENTAKOTA	3418	,, 22nd ,,

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13th November, 1913. 951

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FOR SALE.—SECONDHAND RAILWAY RAILS Doubleheaded and Singleheaded of different sections with different lengths. Light new Rails 14 lbs. section complete with all fittings. Skip waggons, Colliery waggons, &c. available for sale. Apply to box No. 159, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 1001

AN OPPORTUNITY. A brand new visible REMINGTON TYPEWRITER No. 10, latest model, FOR SALE Rs. 295/- only, not used even once. Apply box No. 165, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle." 1012

FOR SALE.—Westinghouse variable speed Motor, 15 Brake horse power 460 volts Direct current, suitable for Printing Press or Flour Mill. Price including Pulley and Rails, starter and speed regulator Rs. 700. Apply to, "Motor" Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."

FOR SALE—30.35 H. P. Clement Bayard Limousine Car in excellent condition. Tyres in good order, with usual tools five lamps, spare wheel etc. Cost Rs. 15,000 when new. Many accessories and spares with car. A bargain at Rs. 7,500. Expert examination invited.—Apply Mr. B. K. RAO, Kakadwadi, Girgaum, Bombay.

FOR SALE—A 20 H. P. 5 seated torpedo body Paige Motor Car, complete with all tools and accessories, 2 side and 1 tail lamp and 2 acetylene head lights, wind screen, hood, speedometer, spare wheel with tyre, etc. The car is in excellent order and was purchased in March 1913. All five tyres on car have been recently replaced and are brand new. Cost Rs. 4,500. Price Rs. 3,000.—For further particulars apply PRIVATE SECRETARY to H. H. Nawab of Sachin, Chawpatty, Bombay.

PROPERTY of P. WYNDHAM, I. C. S., Officiating Commissioner, Benares, for sale owing to transfer to hill station:—
One Belsize Motor Car 14/16,
Four-seated, 1903 ... Rs.1800
Four Ponies ... Rs. 900 to 350
Four Tumtums ... Rs. 300 to 100
Rifles and Guns.
Furniture (camp and house)
Pictures.
Una sailing boat (iron).
All are sold cheap to effect clearance and can be seen in Benares.
For list and particulars apply to P. WYNDHAM, I. C. S. Benares.
Please mark all communications 'Furniture' on the top left hand corner.

HOUSE, BAZAAR and DHOBIE ACCOUNT BOOK, *sixth edition revised*, for 12 months with Servants Diary, Wages Table, Household Hints, Cookery Notes and Will Form *by Gerald L. Chard*, price Rs. 1-8 from No. 13 Dept., Army Navy Stores, Fort, Bombay.

404 H. V. Cordite Magazine Rifle by Jeffreys in excellent order, 170 rounds of .404 ammunition, Kader combination electric night sight. Price Rs. 250 or reasonable offer.
Please apply to Lieut. J. S. DREW, 2nd Q. O. Cameron Highlanders, Bangalore.

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET Airy Bungalows, Hill Road, Bandra, Chimbar Church. Apply MUNJEE NATHOOBHOY, 183/85, Samuel Street, Khoja Moheen. 1021

TO BE LET 1st and 2nd Floors of "Bombay View" with spacious compound, opposite Colaba Station. Apply to R. S. MISTRY, No. 18, Juma Masjid.

TO BE LET.—Well situated and breezy FLAT in Sussex Road, Byculla next to Victoria Gardens. Modern sanitary arrangements. Rent moderate. Apply to Mr. PERRY on premises. 0926

TO BE LET at Mahableshwar JEEJEE LODGE (Hot season Rs. 1,200; Cold season Rs. 150 per month) and DHUN VILLA (Hot season Rs. 800; Cold season Rs. 100 per month). Apply Mrs. P. B. JEEJEEBHOY, Pedder Road, Bombay. 0711

The Bombay Chronicle.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

TOWN.

Yearly	Rs. 20.
Half-yearly	Rs. 11.
Quarterly	Rs. 6.

MOFUSSIL.

Yearly	Rs. 30.
Half-yearly	Rs. 16.
Quarterly	Rs. 9.

FOR ADVERTISEMENT RATES

APPLY

THE MANAGER,
"BOMBAY CHRONICLE,"
Medows Street,
28th September, 1913.

NOTICES.

INADMISSIBLE ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE MANAGER reserves the right to refuse any advertisement without assigning reasons for doing so.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are INVITED and will be received up to 22nd DECEMBER, 1913 for the filling of Bandra Yard with earth from a Railway Quarry. Forms of specification may be obtained from the Office of the Superintending Engineer Construction, B. B. & C. I. Railway, Mahaluxmi. 1015

OIL MILL FOR SALE.

ON behalf of The Cotton Seed Co., Ltd., of London, we are prepared to receive OFFERS for the purchase in parts or whole of a complete COTTON SEED OIL MILL PLANT suitable for crushing over 800 tons of cotton seeds per month by day and night work, with all necessary Accessories. The Mill is situated in Kurla near Bombay. Further particulars can be had on application to the Undersigned at Navasari Buildings, Fort Bombay.
TATA SONS & CO.

PUNJAB LAWN TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP TOURNAMENT 1914.

THE PUNJAB LAWN TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP TOURNAMENT will be held at Lahore during the week commencing February 2nd, 1914. Entries close at 6 p.m. on Saturday, January 31st.
In addition to the Amateur Competitions, it has been decided to hold concurrently a Tournament open to the markers of all recognised Clubs. Two prizes will be offered, the first of Rs. 150, the second of Rs. 50.
A copy of the prospectus of the Tournament may be obtained from the Undersigned.
J. E. GATELY,
Hon. Sec., P. L. T. C. T.,
Punjab Club, Lahore.

BOMBAY SCOTTISH ORPHANAGE SOCIETY.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Bombay Scottish Orphanage Society, and the DISTRIBUTION of PRIZES will take place in the school at Mahim, on SATURDAY, the 20th December 1913, at 5 p.m.
The Committees' report for the past year will be submitted and a Committee elected for the coming year.
The Hon. Mr. C. H. A. Hill, C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S., has kindly consented to preside and Mrs. Hill to distribute the Prizes.
All friends of the Society are cordially invited to attend.
J. A. STEWART,
0961 Hon. Secretary.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.
Petition for Letters of Administration of the property and credits of Dawlat Ganpat Kadam of Bombay Hindu inhabitant late a clerk in the Bombay Steam Navigation Co.....Deceased.
Ganpat Baji Kadam of Ratnagiri, Hindu inhabitant, an agriculturist residing at Mazagaon without the Fort of Bombay Petitioner.
All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Letters of Administration.
Witness Sir Basil Scott, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this fourth day of December in he year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and in the fourth year of our reign.
(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.
Seal of the High Court at Bombay.
(Sd.) P. B. MALBARI.
The 4th day of December, 1913.
MESSRS. SOONDERDAS & CO.,
1008 Petitioner's Attorneys.

RANGOON MUNICIPALITY.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of BUILDINGS SURVEYOR, in the Buildings Department of the Rangoon Municipality, on a salary of Rs. 300 rising by annual increments of Rs. 20 to Rs. 400 per mensem. The appointment will in the first instance, be on probation and temporary, but there is a reasonable prospect of it being made permanent if and when the regular incumbent of the post is confirmed in another appointment to which he has been appointed on one year's probation.
The applicants must submit with their applications copies of recent testimonials and must state their age, nationality, experience and present employment.
The duties will be practically those of an Assistant to the Buildings Engineer, and the work will consist of assisting in examining deposited plans of buildings with regard to stability and stating seriatim the requirements, necessary to make them comply with Building Bye-laws; supervising the preparation of cases for the Municipal Prosecutor and attending Court; supervising works in progress and reporting on completion of works, etc., etc. Applicants must have a thorough knowledge of the theory and practice of building construction and must have had at least three years' practical experience and must hold the diploma of a Civil Engineer from a recognised Engineering College. Some knowledge of Architecture is also desirable.
Applicants must not be under 25 or over 35 years of age. The successful candidate will be required to produce a Medical Certificate of fitness from a Commissioned Medical Officer or a Medical Officer in charge of a Civil Station, and will be required to join at an early date.
If made permanent, the successful candidate will be required to subscribe towards the Municipal Provident, Fund, according to the Bye-laws in force from time to time. Leave and leave allowances will be granted in accordance with the rules in force for the Indian Services of Government. No exchange compensation or other allowances will be granted. Canvassing for the appointment, either directly or indirectly, will disqualify any candidate. The successful candidate will be paid travelling allowance at ordinary Government rates on first joining appointment. Applications will be received by the Undersigned up to the 18th December, 1913.
H. LAWRENCE PEARSON,
M. Inst. C.E., M.I.Mech. E.,
Offg. Chief Engineer,
Rangoon Municipality.

NOTICES.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Society will be held at the High Court in Sir Basil Scott's Chamber on WEDNESDAY, the 17th December, 1913, at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.) to pass the Audited Accounts and to elect Officers and Members of the Managing Committee for the ensuing year.

NOTICE.

WARD ELECTION OF A COUNCILLOR TO FILL UP A CASUAL VACANCY.
IN consequence of the RESIGNATION of Mr. JAFFER JOOSAB representative of the (E) Byculla Ward there is a casual vacancy in the office under Section 9 of the City of Bombay Municipal Act III, of 1888. I therefore pursuant to the provisions of Sections 22(3) and 25 of the said Act hereby fix Thursday the 15th January 1914 for a Ward Election to fill up the aforesaid casual vacancy.
H. B. CLAYTON,
Ag. Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 12th December 1913 1024

OFFERS ARE INVITED.

FOR THE PURCHASE
of the
BOARD OF TRADE
Single deck steel screw Yacht
"CEYLON."

BUILT 1891. Length 172ft.; beam 24ft.; depth 13ft. 3in.; Carvel and Clincher build. Four bulkheads.
Engines; Compound; Vertical; Surface condensing. Boilers; Main, made and fitted in 1904; Donkey, 1903. H.P.; Normal, 83; Indicated, 480. Sea Speed, 11 knots. Tonnage; Gross, 310, Registered, 153. Displacement, 534 tons. Draft: Light 10ft. 6in.; Loaded, 12ft. 6in.
Saloon Accommodation 5; Bunker Capacity, 90 tons—14 days full speed at sea.
Full particulars to be obtained from, and Offers to be made to,
WALKER, SONS & CO., LTD.,
COLOMBO.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V. by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.
Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of Laksmibai widow of Dr. Vithal Vishnu Gokhale of Bombay, Hindu.....Deceased.
Narayan Vishnu Gokhale of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant residing at Girgaon out of Fort the executor named in the Will of the said deceased.....Petitioner.
ALL persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.
Witness Sir Basil Scott, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this fourth day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and thirteen and in the fourth year of our Reign.
(Sd.) A. M. KAJIJI,
Registrar.
Seal of the High Court at Bombay.
(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI,
The 4th day of December, 1913.
Messrs. DIKSHIT AND PURUSHOTTAMRAI,
1017 Petitioner's Attorneys.

RE. THE INDIAN SPECIE BANK LTD.

NOTICE.

THE SHAREHOLDERS and CREDITORS of this Bank who approve of the undermentioned resolutions passed by the meeting of the Shareholders and Creditors held in Bombay on the 11th instant are requested to inform Messrs Hiralal and Company. Solicitors at 24, Esplanade Road of their approval in the form given, below, in order to enable the undersigned to represent their wishes before the Court.

1. That having regard to the wishes of a very large number of Creditors and Shareholders of the Indian Specie Bank Ltd., that an endeavour should be made to reconstruct the Bank, in view of the nature of the securities held by it, this meeting authorizes its chairman to apply to the Honourable Judge in Chambers to furnish him with the Report of the Liquidator as regards the assets and liabilities of the Bank and the names and addresses of the Creditors and Shareholders of the Bank at the earliest possible opportunity before the 19th instant when the Petition for winding up is to be heard, in order to enable the Shareholders and Creditors to consider whether it is feasible to reconstruct the said Bank or not.

2. That this meeting appoints a committee of the following gentlemen with power to add to their number to do all that may be necessary to safe guard the interests of the Creditors and Shareholders in the said liquidation and to carry out the resolutions passed at this meeting with power to frame rules for the conduct of their work.

Raja Bahadur Shivlal Motilal; The Hon'ble Mr. Lallubhai Samaldas, Mr. Narattam Morarji Goculdas: Mr. A. J. Billimoria, Mr. R. V. Patvari, Mr. Khaitsey Khaisey: Mr. Mr. Mahomedbhai Hajibhai Lalji; Mr. N. C. Kelkar: Mr. Dinshaw Edulji Wacha and the Hon'ble Mr. Manmohandas Ramji.

3. That the chairman of the meeting be authorized to apply to the Court to adjourn the hearing of the Petition for winding up the Bank from the 19th instant, to some date in January 1914, in order to enable the Committee to ascertain the views of the Creditors, and Shareholders residing up country, as to the scheme for re-construction and other matters."

4. That pending to disposal of the Petition for winding up, it is the unanimous wish of this meeting that the Provisional Liquidator may be directed by the Court not to dispose of any of the securities lying with the Bank."

R. V. PATVARI,
Chairman of the said meeting.

To
MESSRS. HIRALAL & CO.,
Dear Sirs,
I ..... Shareholder / Creditor of the Indian Specie Bank Ltd., holding..... shares of the said Bank
to the extent of Rupees
hereby inform you that I approve of the resolutions passed at the meeting of the Shareholders and Creditors held in Bombay on the 11th instant.
Yours Truly.
1022

AUCTION SALE:

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.
24-26, Bank Street, Fort.

BONA FIDE SALE.
IMPORTANT TO TAILORS, MERCHANTS AND GENTLEMEN.
AUCTION SALE OF PIECES OF SUPERIOR BLACK VENETIANS, COATINGS, SUITING, FLANNELS, TWEEDS, WHIP CORDS, WHITE SERGE, CRICKET FLANNELS, FANCY COLORED, COTTON SUITING, TWEEDS, ETC., SUITABLE FOR THE OCCASION OF THE COMING CHRISTMAS.
THIS DAY SATURDAY the 13th and TOMORROW SUNDAY the 14th day of December 1913, at 2-30 p.m. Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction in the shop opposite Messrs. C. M. Bhesania and Empire Buildings on Hornby Road, Fort, by order of the firm concerned a consignment of Superior Woollen piece goods received per S. S. Masilia comprising:—
Fancy checked, vicuna, covert and worsted coatings, black superior venetians, blue and black venetian coatings, blue twill serge, fancy colored superior Whipcord coatings, fancy coloured herringbone coatings, suiting and tennis flannels, colored tweed suitings, venetian coatings, white twill and Knitted serge, fancy trouserings, white striped serge and cricket flannels, colored super homespuns, fancy colored cotton suiting tweeds, etc. of 3 to 12 yards in length.
The remnants will be sold singly to suit the requirements of the purchasers.
The above is on view.

OUTRIGHT BONA FIDE SALE.
A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO OUTFITTERS, TAILORS, MERCHANTS AND PRIVATE GENTLEMEN.
Under instructions from Messrs. Jehangir Mehta and Somji Solicitors for the purchasers of the stock-in-trade of the well-known firm of Messrs. N. Catchpole & Co. Drapers and Outfitters, Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co. will sell by Public Auction at "Taj Buildings" Hornby Road, Fort, THIS DAY SATURDAY the 13th and MONDAY the 15th day of December 1913, and the following days commencing at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), every day the entire stock-in-trade of the said firm consisting of Gent's dress suits, shirts, sleeping suits, linen and soft collars, fashionable neckwear, braces, belts, trouser stretchers, socks, underwear, rolled gold jewellery, swimming costumes, sweaters, hats and caps, boots and shoes, Lady's dresses, corsets, chemises, Lady's hats of up-to-date fashions, stockings, robes, night dresses, gloves, fancy goods, Toilet requisites, soaps, perfumery, Iron beds, camp furniture, leather travelling requisites, table and bed linens, art draperies, woollen piece goods, shop furniture, electric fans and lights, etc.
N. B.—On Monday and Tuesday only the ladies and gents' boots and shoes will be sold.
The above is on view.

BONA FIDE SALE.
SALE ON SUNDAY THE 14TH DECEMBER AT 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) AT BANDORA.
On SUNDAY the 14th December at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. J. S. MODY & CO. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Byramji Jijibhoy Road, Bandora (Sea Side) valuable and handsome teak and blackwood French polished dining, drawing, and bed room furniture (some pieces by Wimbridge) consisting of sliding dining table, bentwood arm and armless chairs, mirror back sideboard, dumbwaiters, meatsafes, glass door plate cupboard, screen, elegant large size hall cabinet, large china vases, corner cabinets, upholstered chesterfield sofa, rocking chairs, card tables, square piano in good order, lady's secretariat, mandoline, handsome oil paintings and engravings, teapoys, table ornaments, iron and wooden double and single bedsteads, mirror and panel door almirahs, marble top dressing and wash hand tables, clothes and hanging presses, easy chairs, book cases, partition panel and glass fitted screen, revolving book stands, writing tables, foot sewing machine, hanging and table lamps, set of brass mounted single harness, etc., etc.
The property of K. F. MODY, Esq.
Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

BONA-FIDE SALE.
AUCTION SALE OF THE PEOPLE'S BANK FURNITURE, SAFES, TYPEWRITER, ETC.
By order of the Official Liquidator of the People's Bank of India, Ld., in Liquidation, Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers, will, on MONDAY, the 15th day of December, 1913, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction, at the Bank premises, opposite the Town Hall, in Elphinstone Circle, Fort, the furniture, etc., of the said Bank, consisting of two large safes by Godrej, on stands, marble topped counters with brass railings, writing tables, chairs, screen, partition, benches, large cupboard, copying press, clocks, Refington typewriter, etc., etc.
The above is on view.
J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 13th December, 1913.
257

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND, Ld., ESTABLISHED 1876.
No. 273, Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.
Funded Capital of Rs. 1,88,600.
Bankers—The Bank of Bombay.
OBJECT.—The object of the fund is to enable married persons to make provision after their death for their wives in the shape of a monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very low scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved Securities. Thirty per cent. of the total subscription is refunded to a subscriber in the event of his wife pre-deceasing him. Twelve months' grace is allowed for paying subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission is offered to Canvassers.
GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 09 April, 2017

AUCTION SALE.

CRAWFORD & CO

AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION AGENTS.

16, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

BONA FIDE SALE.

GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR COLLECTORS OF VERY OLD SATSUMA CHINA AND JAPAN WARE.

AUCTION SALE OF 200 CASES OF VERY OLD CHINA AND JAPANESE GOODS SPECIALLY COLLECTED FOR THE SEASON BY MR. M. Z. MARTIN OF KOBE WHO HAS OVER 50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE IN THIS LINE.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 13th instant, at 2 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by public auction at the old shop of Messrs. Thomson and Taylor opposite to the Rajabai Clock Tower on the Esplanade Road, Fort, and next to the French Bank, by order of the Bank concerned, one invoice of very rare and selected Japanese goods just landed from "Kawachi Maru" from Kobe consisting of rich Imari, Kaga Kochi, Satsuma, and cloissonneware consisting of vases, Koros, Bowls, Flowerpots, Jardineers, and pedestals, Fingerbowls, Teapots, Jugs cases, Tea and Coffee sets (for two to twenty-seven persons) Dinnergongs, various sorts of figures of gods and birds, etc., Ornaments, Wall-plates, Tumblers, Washing sets, Furndishes, Ashplates, Candie-sticks, Tooth pickholders, Rich Satsuma, and Cloissonne and Antimonyware of assorted sorts, Bronze and Brassware to a very large quantity, Bamboo Baskets, Flower pots, Vases, etc., and a very large variety of silks satin and brocade goods such as embroidered wall hangings, Velvet pictures, Dollies, Cushion covers, Kakimonss, Mantlepieces Table and Teapoy covers, Piano covers, Silk hand painted pictures, Handkerchiefs, Collar, hemps and Cuffs, Curtains Bedspreads richly Embroidered folding screens and firescreens, embroidered Cushion Covers, pieces of Brocades and many other miscellaneous and assorted Japanese goods, good for presentation on Christmas and New Year and too numerous to mention.

The above is on view.

N. B.—The goods of 30 cases out of above 200 cases is richly decorated and worth giving presentation and special attention is being drawn to the fact that these Satsuma, Cloissonne and other wares of our goods are specially selected by a well-known expert (Mr. Martin) of these lines who has passed many years in Kobe and is a very special collector of such rich collections.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY (CHAWL) SITUATE AT PARBHADEVI ROAD, AT ELPHINSTONE ROAD.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction TO-MORROW SUNDAY the 14th day of December 1913 at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), by order of the mortgagee Mr. Bapooji Aderji Giara and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Mr. Raoshi Muljee, cornseller, the following valuable landed property (chawl) on the premises.

PARTICULARS:—All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground together with the chawl and building house situate at Parbhadevi Road without the Fort of Bombay containing by admeasurement 702 square yards or thereabouts and which forms a part of land registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 739, New No. 3803, Old Survey No. 497 and 497, New Survey No. 1/1827 and which is assessed by the Assessor of Municipal rates and taxes under "G" Ward No. 3409 (22) and Street No. 833N and bounded on the East by the private land of lesser, on the West by the public road known as Parbhadevi Road, on the North by the land, leased to Mr. Shamrao Bhikhaji, and on the South by the land, leased to Mr. Laxman Ganpat Sewale, and which chawl is now in possession of the mortgagor.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to the Undersigned.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 15th instant, at 2 p.m. (S. T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, a great quantity of piece-goods (grey, white, and coloured), and the following:—

Furniture such as chairs, tables, teapoys, sofas, easy-chairs, writing and dressing tables, cupboards, single and double door almiras, hatstands, card table, corner blackwood cabinets, screens.

Under instructions from the Administrator General, Bombay, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), the effects of the late Mr. Will Godwin such as 1 Revolver in a leather case, 1 Pistol in leather case, blank cartridges, water proof coat, cane, leather and tin boxes, rugs, Cushions, boots and shoes, boot trees, wearing apparels magic lantern slides, screen, banjo, and one lot music, leather hand bags, etc.

By order of R. D. Sethna, Esq., the official assignee and Assignee of the estates of the following Insolvents:—

Re:—Mahomed Idris Hafiz Mahomed Yusuf—Insolvent.

Copper and brass pots, one lot of picture, one lot of crockery and clothes, tin boxes, tin trunk, etc.

Re:—Nawabally Illabux and another.

Teakwood unpolished corner cabinet, carpenter's dealwood big tables, name-board, one lot wooden pieces, 2 incomplete teapoys, folding chairs, planks, etc.

Re:—Tricumdas Premjee:—

4 bad rupees.

Re:—Tyabally Esmailji Esoofally 4 bales cotton and loose cotton.

At 2-30 p.m. (S. T.).

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.

At 2 p.m. (S. T.).

1 rubber-tyred victoria.

1 rubber-tyred vis-a-vis.

Good opportunity to those in search of English-made handsome and light carriages. The property of a Parsee gentleman.

1 rubber-tyred "C," spring steel wheeled victoria by Laurie and Marner, very handsome and light.

AUCTION SALE:

CRAWFORD AND CO., (Contd.)

By order of R. D. Sethna, Esq., the official assignee and Assignee of the estates of the following Insolvents.

Re:—Tyabally Esmailjee.

1 rubber-tyred victoria by Selby.

1 black horse.

By order of the Bank concerned:—

Crockeryware consisting of dinner sets, tea sets, tumblers, meat-dishes, etc.

One case containing sweets.

One case containing various articles of electroplates.

On account of an estate:—Some new and old wearing apparels, etc. A new open face watch and guard and a duplicator machine.

N.B.—OWING TO THE GREAT RUSH OF HORSES, CARRIAGES, AND MOTOR-CARS, WHICH WE RECEIVE FROM THE PUBLIC FOR SALE BY AUCTION ON EVERY MONDAY, WE BRING TO THE NOTICE OF THE PUBLIC THAT OUR SALE OF HORSES, &c., WILL COMMENCE EXACTLY AT 2 P.M. (S.T.) INSTEAD OF 3 P.M. (S.T.) ON EVERY MONDAY.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE ORNAMENTS OF GOLD AND SILVER AND GOLD ORNAMENTS SET WITH RUBIES, SAPHIRE AND PRECIOUS STONES AND THE SHOP FURNITURE AND THE IMPLEMENTS TO MANUFACTURE THE ORNAMENTS AT THE SHOP OF INSOLVENT AT BARIA BUILDING NEAR TRAM TERMINUS, PYDHONIE.

Under instructions from R. D. Sethna Esq., the Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate of Vithaldas Dharamsey, traded as G. Mehta & Co., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by public auction on FRIDAY, the 19th instant at 2 p.m. (S.T.), at the Shop of the said Insolvent at Baria Building near Tram Terminus, Pydhonie, the following valuable gold and silver ornaments etc.

Gold ornaments such as bangles, kadas, chains, necklaces, mohanmalas, rings, head ornaments, earrings, sleeve links, lockets, gold coins, crosses, bracelets, big brooches pendants, safety-pins, clips, coral chains, gold watches, cigarette and match boxes, English gold (6 to 18ct.) ornaments set with rubies, pearls, sapphire and diamonds, necklaces, set with diamonds rubies etc., diamond and ruby ear-studs, and silver such as cups, saucers, bowls and other presentation goods and shop furniture such as rolled top office table, chairs, show cases, one big Godrej safe, one English safe, one Austrian safe, and all the implements useful to manufacture the ornaments etc.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale and the balance to be paid for and delivery to be taken on the next day of sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 13th December, 1913.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

Auctioneers & Commission Agents,
21, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

SALE OF A COLLECTION OF OLD CHINA, CHINESE AND OTHER WORKS OF ART AND CURIOS, CHINESE EMBROIDERY AND DECORATIVE PORCELAIN.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will, on MONDAY, the 15th day of December, 1913, sell by Public Auction at their Sales Rooms, 21, Medows Street, Fort, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), a collection of old and valuable Chinese porcelain including blue and white ginger jar, one old crackled vase with floral decoration, one old coral coloured vase, one valuable double bottle with floral decoration, one old family verte wine vessel, three coloured plaques milliflower vase. Blane-de-chine bowl with coral decoration powder blue, old bowl with decorated panels, yellow coloured, black enamelled vases, vases carved in open work and other ceremonial and decorative articles of old periods.

Also

A choice collection of works of art consisting of Crystal Buddha figures, crystal porcelain and Agate snuff bottles, Buddha figure in turquoise, skilful Indian paintings on porcelain, painted heads of old Persian Kings, old Persian porcelain plaques and 2 old Bokhara carpets.

And

A lot of ornamental porcelain such as large pagoda, large jars, flower pots etc., with pedestals, wall plates and flower baskets, tubes, vases, and similar other decorative articles in great variety.

At 4-30 p.m. (S. T.).

A rare and choice collection of works of jade and crystal belonging to an English gentleman consisting of one old large bowl (jade) engraved and deep carved, one old jade mirror pierced designs and set with rubies, one Indian engraved crystal vase, one serpentine bowl, jade sword mounting, vases and perfume burners.

The articles will be on view two days previous to sale.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
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Bombay, 12th December, 1913.

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AUCTION SALE OF 7 BALES COTTON.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 13th instant, at 4 p.m. (S. T.), in the godown of Messrs. Volkart Bros. in Sassoon Dock, at Colaba, on account of the concerned—

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A GREAT NEW STAR:

CANWORTH
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THE MAGICIAN WITH THE BANJO.

Mr. Arthur Canworth can make a Banjo do everything but talk—he can even make it sing. He is a fine baritone himself, and a musician of genius.

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Will present an entirely New Programme

SEE THEIR "RUSSIAN DANCE"
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I HEAR THEM SING AND PLAY.

Their last week before their departure for Australia.

DOREEN DALE h arming
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DOREEN DALE
New Songs to-night DOREEN DALE
DOREEN DALE

OUR PICTURES
OUR PICTURES Best in the City
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IN ARABIA (Scenic) } SPRING OF LIFE (Farcial Comedy.)

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IVANHOE

Sir Walter Scott's Famous Novel.

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JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.
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Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 12th December 1913, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Nearly general rain has fallen in the north and the east Punjab; Rawalpindi has had 1.13", Lahore 0.18", Ambala 0.60" and Delhi 0.30". Skies are heavily clouded in the east Punjab, clear in the south-west Punjab and lightly clouded elsewhere. The air is damper than usual. Day temperature is in defect in the area of rainfall; night temperature is in excess in the submontane districts.

The United Provinces.—Local rain has fallen; Mainpuri has had 0.24" and Allahabad 0.45". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded in the extreme southern districts and lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess. Both maximum and minimum temperatures continue higher than usual.

Sind and Rajputana.—Ajmer records 0.11" of rain. Skies are clear. The air is damper than usual. Night temperature is in excess in upper Sind and east Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are moderately clouded in Cutch and south Gujarat and clear or lightly clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in excess. Minimum temperature is in excess.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Temperature continues in excess.

The Konkan.—Skies are lightly clouded. Humidity is in excess. Temperature is normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are clear or very lightly clouded. The air contains the average amount of moisture. Temperature is generally in excess.

General Remarks.—The depression in the north-western districts of Rajputana has caused nearly general rain in the north and the east Punjab and local rain in the United Provinces and east Rajputana. It has moved to the neighbourhood of Mainpuri. Conditions appear to be becoming again unsettled in the Persian area.

Local rain is likely in the south United Provinces and some showers in the east Punjab and possibly in the extreme south.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a.m. ON FRIDAY, the 11th of December 1913.

STATIONS.	Temp. in Shade. Maximum of past 24 hours.	Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity. 8 A.M.	Rainfall. Past 24 hours.	Total 1st Dec. to date.	Variation 1st Dec. to date.
PERSIAN AREA—						
Bushire	63.0	51.8	86	3.59		1.20
Do. (10th)	..	..	..	..		..
Jask	..	..	..	..		..
Muskat	82.3	71.1	76	0.00		—0.66
PUNJAB—						
Multan	72.3	48.5	93	0.08		—0.07
Rawalpindi	54.9	48.1	96	1.13	1.29	0.85
Lahore	59.4	52.7	96	0.18	0.28	0.15
Sirsa	74.3	45.0	92	..	0.65	0.56
Ambala	57.5	51.9	84	0.60	0.72	0.34
Delhi	69.0	49.8	94	0.30	0.48	0.27
UNITED PROVINCES—						
Agra	84.5	58.5	83	0.06	0.09	—0.04
Mainpuri	82.8	59.1	91	0.24	0.26	0.01
Jhansi	84.6	62.5	61	..	0.37	0.17
Cawnpore	80.6	56.5	79	..	0.02	—0.35
Allahabad	82.1	58.5	82	0.45	0.62	0.22
SIND AND RAJPUTANA						
Jacobad	74.1	55.7	87	..	1.30	1.20
Karachi	80.5	63.0	79	..	0.17	0.10
Ajmer	76.6	58.0	81	0.11	2.34	2.05
Jaipore	79.2	56.8	88	0.01	0.86	0.65
Kotah	85.6	62.6	75	..	1.03	0.89
GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA WEST—						
Bhuj	85.0	67.0	94	..	0.03	—0.07
Dwarka	81.8	73.7	75	..	0.00	—0.02
Veraval	77.6	67.3	85	..	0.00	—0.34
Rajkot	83.1	64.8	89	..	0.00	—0.25
Bhavnagar Para	88.5	64.8	85	..	0.00	—0.20
Surat	85.9	65.1	90	..	0.00	—0.13
Ahmedabad	84.8	65.7	87	..	0.00	—0.19
Deesa	83.8	55.9	88	..	0.01	—0.15
Neemuch	78.9	56.0	82	..	0.04	—0.17
Indore	84.6	60.1	82	..	0.20	—0.19
CENTRAL PROVINCES—						
Jubbulpore	83.8	59.3	80	..	0.92	—0.45
Saugor	83.3	60.1	78	0.01	0.75	0.27
Hoshangabad	86.1	60.4	79	..	0.77	0.29
Khandwa	80.7	62.1	85	..	0.00	—0.50
Akola	91.2	62.4	61	..	0.49	—0.03
Amraoti	87.3	63.8	74	..	1.31	0.68
Nagpur	85.6	64.3	67	..	0.85	0.03
Chanda	87.5	63.0	48	..	0.37	—0.43
Raipur	81.7	60.6	70	..	1.26	0.75
KONKAN—						
Bombay	84.8	71.3	86	..	..	—0.38
Ratnagiri	86.3	67.4	77	..	..	—0.47
Mormugao	84.6	71.2	87	..	..	—1.04
Karwar	89.7	65.0	83	..	..	—1.71
BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD—						
Malegaon	91.9	56.6	55	..	0.08	—0.33
Ahmednagar	87.1	54.5	68	..	0.16	—0.64
Poona	89.0	59.8	54	..	..	—0.88
Sholapur	88.3	64.6	48	..	0.01	—1.09
Bijapur	88.2	62.8	65	..	0.24	—0.76
Belgaum	84.3	56.5	66	..	0.82	—0.77
Aurangabad	88.4	57.5	52	..	0.00	—0.65
Nizamabad (Indur)	88.9	61.7	61	..	0.02	—0.64
Hyderabad	85.8	62.2	80	..	0.00	—0.93
MALABAR COAST AND CEYLON—						
Mangalore	91.3	68.8	60	..	0.93	—2.03
Calicut	87.3	68.1	88	..	4.67	—0.43
Cochin	89.7	69.7	67	0..	4.41	—2.76
Colombo	81.0	74.0	95	.08	21.49	7.04
ADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE—						
Masulipatam	85.3	67.2	79	..	..	—5.59
Bellary	89.5	62.3	68	..	0.04	—2.03
Cuddapah	86.0	62.5	81	..	3.09	—0.54
Madras	84.5	67.5	81	..	25.80	10.16
Bangalore	81.8	56.3	78	..	0.30	—2.75
Coimbator	83.4	59.5	79	..	4.50	0.85
Trichinopoly	84.1	67.8	80	..	8.27	2.42
Negapatam	81.7	70.7	84	..	49.21	29.29

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders by the Hon. Colonel R. W. L. Dunlop, C.I.E., V.D., Commanding.

BOMBAY, Dec. 13.

1361.—The 5th Class of Instruction in First Aid will be held at Head-quarters on Monday the 15th instant, at 7 p.m.

1362.—Bugle Practice. There will be a bugle practice on Monday, the 15th instant, at the Bombay Education Society's School, Byculla, at 6 p.m.

1363.—Machine Gun. The "A" Coy. Machine Gun Squad, will parade on Tuesday the 16th instant, at 7-30 a.m., at Head-quarters.

—The 2nd Machine Gun Section of "G" Coy., will parade under Sergt. A. R. S. Hayne, at Head-quarters, on Tuesday the 16th instant, at 6-45 p.m.

1364.—Parade. Wednesday the 17th instant. Commanding Officer's Parade. Fall in at Sir Richard Temple's Statue, at 6 p.m.

Dress.—Drill Order, Uniform, shorts with caps.

Subject.—Fire Discipline and Control.

1365.—Proficiency Class. A Proficiency Class will commence shortly. Those wishing to appear this season should submit their names to the Adjutant as early as possible.

1366.—Camp of Instruction. It is notified for information that the Annual Training Camp will be held at Santa Cruz from 31st January, to 7th February, 1914.

1367.—Musketry.—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for Class Firing as follows:—Members firing Parts I and II must bring their bayonets.

"E" Coy. on 14th instant.
"A" Coy. on 16th instant.
"D" Coy. on 18th instant.
"F" Coy. on 21st instant.

1368.—Transfer. No. 6406, Vol. L. C. Margolionth, "G" Coy., is transferred to Reserve Company from this date.

(Sd.) F. H. James, Capt.,
Adjutant, Bombay Vol. Rifles.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, Dec. 12.

Rainfall has been nearly general in the area between the hills and the line from Peshawar through Delhi to Benares, the chief falls being Delhi, Patna, Benares, Mainpuri, Meerut, Roorkee, Nowgong, Lahore a quarter; Dehra Dun one; Muktesswar one and a half; Mussoorie three; Allahabad, Amballa, Sialkot and Murree a half; Ludhiana, Rawalpindi and Simla one; Cherat three quarters.

The disturbance is moving rapidly and is now near Benares so that the area of rainfall is likely to move eastwards. To-day the weather is again disturbed in Persia, probably indicating the presence of another disturbance travelling towards Northern India.

Forecast:—Extension of rainfall into North-east India and decrease in the Punjab and west of the United Provinces.

TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA,
BOMBAY 11th December 1913.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr	inches.	29.925
Temperature of Air	degrees.	77.6
Wet Bulb Thermometer	"	71.5
Dew point	"	68.8
Relative humidity of Air	"	0.743
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloud-10)	"	0.6
Maximum temperature of Air	degrees.	84.3
Minimum do do	"	72.5
General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight		NNW, NE, NW, NNW
Movement of Wind do.		188

STANDARD BAROMETER READING

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Lombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers:—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F., and to the level of the tide at 8.45 a.m. Standard Time on the 12th December, was 30.137 inches.

For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships the reading of the ship's barometer as to be increased or decreased by .018 inch for every 5 degrees, according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F.

In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80° F. all aneroid readings should be increased by 138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer either mercurial or aneroid, for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch for every 10 feet of to height, to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

SUN, MOON & TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tid in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hou stated in Bombay Meantime. Depth of water is at Prince Dock Sill

1913		High Water		
Day of week	Day of month	Bombay Mean Time		Depth on sill.
	December	h.	m.	ft. in.
Fri.	12	m 9	54	25 10
		11	10 a	28 5
Satur	13	m 10	37	26 1
		11	46 a	29 0
Sun.	14	m 11	18	26 4
		m 0	23	29 5
Mon.	15	m 11	58	26 5
		m 1	1	29 6
Tues.	16	0	41 a	26 4
		m 1	40	29 3
Wed.	17	m 1	29 a	26 1
		m 2	21	28 10
Thurs.	18	2	23 a	25 9

1913		Low Water		
Day of week.	Day of month.	Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on sill.
	December	h.	m.	ft. in.
Fri.	12	m 4	20	0 9
		4	3 a	25 9
Satur	13	m 5	2	20 1
		4	50 a	15 3
Sun.	14	m 5	43	19 10
		5	16 a	15 0
Mon	15	m 6	28	19 8
		5	54 a	15 0
Tues.	16	m 6	34	19 6
		7	2 a	15 4
Wed.	17	m 7	43	19 5
		7	17 a	16 0
Thurs.	18	m 8	28	19 4
		8	4 a	17 0

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

December.	Sunrise.	Sunset
12. (Frl.)	7h. 1m.	6h. 2m.
13 (Satur.)	7h. 2m.	6h. 3m.
14 (Sun.)	7h. 3m.	6h. 3m.
15 (Mon.)	7h. 4m.	6h. 4m.
16. (Tues.)	7h. 4m.	6h. 4m.
17 (Wed.)	7h. 5 m.	6h. 5m.
18. (Thurs.)	7h. 5 m.	6h. 5m.

PHASES OF THE MOON:—

Full Moon.	Dec.	13th	8h 30.3m.	P.M.
Last Quarter.	Do.	20th	9h 45.6m	P.M.
New Moon.	Do.	27th	9h 28.7m	P.M.
First Quarter	Jan.	4th	6h 39.1m	P.M.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

Regimental Orders by Lieut-Colonel the Hon. A. Hill Trevor Commanding.

Bombay 12th December 1913.

324. *Parade.*—Saturday 13th instant; Nos. 1 and 2 Companies Gun Drill and Instruction in D.R.F. at Colaba North Battery. Parade at Colaba Station at 5-5 p.m. Cyclists will proceed direct to Battery. Dress:—Khaki and Caps.

327. *Viceroys; Competition.*—The second stage of the Viceroys; Competition will be fired on Sunday next, 14th instant, on the G. I. P. Ry. Range at Ghat Kopar.

328. *Defnce Light Manning.*—The E.E. Company will parade on Apollo Bunder at 7 p.m.on Monday the 15th instant, and proceed to Middle Ground for Defence Light Manning.

(Sd) E. P. Cudlip, Captain, R.A.,
Adjutant, Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

A CARD

MISS WALLER,

Scientific Masseuse of the Mechano-Therapeutic School of Massage, London, can be seen by appointment at Messrs. Leopold's, Chemists, Colaba Causeway.

Facial Massage—a Speciality.

Private Telephone No. 2113.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

ILLICIT COCAINE.

Bapu Din Mahomed was yesterday charged by Excise Inspector McCarthy before Mr. Frank Oliveira at the Esplanade Police Court, with being in possession of five grains of cocaine without a license. The accused was arrested at Duncan Road by Inspector Philleps when the illicit cocaine was found concealed on his person. He was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 30 with the option of undergoing one month's rigorous imprisonment. And two others, Sukia Gungaram and Abdul Rehman, were also charged with being in possession of 2½ grains of cocaine and were fined Rs. 15 and Rs. 10 each respectively.

MERCHANTS AT VARIANCE.

SOUTH AFRICAN FIRM AND THEIR BOMBAY AGENTS.

At the Mazagon Police Court yesterday Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad was engaged in hearing a case in which Mahomed Haji Aboo and Haji Aboo Haji Habib stand charged with criminal breach of trust as Commission Agents in respect of various sums of money belonging to Tyeb Ismail, a partner in the firm of Tyeb Succoor and Company of Beira in South Africa. Mr. Acwouth of Messrs. Little and Company, Solicitors, appeared for the complainant while Mr. Velinker and Mr. Manekshaw defended the accused.

The case for the prosecution was that the accused's firm was acting as Commission Agents for the business carried on by the complainant and his brother in Africa. Their commission was fixed at one per cent. on all sales and two per cent. on purchase affected through them plus the interest on the money employed by the accused. In 1910 the complainant came to learn that the firm of the accused had been fraudulently overcharging his firm in respect of purchases and payments made by them on behalf of the complainant's firm. He thereupon revoked their appointment as Commission Agents and called upon them to render a proper account of their dealings with his firm and to produce their books for inspection.

The accused failed to do either, alleging that the accounts had already been adjusted up to 1909 and also filed a suit in the High Court claiming a large sum of money.

The complainant made a counter claim and the accused were ordered by the High Court to give the complainant an inspection of their books. The complainant then ascertained that the accused had overcharged his firm for the purchase of some lamps and teak boards and also found out that chintz purchased for Rs. 519 was charged at Rs. 532. The accused sent a letter though his solicitor stating that those overcharges were due to a mistake and the difference had been credited to the complainant's subsequent account. The complainant found this to be untrue as no such entry appeared in the accused's books. The accused obtained Rs. 320 as town duty refund but gave the complainant only Rs. 259. He charged the complainant's firm Rs. 130 as dock charges where as he firm Rs. 130 only. He also charged the complainant Rs. 1,100 as freight whereas he had actually paid Rs. 1,097 only. After some evidence was recorded further hearing of the case was adjourned.

SAILING WITHOUT LIGHTS.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. Frank Oliveira, Third Presidency Magistrate, Mr. J. M. Schneider, Inspector of Lights to the Port Trust, charged Manga Boodia, a tindal of prow No. 4665, and six other tindals with sailing their prows in the harbour without regulation lights. All the seven accused pleaded guilty and were sentenced; the first to pay a fine of Rs. 15 and the others to pay fines of Rs. 5 each.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

ACQUISITION OF CLOTH MARKET SITE

A meeting of the Bombay Improvement Trust was held yesterday afternoon in the Trust's offices, the Chairman, Mr. J. P. Orr, presiding.

The Board considered a note by the Chairman regarding acquisition of the site of the Lakhmidass Khimji Cloth Market recently burnt down.

The Chairman said the area of the site was about 1,350 square yards and the cost to acquire it would be two lakhs for every 100 running feet. The probable cost would be five lakhs, out of which he said two lakhs and a half could be recouped. Now was the chance of making this road, but the question was whether it would be worth their while to spend such a large sum.

The matter was adjourned to enable the Chairman to give more details.

ST. JOHN AMBULANCE BRIGADE.

The Hindoo Division rendered "First Aid Service" for the first time when there was in Bombay an unprecedent crowd of people when the King-Emperor and Queen Empress arrived in Bombay for the Coronation. The Coronation day is, therefore, the anniversary day of this Institution.

With a view to celebrating this happy event the members of the Hindoo Division gathered together at their head-quarters in Sir Mangaldas Wadi, and after drill they marched in front of the photos of Their Imperial Majesties which were garlanded. With three cheers to Their Imperial Majesties the gathering dispersed after music and prayer for Their Majesties long life.

Latest Creation of V. Rigaud Paris, Perfumer to the Courts o Spain, Russia, Holland, etc.

LOVE IN A DREAM

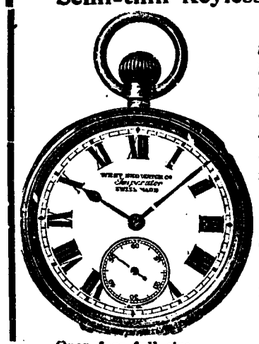
Perfume, a most unique and delicate perfume from Flowers of France; highly concentrated. One drop of this sweet scent represents the fragrance of a basket of fresh flowers. Adopted by fashionable and aristocratic ladies.

Lavender Water—With musk Made of best Alps lavender and genuine Tonkin. Always the best. See white label and sprinkler and the guarantee of the

WHOLESALE AGENTS:—

V. C. DASTUR & Co.,
Princess Street, BOMBAY.

THE WEST END
"IMPERATOR"
Semi-thin Keyless Lever Watch 17' size.



The Imperator is made to suit the taste of those persons who like a light, flat watch, that does not bulge the pocket, nor inconvenience by its size and weight. Although thin and small it is quite substantial and strong enough to stand the roughest usage,

Nickel Silver	... ...	Rs. 32
Black Oxidised Steel	...	,, 35
Sterling Silver	... ...	,, 45
18ct. Gold	... ...	,, 140

Made also in Hunting and Half-Hunting Cases.

GUARANTEED FOR 6 YEARS.

Open face full size.

The "Imperator" is rated in 2 positions and is perfectly accurate under all conditions of service.

OUR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE IS SENT TO ANY ADDRESS.

WEST END WATCH Co.,
BOMBAY & CALCUTTA.

Indisputable Proof of Harichand's Superiority over all other Safe-makers.

In the disastrous fires which completely destroyed the Lakhmidas Khimji Cloth Market and the premises of Messrs. Ewart Latham & Co., several Safes of different well-known makes, both European and Indian, were reduced to ashes, while all the Harichand Safes so successfully resisted the fires that their contents were found to be absolutely intact. For this, Harichand Mancharam & Co., have received unsolicited a number of testimonials for only one of which space could be found below.

E. D. SASSOON & Co.,
2, Rampart Row, Fort,
Bombay, 4th December 1913.

To

Messrs. HARICHAND MANCHARAM & Co.

Gentlemen,

We have the pleasure in informing you that an Iron Safe manufactured by you which we had purchased twenty (20) years ago, and in which we had kept books of account and valuable documents, successfully resisted the devastating fire which recently burnt down the Lakhmidas Khimji Cloth Market. All the contents of the Safe were found to be absolutely intact—a fact which greatly redounds to your credit as successful manufacturers of Fire-proof Safes.

Yours faithfully,
E. D. SASSOON & Co.

TURCO-PERSIAN FRONTIER.

A LONG-STANDING DISPUTE.

APPOINTMENT OF ANGLO-RUSSIAN COMMISSION.

In connection with the departure from England on the 20th November of Mr. Wratislaw, the British Commissioner on the Anglo-Russian Mixed Commission for the settlement of the Turco-Persian frontier, "The Times," remarks that the dispute he is to help to settle is known to have existed for some eighty odd years, and investigation, were that desirable, might prove that it was a good deal older. Official correspondence upon the subject has been accumulating since some ten years later. At times it has been very active. Between 1889 and 1894, for example, it comprised some 400 telegrams and letters. Matters really became active in 1842, when the Persian Govrenment of those days appealed to the British and Russian Ambassadors at Constantinople and begged them to intervene at the Porte. A joint Commission representing Great Britain and Russia and the two Mahomedan Powers was decided upon. After negotiations which lasted for four years a preliminary treaty was signed at Erzerum in May, 1847. There have been endless surveys, maps, notes, memoirs, and dispatches, from this and subsequent Commissions, since. The net result has been that while part of the frontier has been defined, and has only to be delimited on the spot, a considerable portion remains under discussion, within the limits of a zone which varies in breadth from twenty to fifty miles. Mr. Wratislaw and his Russian colleague have an arduous task before them, but they enter upon it with an advantage enjoyed by none of their predecessors. Turkey and Persia have agreed to invest them with arbitral powers. Whenever their Mahomedan fellow Commissioners disagree, they can decide the points involved without the assent of either. It would probably be rash, even so, to prophesy smooth things, and to foretell that their progress will be rapid and easy and their goal surely and definitely reached. But they start with better prospects than any who have gone before them, from Colonel Williams, who was afterwards to be the heroic defender of Kars, downwards.

FORMER EFFORTS AT SETTLEMENT.

The history of former efforts to fix the borders of these two ancient Oriental monarchies affords a highly instructive illustration of the traditional methods of Eastern diplomacy. The problem itself was hard enough. The frontier extends from the Persian Gulf to Mount Ararat whose very name seems to impart an appropriately archaic flavour to the subject. The Englishmen and Russians mapped it out, but when their maps came to be compared they revealed some thousands of discrepancies. Those took time to rectify, and it was not until somewhere near the date of the Franco-Prussian War that a map on which they agreed was ready for presentation at Constantinople and Teheran. This is the map which is marked with the 20.50 miles zone, somewhere in which it is agreed that the elusive frontier runs. But it is not a very complete map, even after the expenditure of the labours of nearly thirty years in amending it. Many of the names of the places now prominent in the unending dispute do not appear on it at all. The difficulties of determining the frontier are not, however, solely topographical. The inhabitants along a good part of the frontier belong to migratory tribes, who are always a source of perplexity to the makers of territorial boundaries. Then the Persians are, of course, Shiaites and the Turks Sunnites, and these two great divisions of the followers of the Prophet look upon each other as the blackest of heretics. On the historical side of the controversy, the Turks took the high line. Sir Stratford Canning agreed with them that a certain treaty of 1839 was material to a decision, but the Turkish original had been burnt in a fire in Constantinople and the Persian counterpart had disappeared in a revolution. A copy was obtained from a European museum, and this "find" seems to have facilitated the signature of the Treaty of Erzerum. Unfortunately that instrument did not settle much. The Porte asked for assurances as to its interpretation, which the European Governments seem to have given without consulting the Persians—who naturally did not recognise them. When the Commission at last got to work in 1850, both sides put in extravagant demands. The European Commissioners defined a portion of the frontier, and the Persians, after more or less grumbling, accepted the decision. Not so the Turkish Commissioner. He advanced fresh pretensions, devoted his leisure to intriguing amongst the tribes, and later refused to go on with the work, until the Persians should agree to the Turkish interpretation of the *status quo*, so that his colleagues had to continue the survey without him. The British Commissioner had got together materials for an exhaustive report. The fatality which has hung over the whole question was seen in their destruction on their passage up the Thames.

AGREEMENT OF 1869.

In 1850 Lord Palmerston expressed the opinion that, in general, the *status quo* should be preserved. But then nobody knew what the *status quo* was. The Commissioners had not even settled what was the district of Kotur though they had recorded their strong opinion that it belonged to Persia. The Porte was of a different opinion. It kept a fast grip even upon the town of Kotur, until compelled to surrender it under the Treaty of Berlin. A similar difference arose over the interpretation of an agreement which Turkey and Persia made between themselves in 1869. They were of one mind that the *status quo* should be preserved but each interpreted the phrase according to her own desires. There were renewed conferences in 1875 and Sir Arnold Kemball was nominated British Delegate on a new Frontier Commission. The Porte was quite satisfied with the Ottoman Commissioner who had obstructed all progress between 1848 and 1852. It renominated him and he again showed that he fully deserved its confidence. He would not even accept the zone in the map of 1869. He explained that the line he intended to trace lay altogether to the Persian side of it. Negotiations seemed to be proceeding, but they were interrupted by the Russo-Turkish War. When resumed in 1879 all sorts of obstacles were again raised by the Turks. Evasion and procrastination were again resorted to, and they were so far successful that a great part of the dispute is still unsettled after some seventy years of controversy. That it will be settled at last we almost venture to hope, for the simple reason that the European Commissioners are to have a decisive voice in it.

LADY WARWICK'S DEBTS.

Very unpleasant implications against the Countess of Warwick were made by counsel in the appeal court in the cross appeals of Sturgess v. the Countess. A master in chambers had ordered the Countess to be examined, with regard to the disposition of a motor-car, some valuable silver plate and a picture by Sargent, which had been the subject of a bill of sale. The Countess appealed, and Mr. Justice Bucknill reversed the orders. In the appeal court, Mr. Sturgess, the plaintiff, said that, notwithstanding the undertaking under the bill of sale that the property should not be dealt with any way, Sargent's picture had been sold for £3,000 to satisfy certain of the Countess' debts, and that the balance of £580 had been handed to her. A statue by Rodin, the great French sculptor, was also alleged to be missing, when Mr. Sturgess made an inventory of the goods included in the bill of sale. The court of appeal gave judgment ordering the Countess to answer interrogatories as to the disposition of the goods, Lord Justice Bucknill dissenting.

The ambition of a large number of Calcutta's inhabitants to become Honorary Magistrates was prominently brought to notice at Lall Bazar on Saturday last, when Mr. Swinhoe, the Chief Presidency Magistrate, was unable to take his seat on the bench as he was busy perusing applications and interviewing applicants for Honorary Magistrateships. In all, it is said, over a thousand such applications were received.

BOMBAY CHURCHES.

TO-MORROW'S SERVICES AND PREACHERS.

3rd Sunday in Advent, 14th Dec. 1913.

THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

The Cathedral (St. Thomas the Apostle), Church Gate Street. Clergy: The Ven. C. M. Barham, Archdeacon and Senior Presidency Chaplain, and Rev. C. D. T. Mason. 7 a.m., Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m., Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion (Choral). Woodward in E. flat. Hymns 50, 193, 554, 551. 5-30 p.m. Children's Service; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Canticles, Woodward in A. Hymns, 51, 355, 203. Collection for Additional Clergy Society. Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m., and Evensong at 5-15 p.m. Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m. On Wednesday, Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m.

St. Mary the Blessed Virgin. Parel.—Chaplain—Rev. H. Martindale, 8 a.m. Matins and Litany; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon; Preacher: Rev. H. Martindale.

Afghan Memorial Church, Colaba.—Chaplain: Rev. C. E. de Coetlogon; 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 10 a.m., Parade Service; 5-15 p.m., Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Emmanuel Church, Girgaum.—Clergy: Rev. Canon R. S. Heywood, Rev. H. W. Lea-Wilson, Rev. T. W. Sharpley, Rev. Canon D. L. Joshi and Rev. L. Hari—(English) 8 a.m. Holy Communion; 11 a.m., Morning Prayer, Litany and Sermon; 6-30 p.m., Evening Prayer, and Sermon. Collections for the Hospital Nursing Association: Marathi Service 9 a.m., Gujerati Service 2-30 p.m.

St. Paul's Kamatipura (S. P. G.), Foras Road—Clergy: Rev. A. J. P. French, M.A., (Hindustani). Rev. J. Martin (Tamil). 7-30 a.m., Matins, Litany and Holy Communion (Urdu); 10 a.m., Matins, Litany and Holy Communion alternately (Tamil); 5 p.m., Evensong (Urdu).

Christ Church, Byculla.—Chaplain: Rev Aikman Wilson, M. Litt. 7-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 8-30 a.m. Matins (Choral) and Sermon. 5-15 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evenson and Sermon.

All Saints' Church, Malabar Hill. No service.

St. Nicholas Church, opposite Prince's Dock.—Chaplain: Rev. G. Murray Wilson, M.A.; 10 a.m., Morning Prayer and Holy Communion; 7 p.m., Evening Service and Sermon. Week days: 7-45 p.m., Evening Prayer.

Holy Trinity Church, Hornby Road. Clergy: Rev. A. L. Bradbury. 8 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion, 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross, Umarkadi (Chapel of Ease to St. Peter).—Clergy: Rev. Father Moore; Rev. J. H. Lord and Rev J. Londhe. 6-30 a.m., Holy Communion (English), 7-30 Holy Communion and Sermon (Marathi); 9 a.m., Morning Prayer and Sermon (Guzarati); 6-30 p.m., Evening Service and Sermon (Marathi).

St. Stephen the Martyr, Bandra.—11 a.m., Holy Communion and Sermon; Rev. H. Martindale, Chaplain, will celebrate and preach. Evenson and Sermon at 6-30 p.m. Rev. Arthur French of the S. P. G. will preach. Collection for the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel.

The Good Shepherd, Dharavi (by Sion)—(Chapel of Ease to St. Paul)—Service by the Clergy of St. Paul's. 7-30 a.m., Holy Communion or Matins alternately; 5-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Tamil service conducted by Rev. J. Martyn.

St. Peter's Mazagon—Clergy: Rev. Fathers Biscoe, Tovey and Rev. Pearce. 6-30 a.m. Holy Eucharist; 7-15 a.m., Matins and Litany; 8 a.m., Choral Eucharist and Sermon; 10-30 a.m. Childen's Service; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Alms for Poor.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

Church of Scotland (St. Andrew's Church), Apollo Street, Fort—Chaplain: Rev W. Thomson M. A. 9-30 a.m. United Morning Service. 6-30 p.m., Evening Service by Rev. W. Thomson, M.A., Psalm 61 (Salzburg), Hymns 376 (Warrington) 129 and 549. Special Collection for the Bombay Scottish Orphanage.

United Free Church of Scotland, Waudby Road.—Chaplain, Rev. R. M. Grey M. A. 9-30 a.m., United Service in St. Andrew's Church; 5 p.m., Sunday School and Bible classes; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service. Preacher: Rev. R. M. Grey.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Ambroli Presbyterian Church. Girgaum Back Road—9 a. m. Morning Service (Marathi). Preacher: Rev. M. B. Nikambe; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service (English). Preacher: Wilson College Missionary Professors in turn at the Wilson College Hall, Chowpatty.

METHODIST.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, Clare Road, Byculla. Pastor: Rev. W. H. Stephens. 8-15 a.m., Sunday School; 9-30 a.m., Morning Service, 6-30 p.m. Evening Service; 8-30 p.m. Men's Social Hour.

Bowen Memorial Methodist Episcopa. Church, Lansdowne Road, Apollo Bunder.—Pastor: Rev. A. N. Warner, M.A.—11 a.m. Morning Service. Preacher: Rev. A. N. Warner; 6-30 p.m. Evening Service. Preacher: Rev. A. N. Warner.

WESLEYAN.

Wesleyan Church, Colaba Causeway.—8-30 a.m. Morning Service, Preacher, Rev A. Brown; 5 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service. Preacher Rev. F. Hart.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens.—10 a.m. Morning Service, Preacher: Rev. F. Hart. 5 p.m. Sunday School; Evening Service 6-30 p.m. Preacher: Rev. A. Brown.

BAPTIST.

Bombay Baptist Church (opposite the Post Office) Middle Colaba. Minister: Rev. H. E. Barrell.—9 a.m., Morning Service, Rev. H. E. Barrell; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service, Rev. H. E. Barrell; from 5 to 6 p.m. Sunday School; 5-30 to 6-15 p.m., Adult Bible Class open to all.

CONGREGATIONAL.

American Mission Church.—Hume Memorial Church, New Nagpada Road, Byculla, Pastor, Rev. John Malelu. Sunday School 9 a.m.; Sunday School Teachers' Class 10 a.m.; Gospel Spreading Society 3-15 p.m.; Service 4-30 p.m.; Midday Prayer Meeting, Friday 8-30 p.m., all in Marathi.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

R. C. Cathedral, Kalbadevie. Vicar, Rev. Dr. B De Mounte.—7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Holy Name, Wodehouse Road.—Clergy. The Jesuit Fathers, 6 a.m., 7 a.m., 8 a.m., 9 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

St. Anne's, Byculla.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers; Vicar, Rev. Father Hutemacher, S. J.—6-30 a.m., 7-30 a.m., 8-30 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

Rosary Church, Mazagon.—Vicar: Rev. M. X. Gomes.—Sunday Service, 5-30 a.m., 7 a.m., 8-30 a.m., and 5-30 p.m., Week days, 6-30 a.m., and 7 a.m.

Holy Cross Church, Lower Parel, Clergy: Rev. P. E. Saldanha and Rev. J. A. Gomes.—6 a.m. Mass; 8 a.m. High Mass; 6 p.m., Benediction.

Gloria Church, Parel Road, Byculla, Vicar, Very Rev. L. C. Pera, Hours of Mass: 5-30; 7; and 9 a.m.

Church of N. S. de Salvacao, Dadar. Vicar: Rev. Thomas Henriques. Low Masses, 6-45 and 9 a.m.

Cavel Church (Our Lady of Health). Vicar, Rev. Mr. D'Sa, Masses 7 and 8 a.m.

Mount Mary's Chapel, Bandra Hill, Bandra.—9-30 a.m., Mass.

Church of St. Francis Xavier. Dabul (Burrow's Lane) Girgaum Road.—Vicar: Rev. Fr. J. N. Coutinho.—Masses 5, 5-30, 6-30 7-30, 8-30, 9-30 and 10-30 a.m.; 6 p.m., Benediction.

St. Teresa's Chapel, Girgaum Tram Terminus. Vicar Rev. D. Remedios. Masses 6-30 a.m., 7-30 a.m. (Children's Mass); 8-30 a.m.; 5-30 p.m. Evening Service.

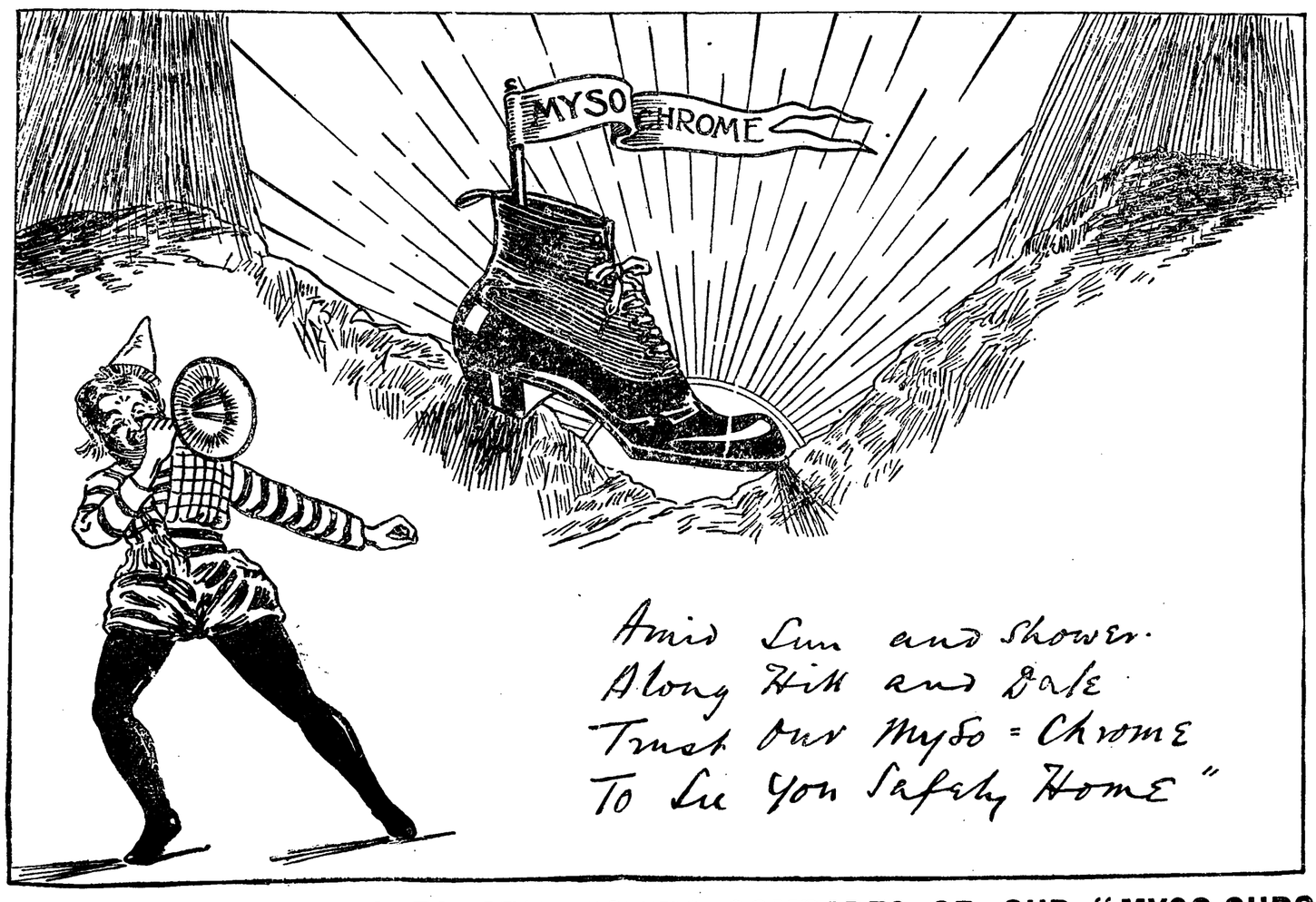
Chapel—Our Lady of Dolours.—New Sonapur—Chaplain Rev. Daniel X. Fernandes.—7 a.m., Daily Mass; and on Sundays, 6 and 8 a.m. with Benediction of Blessed Sacrament.

Garrison Church (St. Joseph's), Colaba,—Chaplain, Rev. D. L. Lloyd-Thomas, M.A., Oxon, Sundays 8 a.m., Mass and Sermon; 6-30 p.m. Service of Benediction. Daily Mass at 7 a.m

St. Joseph's Umarkhadi, near J. J. Hospital.—Chaplain: Rev. P. Fernandez—7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m. Benediction.

OUR JOLLY

JUST HEAR PLASE! "MYSO-CHROME" MESSENGER'S MERRY X'MAS SONG!



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THE BEST Comfortable Foot-Wear EVER SOLD Are What We Gave None But "Myso-Chrome."

'DURABILITY' AND 'COMFORT' ARE LASTING COMRADES OF OUR "MYSO-CHROME."

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SMITH AND STEVENS PASSENGER AND GOODS LIFTS

FOR DIRECT SINGLE PHASE AND THREE PHASE CURRENT

FOR HAND ROPE SWITCH IN CAGE.

FULL OR SEMI-AUTOMATIC CONTROL.

CROMPTONS BOMBAY, Ld.,

35-37, APOLLO STREET,

BOMBAY.

COMMERCIAL.

CABLE QUOTATIONS.

THE MONEY MARKET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 11.

The Bombay Mail of 29th ulto. arrived at Brindisi this morning.

Consols 2½ %	72 unchgd.
Exchange on London at Paris	
Fcs	25·31½ unchgd.
Rentes 3 %	86—1·4
Berlin Choques on London ..	20·48½ plus. ½
Bar Silver Spot	26 3-4 unchgd.
„ 2 months hence	26 13-16 unchgd.

Closing Tone of silver:—Steady—buyers at the Rates.

Rupee Paper 3½ % ..	63 13-16 plus. 1-16
Exchange on India 30 d-st. (Bank buying Rate)	1-3 7-8 unchgd.
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 % since 2nd Oct. 1913.	
Amount Withdrawn from the Bank of England about £ ...	150,000
3½ % India Stock (Sterling Loan)	86 unchgd.
Discount Bank Bills 3 m-st ..	4 13-16 unchgd.
„ Indian Bank Bills 6m-st.	4 7-16unchgd.
„ Fine Trade Bills 3 months	5 3-8unchgd.
„ Fine Trade Bills 6 months	5 3-8 „
Bar Gold (per oz.)	77—9.
Interest day to day loans	4 3-8 plus. ½
Intercst 7 day market loans	4½ unchgd.

Council Bills—Extra allotments —

Bills Calcutta Rs. 30,000 @ ¼ 3-32.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS for the week ending yesterday show the following results.

Total Bullion	£ 36,600,000	unchgd.
Public Deposits	£ 7,900,000	Inc. £100.000
Other Deposits	£ 39,500.000	Dec. £400,000
Govt. Securities	£ 11,200.000	unchgd.
Other Securities	£ 27,500,000	Dec.£ 400,000
Notes & Gold	£ 26,500,000	Inc. £ 200,000

THE BANK RESERVE is 56 % of the Liabilities

AMERICAN MARKETS.

LONDON Dec. 11

Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports ..	43,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain ..	5,000
Day's Exports to Continent.. ..	25,000
Futures at New York March. ..	12.97—1
Futures at New York May. ..	12.90—2

Advanced on Receipts running below Expectation and Declined later owing to Reported slack spot Demand.

Spot Cotton at New York	13-40 unchgd.
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	13 1-8 unchgd.
Tone of Spot Cotton :—Quiet.	
Futures at New Orleans March. ..	13.19—2
Futures at New Orleans May. ..	13.25—2
Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	9 3-4 unchgd.
Demand Bills	4·85—½
Silver Commercial Bars ..	57⅛ unchgd.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 11.

	Bales.
Total Day's Sales at Liverpool	10,000
Total Day's Sales on Spec. & for Exp	2,500
Total Day's Sales of East Indian	150
Total Day's Imports	26,000

Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot :—Good business done. Easier.

Tone of Liverpool Cotton Futures :—Quiet.

Tone of Manchester Market:—Quiet with a limited enquiry.

Mid. Americans	7.24—5
Egyptian F.G.F.	10.05 unchgd.
New York 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time).	March 12.99plus 1 'd.
	May 12.91—1
New York Official noon call	March12.97—1
	May 12.90—32
New Orleans 10 a.m.	March 13.20—1
	May 13.27 unchgd.

CLOSING PRICES.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 11

Months.	
D. J. ..	6.92 — 2
J. F. ..	6.92 „ 2
F. M. ..	6.92 „ 2
M. A. ..	6.93 „ 2
A. M. ..	6.93 „ 1
M. J. ..	6.92 „ 2
J. J. ..	6.89 „ 2
J. A. ..	6.87 „ 1
A. S. ..	6.74unchgd
S. O. ..	6.52 plus 1

MISCELLANEOUS MARKET REPORT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WHEAT.

Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F Dec.-Jan. ; London Buyers unchanged	37
F.A.Q. Red Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F. nominal Quiet.	
Australian wheat unchanged	3—¼

SEEDS.

Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore, 416lbs. 85 % ex-Ship Dec.-Jan. ; Antwerp sellers.	53
Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, 416lbs. ex-Ship nominal.	nominal
Rapeseed, Brown, 416lbs. ex-Ship Dec. Jan. ; Antwerp sellers firm unchanged	48½
Linseed Bombay per 416lbs. ex-Ship Jan.-Feb. ; Hamburg done firm.	48½plus ½
Calcutta Linseed Dec.-Jan. ; London. done firm.	47-3plus 6 d.
Linseed Argentine (La Plata) Jan.-Feb. Antwerp done firm	45 plus ¾
Bombay Cottonseed Dec.-Jan. ; Hull sellers Quiet	6 .14—6d.

METALS.

Standard Copper G.M.B.	£ 65½plus ⅜
Copper Braziers	£ 81½plus ½
Yellow Metal unchanged.	7

FREIGHT.

Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal value	12
Arrivals :—Strathfillan.	

SUGAR.

German granulated Sugar C. & F. India (Double bags) sellers Jan.-March ; unchanged.	12-6¾
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C. & F. India sellers Jan.-March ; unchanged.	11-9½
German Beet-root 88 % sellers Dec.	9½ plus ½
German Beet-root 88 % sellers May, unchanged.	9-5½
Opened flat closed steady.	
E.A.R. & Similar Crystals C. & F. India sellers Jan.-March : quiet unchanged	13-3
Mauritius Crystals C. & F. Calcutta December value unchanged	11-3¾
Mauritius Crystals C. & F. Bombay December value unchanged	11-1½

Java Sugar unchanged still nothing doing.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber Dec.-Jan. ; value firm

CUBAN SUGAR CROP.

The Cuban Sugar Crop is estimated at 2,570,000 tons.

SKINS.

Goat skin sale closed today Barely

Goat skins sold 950,000.

Goat skins Madras par to a penny lower.

Goat skins Bombay ½ to a penny higher.

Sheep skin sale opened today with a good demand.

Sheep Skins Madras a penny higher.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

(From our Correspondents.)

Dec. 12.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	*Rs.*	*From*	*Bank.*
4 boxss gold	1,72,800	London	Mercantile.
10 „ „	4,76,250	„	Stpdt. P.&O
1 box „	37,500	„	Hongkong.
and sovs „	22,500	„	„
12 boxes „	9,02,400	„	Chartered.
20 „ „	11,05,920	„	National.
and sovs.	15,000	„	„
20 boxes sovs	15,00,000	Port Said	Mercantie
8 „ „	6,00,000	Alexandria	Hongkong
30 „ „	22,50,000	Port Said	Chartered.
10 „ „	7,50,000	Alexandria	National.

EXCHANGE.

The Market is steady at our quotations. There is however little business doing.

We quote:—

BANKS SELLING—	s.	d.	d.
T. T. ready ..	1-4	1-16	to 3-32
D. D. mail	1-4	3-32	
T. T. forward, March ...	1-4	1-32	
BANKS BUYING—			
Private D. D. ready ...	1-4	5·32	
Credits 3 m-s ready ...	1-4	3-8	
„ „ forward, May.	1-4	1-4	¼
„ 6 m-s ready ...	1-4	9-16	
Francs 3 m-s ready ...		172	
Marks „ „ ...		139¾	
60 dys Hong kong ...		142¾	
„ „ Shanghai ...		192	
„ „ Japan		148	

COUNCIL BILLS

At the Periodical Biddings on Wednesday last, for Rs. 80,00,000 the following allotments were made:—

1.80 lakhs Bills, at 1s . 4.-1 16 d.

78.20 lakhs T. T. at 1s . 4 3 32 d.

tenders receiving 45 per cent. The total amount sold during the week ending on Tuesday last, including last week's sales was 80 lakhs.

For the next week the amount to be offered is 80 lakhs.

The mail which arrived here to day brings the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta ..Rs.	6,20,000
Bombay ..Rs.	8,00,000
Madras ..Rs.	3,30,000
Total ..Rs.	17,50,000

The mail which arrives here on the 19th December, brings the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta ..Rs.	20,000
Bombay ..Rs.	5,00,000
Madras ..Rs.	1,90,000
Total ..Rs.	7,10,000

The mail which arrives here on the 26th December brings the following Council Bills :—

Calcutta ..Rs.	2,20,000
Bombay ..Rs.	10,000
Madras ..Rs.	40,000
Total ..Rs.	2,70,000

BULLION.

Rates for the Silver in London were unchanged at 26¾ for ready and 26-13/16 for delivery in two months. The Local Market opened steady and has improved about 2 annas during the day. A moderate business is reported.

We quote:—	Rs.	a.	p.
English bar gold	23	15	6
Australian bar gold	23	15	0
Sovereigns	15	0	0
Silver (cum duty) ready.....	77	4	0
„ „ 1st Settlement ..	77	4	0
„ „ 2nd „ ..	77	6	0

Exports of Bar Silver from Bombay by Rail on 10th December 1913.

	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	37	48,106
B. B. & C. I. Railway.....	23	26,136.

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The Paper Market stood steady to-day and displayed an improvement of about an anna during the course of the day. The Market opened at Rs. 95-6-6 but improved and closed at Rs. 95-7-6 for 5th January delivery. A limited amount of business was done during the day. A demand for ready paper is brisk and Corporation Bonds are also in good request.

SHARES.

There was very little doing in the Share Market to-day owing to the December Settlement Day, however a few transactions for cash were reported.

Bank of Bombay Shares were placed at the price varying from Rs. 1,505 to Rs. 1,525. Nothing was done for forward delivery to-day in these shares.

Gujrat Railway Shares changed hands at Rs. 110 Central Bank of India Shares improved to Rs. 13, while Bank of India stood steady at Rs. 58.

Tapti Valley Railway Shares were quoted at Rs, 572-8.

Bank of Bombay Weekly Statement.

Statement of the position of the Bank of Bombay for the week ending 4th December. 1913, compared with last week in lakhs and decimals :—

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.
	Inc.	Dec.
Public Deposits at Head Office ..	6.09	
Public Deposits at Branches.....	..	10.09
Other Deposits	..	4.38
Port Bills	..	..
Sundries	15	..
ASSETS.		
Government Securities.	..	5.59
Other Authorised Securities	..	.11
Credits on Government and other Authorised Securities	12.60	
Loans on do.	..	5.19
Bills discounted and purchased ...	..	12.27
Dead Stock	..	..
Stamps	..	.39
Bullions	2.14	..
Balances with other Banks	.50	..
Sundries	.31	..
Cash		..

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS.

Receipts of various growths of Cotton at Bombay to date compared with the corresponding periods of the previous Season :—

.....	Total for week.	Total since 1st Sept. 1913.	Total same time last year
	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
Khandeish ..	28,592	87,154	28,628
Central India. ..	3,253	10,094	226
Barsee and Nagar ..	1,351	20,857	8,205
Berar ..	16,011	58,576	26,024
Central Provinces ..	8,637	37,394	8,916
Total Oomrat ..	66,834	222,075	72,899
Dholleras ..	2,220	19,155	3,031
Broach ..	88	1,648	5
Comptа and Dharwar ..	690	43,864	11,601
Westerns ..	899	14,747	23,515
Bengals (N. W. Provinces).	29,357	233,471	140,573
Bengals (Rajputana) ..	3,017	15,223	4,139
Sind ..	2,127	8,394	8,642
Persian ..	2	134	658
American ..	..	2,18	13,838
Egyptian ..	..	437	571
Other sorts ..	..	251	499
Total ..	105,234	623,584	279,871

BOMBAY COTTON TRADE ASSOCIATION WEEKLY COTTON STATISTICS.

	Bales. 1913.	Bales. 1912.	Bales. Differences.
Receipts for the week	105,234	68,174 plus	37,060
Receipts from 1st Sept. to 11th Dec. ..	623,584	279,871 plus	343,713
Shipments for the week Europe ..	11,660	3,701 plus	7,959
China, Japan and Coast Ports ..	1,005	047 „	598
Total ..	12,665	4,108 plus	8,557
Total Shipment from 1st Sept. 11th Dec...			
Europe ..	246,643	62,755 plus	183,888
China ..	7,452	1,014 plus	6,438
Japan ..	131,712	36,886 plus	94,826
Coast Ports ..	4,063	4,283 plus	220
Total ..	389,870	104,938 plus	284,932
Afloat in harbour Europe.	6,831	4,063 plus	2,768
China Japan, and Coast Ports ..	17,616	17,559 plus	57

Total exports from Bombay by G. I. P. Railway from 1st Sept. to 22nd Nov. 3,958 bales.

Total exports from Bombay by B. B. & C. I. Railway from 1st Sept. to 29th Nov. 2,782 bales.

Dull headache, brain in a muddle, easily irritated? Take Stearns' Headache Cure; one wafer brings a smile. Easy to carry, easy to take.

STOCK OF COTTON IN BOMBAY.

Estimated stock on 1st Sept. 1913	625,000 bales
Receipts from 1st Sept. 1913 to 11th December 1913 ..	623,584 „
	1,248,584 „
Less shipments from 1st Sept. 1913 to 11th Dec. 1913 ..	389,870 „
	858,714 „
Less afloat in harbour ..	24,447 „
	834,267 „
Less estimated mill consumption and up country by rail	288,000 „
Stock in Bombay in all hands on morning of 12th Dec.1913	546.267

COTTON.

Since the publication of the Census Bureau Ginners' Report the Market has shown no new feature, and small fluctuations have occurred. The Agricultural Bureau estimate of the crop will reach here to-morrow (Saturday) morning, and may possibly have some influence on the market. The forecast of this estimate is 13,650,000 bales. Last year the Bureau estimate of the crop was 13,820,000 bales, the actual crop (Hester's) being 14,167,000 bales. The Bureau estimate does *not* include linters, while the actual crop includes linters. Last year the number of linters, as per the preliminary final Ginners' report, was 602,000 bales. In 1911, it was 556,000, and in 1910 398,000 bales. This season the number of linters is expected to be large. Taking last season's linters as 602,000 bales, the Bureau estimate of 13,820,000 bales was too high. Cables to hand this morning from the American markets advise a trifling decline of 1 to 2 points in futures. The Liverpool market will be closed to-day as usual at 4 o'clock, but will reopen from 6 to 8 p.m., for the Bureau Report.

The local market has been steady to firm during the week with only slight fluctuations. Good Broach has kept between Rs. 311 and Rs. 314, and is to-day quoted Rs. 312-13. Export houses have in some cases been sellers of Bengals and Khandeish, but there has also been a fair enquiry by shippers for Oomras. The late rains in the Berars, Central Provinces and Khandeish have caused sellers to be more chary of operating in these descriptions, though it is not anticipated that damage to quality will result from the rains. At the same time a small percentage of black leaf cotton, if mixed with good stuff, would affect tenders against fine, and until it is know that black leaf has not appeared there will be a tendency to avoid contracting as far as possible. Some business has been done during the week in Nagpurs, Khamgaons and Khandeish for January delivery, the former by Japan shippers and the latter by mills. The bazaar is also buying Bengals and Oomras. There is still some enquiry for March delivery, but business is difficult. Bengals are steadier for December and January, the difference now being only Rs. 2; while March is at a premium of Rs. 5, on the January rate. For ready cotton there has been a good demand by shippers and mills and prices are steadier all round.

B. C. T. A. QUOTATION.

Growths	Super Fine.	Fine.	Fully Good.	Good.	Delivery.
H. G. Bengals			190 ..		Jan. 25th.
M.G. Bengals		243 245	239 ..		„
Do.		242 244	225 ..		Ready.
M. G. Scind-Punjab			218 ..		Jan. 25th.
Do.			213 ..		Ready.
M, G. Khandesh			253 244 ..		Jan. 25th.
Do.			253 244 ..		Ready.
M. G. Hinguughat Wardha ..			207 ..		Jan. 25th.
M. G. Nagpore, Kamptee ..			203 ..		„
Do. Yeotmahl			288 ..		„
Do. Dhamangaum, ..					
Poolgaum			283 ..		„
Do. Akola, Khamgaum ..					
"Fair Staple"			277 ..		„
Do. Amraoti			279 ..		„
Do. Broach			324 ..	312	Mar. 25th.
Do, Muttia			251 234 ..		Jan. 25th.

LIVERPOOL OPENER.

Opening Tone	Barkly Steady
Estimated Sales	12,000
Total Imports	53,000

Months.	
D. J.	6.92 Ungd.
J. F.	6.92 „
F. M.	6.92 „
M. A.	6.94 plus 1
A. M.	6.94 „ 1
M. J.	6.93 .. 1
J. J.	6.90 „ 1
J. A.	6.87 Ungd.
A. S.	6.74 „

WEEKS RECEIPTS.

The following are the Receipts of Cotton produce and principal Food Grains into Bombay for the Week ending yesterday at 6 p.m.

Cotton	105,234 Bales
Wheat	64,373 Cwts.
Linseed	26,875 „
Rape, Rai, etc, ...	1,871 „
Gingedyseed	129,363 „
Poppyseed.....	20 „
Groundnuts.....	91,311 „
Castorseed	20,989 „
Rice	112,695 „
Myrabollams	9,113 „
Cotton Seed	208,777 „
Mowraseed	7,864 „
Gram	14,978 „
Jowar.....	12,890 „
Maize	31 „
Barley	2,488 „

WHEAT AND SEEDS.

Wheat.—The Market continues almost unchanged. The only enquiry experienced is from local mills. Exporters are still doing nothing.

Quotations :—

Ready White Pessi 85 per cent.

Ready White Pessi 85 per cent. Rs. 5-7-0 R. T.

Roady White Pessi 75 per cent. Rs. 5-6-0 R. T.

White Delhi May ..... Rs. 5-13-0 R. T.

Linseed.—The Market is firmer owing to better markets at home and to a good demand for ready for prompt shipment. Foreign cables report no change in crop prospects. Indian crop reports are however promising thanks to the recent rains in the growing districts. Closing rates are as under :—

Quotations :—

Bold Brown Ready	Rs.	7-14-0 B. T.
„ „ December ...	„	8-7-0 R. T.
„ „ May	„	9-2-0 R. T.

Rapeseed.—The Market is quiet and flat, with little doing in contracts for new crop by local operators.

Quotations :—

Brown Cawn Ready ...	Rs.	7-12-0 B. T.
Yellow „ „ ...	„	9-0-0 „
Brown Delhi May	„	9-0-6 R. T.

Teelseed.—The Market is quiet with a limited business passing and prices are easier in some cases.

Quotations :—

Bold White 85 per cent. ...	Rs.	57-8-0
Mimbara	„	60-0-0
Black Kutni	„	48-8-0
Yellow Hinganghat	„	62-0-0

Castorseed.—The Market for ready is easier. Some business is reported in new crop.

Quotations :—

Ready	Rs.	34-0-0
New Crop	„	7-0-0 R. T.

Cottonseed.—The Market is quiet with only a very moderate demand. Receipts are large and aggregate about 4,200,000 cwts, against about 2,700,000 cwts, last year.

Quotations :—

Ready	Rs.	24-8-0

Poppyseed.—The Market continues quiet.

Quotations :—

Ready	Rs.	10-12-0 B. T.

Groundnuts.—The Market is slightly easier and a little business has been done for bold at our quotation.

Quotations :—

Bold	Rs.	48-8-0
Small	„	47-8-0

Mowraseed.—The Market is steady with a moderate enquiry.

Quotations :—

Ready	Rs.	8-7-0 B. T.

FREIGHTS.

The Market continues steady and business during the week is reported as under :—

Antwerp : Small lots December at 15s. to 15s. 6d. s.c. About 600 tons January at 12s. 6d. l.s., 14s. 6d. s.c., and 1,000 tons February at 13s. l.s., 15s. s.c.

Hull : About 7,000 tons January and February at 13s. 6d. l.s. and 600 tons May at 13s. l.s.

Dieppe : 2,500 tons December and January 16s. s.c. and about 2,000 tons January to March at 13s. 6d. l.s., 15s. 6d. s.c.

Dieppen 2,5000 tons December and January at 17s. 6d. s.c.

London : 1,500 tons January at 14s. l.s.

Liverpool Marseilles : 800 tons by Ellerman Line at 14s. l.s., 14s. 6d. s.c., 15s. w.

Charters : The following are reported :—

S. S. "Errington Court" for January loading at 18s. 6d. Antwerp and Hull only.

S. S. "Eir" for December January at 18s. 6d. one P.P., 19s. two P.P.

S. S. "Imani" for December at 18s. 3d. one P.P. 18s. 9d. two P.P. Medeterranean.

S.S. *"Seistan"* for December at 18s. 6d. one P.P. 19s. two P.P.

S. S. "Thornbeck for January at 18s. 3d. and P.P. 18s. 9d. two P.P.

The following are rates :—

December.	
Antwerp.—13s. 6d. l.s.	15s. 6d. s.c.
Dunkirk.—14s. l.s.	16s. s.c.
Havre.—16s. 6d. l.s.	17s. 6d. s.c.
Hull.—14s. l.s.	
Hamburg.—14s. l.s.	16s. s.c.
London.—15s. l.s.	17s. s.c.
Liverpool.—15s. 6d. l.s.	16s. s.c.
Marseilles.—15s. l.s.	15s. 6d. s.c.
Genoa.—16d. l.s.	17s. s.c.

PETROLEUM.

The following are to-day's quotations for the Burma Oil Company, Limited's productions :—

Bazar Rates. Delivery charges extra.	Rs.	a.	p.
Kerosine Oil "Waterlily" per case of two tins	5	4	0
Kerosine Oil "Firefly" per case of two tins	4	15	0
Kerosine Oil "Chukkar" per two tins. ..	4	6	0
Kerosine Oil "Chukkar" per 8 gallons ..	3	12	0
Kerosine Oil "Victoria" per two tins. ..	3	11	6
Kerosine Oil "Victoria" per 8 gallons ..	3	1	6
Burmah Wax per pound 1st quality ..	0	4	0
Burmah W.X. per pound 2nd quality ..	0	3	6
Burmah Candles per pound ..	0	4	0

The following are to-day's quotations for the Standard Oil Company's brands :—

			Rs.	a.	p.	
Snowflake Brand	50°	American	6	0	2	per case
White Rose Brand	150°	„	5	12	2	„ „
Chester Brand	75°	„	5	2	2	„ „
Devois Imp. ort. Brd	76°	„	5	0	2	„ „
Monkey Brand	125°	„	4	15	2	„ „tins
White Camelia Brand	125°	„	4	6	0	„ „
Elephant Bulk Brand	75°	„	4	6	0	„ „
Do do	125°	„	3	12	0	„ „Sl.G
Camel	125°	„	4	6	0	„ „tins

MANCHESTER COTTON PIECE-GOODS AND YARN WEEKLY REPORT.

(From Our Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, Dec. 12.

Our Market continues to be in the same quiet state. Retail inquiry to some extent is visible. Manchester appears to be 5 to 7 per cent. easier, and this has permitted some small trade in certain styles. Some makers appear to be anxious to entertain certain lines if offered at prices, which are not quite discouraging. Home reports speak of very little being done for Indian markets, whilst China is said to have experienced some inquiry in Fancies, but very little in staples. Other Eastern markets are said to be confined to buying assortment quantities. The position of makers is reported as variable. There are some, who are steady in their prices, whilst others have lost ground and are selling cheaper.

In greys, some sales are reported. It is relieving to find that a couple of large holders were able to dispose of decent lines of standard qualities, though at prices, that were not remunerative. We trust the hopeful inquiry for this big line will continue. In whites, there is practically no change to report, the continued absence of wholesale inquiry being very disappointing. Sellers of bleached cloths are growing very impatient, partly due to weakened confidence among dealers owing to the easy tone of the Manchester Market, the result being a drop in prices occasioned by forced sales among Bazaarsdealers . In Nansooks Delhi Market has been inquiring for low counts in 27 and 32 inches 18 yards. These have been taken up in fair quantities, though at a further reduction in prices. In mulls, some parcels of 38, 43 and 48 inches by 18 yards, 14 by 10 counts, Blue Heading have changed hands among Bazaar dealers at about Rs. 2-5. There has been some inquiry from the Peshawar Market for 27 inches 18 yards, low counts green end mulls, in which sales have been effected at some concession in prices. Retail inquiry for Jacconets in 40 inches 20 yards of the value of Rs. 4-4, and upward, which was quite healthy up to now, has slackened down. Jacconets in 38 inches 18 yards filled finish, which were a drug in the market for a long time have been sold at Rs. 1-13-6 a piece, leaving a heavy loss to the sellers. In prints some small lots have been sold, particularly in better class of goods. Imitation chocalates are moving slowly, and though a couple of dealers had purchased ready lots from offices at very favourable prices, they are unable to dispose of the goods even at a slight loss, considering the slack demand and heavy stocks on our side. Low white grounds continue to be equally disadvantageous to holders. In fancies, inquiry is fair, though large lines still continue to be out of demand. We hear, taking advantage of the easier Manchester Market, a Native House has purchased some 200 cases on its own account. Stripe brocades, in spite of the present glutted state, have been reported to have been booked at 2 5-8. In dhooties, inquiry is decent, and we again hear of small parcels being booked. We believe the easier market will permit some more trade in the style.

YARNS.

The declining market has allowed firms on our side to quote lower prices, and we hear 2/40 grey is being offered at 12 5-8d. and 2/40 bleached at 13½d. December-January. We hear offers on low basis in 30s. and 40s. water, are on cables. The easy market no doubt will tempt purchers, but it is quite possible, the near future might experience still favourable prices.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

December 12th.

S.S. Nurani	Atkin	Jeddah Nov. 30
S.S. Cairnhill	Moodee	Calcutta Dec. 2
S.S. Narvarino	Sample	Calcutta Dec. 1
S.S. Persia	Bradshaw	London Nov 28

DEPARTURES.

December 12th.

S.S. Nairn	Lassen	Calcutta
S.S. Shwedagon	Creagh	Rangoon
S.S. Dwarka	Maxon	Karachi
S.S. Chindwara	Williams	Calcutta
S.S. Koweit	Brewis	Jeddah

The following vessels began to load on Friday.

Steamer		
„	* Barala	for Persian Gulf
„	Lawoe	for Jeddah
„	Subadar	for Calcutta
„	Rinaldo	for Hull etc.
	* Toarrve	

S. S. Nurani :—The Asiatic Coy's steamer Nurani, 2,870 tons, Captain F. W. Atkin, arrived in harbour on Friday from Jeddah, which port she had left on November 30, with 914 pilgrims.

S. S. Cairnhill :—The steamer Cairnhill, 3,103 tons, Captain J. Moodee, arrived in harbour on Friday from Calcutta, which port she had left on December 2nd, with a cargo of coal.

S. S. Navarino :—The steamer Navarino, 3,300 tons, Captain C. F. Sample, arrived in harbour on Friday from Calcutta, which port she had left on December 1st, with a cargo of coal.

S. S. Persia :—The P. and O. S. N. Coy's steamer Persia, 4,198 tons, Captain H. S. Bradshaw, arived in harbour on Friday from London, which port she had left on November 28, with mail, a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Dwarka :—The B. I. S. N. Coy's steamer Dwarka, 759 tons, Captain W. Moxon, sailed on Friday for Karachi, with mail, a general cargo and passengers.

S. S. Shwedagon :—The steamer Shwedagon 1,999 tons, Captain L. W. Creagh, sailed on Friday for Rangoon, with a general cargo.

S. S. Chindwara :—The B. I. S. N. Coy's steamer Chindwara, 3,307 tons, Captain K. P. Williams, sailed on Friday for Calcutta, with a general cargo.

S. S. Koweit :—The Aram steamer Koweit 2,336 tons, Captain W. M. Brewis, sailed on Friday for Jeddah, with a general cargo and passengers.s

The P. & O. Company's steamer S.S. Moria, with the outward mails of the 5th instant passed Suez at 1-30 p.m. on Thursday the 11th idem. This is some twelve hours after the usual time. The vessel was detained at Port Said waiting for the Mails ex steamer Isis which steamer experienced very bad weather between Brindisi and Port Said.

FRIDAY December 12th, 1913.

P. DOCK.

Shed	Steamer	Capt.	Agents
A	Rinaldo	Chilton	J. F. & Co
B	City of Norwich	McMillan	K. N. & Co
C. & R.	Ockenfels	Kneppe	W. & A. G. & Co.
D. & E.	Attila	Bestoll	A. I. S. N & Co
F.	Norfolk	Bulkey	W. & A. G. & Co
G.	Mansuri	Gore	T. M. & Co
H.	Homayun	Hannah	T. M & Co
K.	Inaba maru	Tommags	N. Y. K.
M.	India	Talbot	P. & O. S. N. Co
N.	Saint Feelans	Sutherland	D. N & Sons
P.	Braunfels	Oltmann	W. & A. G. & Co

W. DOCK.

1.	Zoarastrian	Osborne	C. B. & Co
2.	Devanha	Hickey	P. & O. S. N. & Co
3.	Imani	Lyons	T. M. & Co
4.	Persepolis	Sachir	D. N. & Sons
5	Firenze	Merts	Rubattino Line
6.	Subadar	Crebbin	T. M. & Co.
7.	Cliftonian	Jones	W. & A. G. & Co
8.	Habsburg	Seberich	A. L. S. N. & Co
9.	Trafford Hall	Main	K. N. & Co
10 & 11	Olympia	Kinnard	W. & A. G. & Co
12	Ecrypt	Summers	P & O. S & Co.
16.	Lindula	Beresford	M. M. & Co.
16.	Lawoe	Coates	Arab Steame.

M. W. D. D.

Salsetta	Vine	P. & O. S. N. & Co	

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Athamas	Zarbies	F. E. & Co	
Alberto Treves	Questo	T. M. & Co	
Alfeld	Fisher	T. M. & Co	
Baron Fairlie	Foley	W. & A. G & Co	
Birkenfels	Marlar	W. & A. G. & Co	
Caledonia	Dowell	P. & C. S. N. Co	
Gymeric	Osborn	W. & O. Z. & Co	
Hawinee	Paterson	T. M. & Co	
Hild	Salvesen	F. F. C. & Co	
Lawrence	Venus	W. & A. G. & Co	
Indo Maru	Komiya	N. Y. K.	
Kanzler	Smith	D. M. Khandwani	
Khosrou	Nawsen	T. M. & Co	
Kankuk	Hallinstead	S. G. & Co	
Linga	Manley	M. M. & Co.	
Nairung	Nicoll	T. M. & Co.	
Orangemoor	Moffett	W. & A. G. & Co	
Onda	Pittam	M. M. & Co	
Ormidale	Thomson	W. & A. G. & Co	
Pundua	Handcock	M. M. & Co	
Stephnotis	Goodridge	A. Y. & Co	
Seistan	Forbes	M. M. & no	
Trantenfels	Metz	W. & A. G. & Co.	

VICTORIA GARDENS.

One pair of Persian Gazelles (Gazella subgutterosa), has been kindly presented to the Zoological collection by Master Mehar B. M. Dalal.

After the stress and worry of a busy day at the office take a dose of Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract. It in fuses a new strength and energy.

CORNS HAVE EARS,

but these are perhaps the only ears in the East that have not heard a good report about SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC, the renowned cure for Malaria, Influenza and all other Fevers. From Mombasa, Edward St. Rose and Co., writes:—"Your Squibb's Mixture seems to work like magic here, and is fast making a name in the coast districts."—Of all Chemists.—MADON SONS and Co., Crawford Market, Bombay. 'Phone No. 706.

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nor bring up babies on cow's milk. Nature rents either course and neither will thrive as they would under natural conditions. The only natural food for baby is mother's milk. Where milk is absent, scanty or poor, LACGENERA will produce a plentiful healthy and natural flow. It enriches the blood and converts the watery non-feeding fluid into a rich nutritious diet. It imparts a pleasant flavour to the milk so that the infant takes the breast more readily. LACGENERA or Angel's Galactogogue is a boon to mother and baby alike. Of all Chemists or of MADON SONS and Co., Crawford Market, Bombay. 'Phone No. 706. 156A

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AND

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BAPTIST CHURCH BUILDING DEBT,

TO BE RE-OPENED BY

MRS. H. STANLEY REED

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In the Y. M. C. A., Apollo Bunder

Admission free.

SOLID GOLD WATCH FREE!
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GREAT OFFER BY A RESPONSIBLE FIRM
IT COSTS YOU NOTHING TO TRY.
To any person who can supply the correct names of these two well known Indian Towns, and fulfils conditions below, we offer one £5 Lady's SOLID GOLD WATCH, English Government stamped, fully jewelled, as a FREE GIFT. (Silver Watches are presented to Gents.)
Send your attempt on a sheet of paper, together with stamped addressed envelope (or reply), to FELLOWS & Co., 10, Grosvenor Buildings, Stechouse Lane, Birmingham, England. The winner is required to purchase a Chain from us to wear with watch. The name of this paper must be mentioned. Prize-winners of last competition were:

Mr. C. S. Twigg, 66, The Mall, Ambala, Punjab, India.

Miss J. R. Unvala, 12th Khetwady Cross Lane, Bombay.

BOMBAY RACING SEASON.

Extensive Alterations on the Course.

STRIKING IMPROVEMENTS EFFECTED.

(Specially written for "The Chronicle.")

Such is the bustle and excitement on a race day at Mahalaxmi that one scarcely has time to glance around at the rearrangements which face us every year, so a preliminary visit to the race-course is of considerable interest. So drastic are some of the changes that have taken place that there is sure to be a lost feeling for a time amongst those who have either not been there since last we raced or have not had them explained. The scene is a very animated one in the mornings now, and, apart from studying the changed geography of the enclosure and part of the course, the fast work put in by many allowed to put on superfluous condition during the interval since Poona acts as a distinct appetiser for the serious business which commences on Saturday. As has been pointed out in our notes, we do not expect the top-notchers to be out during the early Extras, most of the classy big ones are away in Calcutta and those who run are scarcely likely to be thoroughly wound up. Nevertheless, the sport should be good and the speculator not right in the know will do well to cast a critical eye over the can-

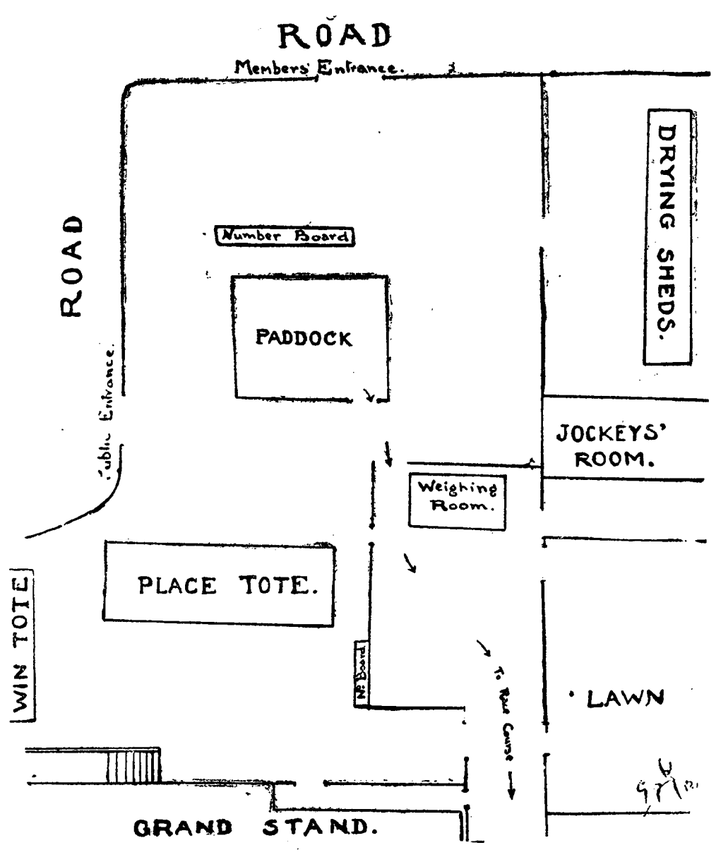
to the course proper has always been the sharpness of the bend at the quarter mile, and the attempt recently made to round it off more was not as beneficial as hoped. Naturally enough the danger lies chiefly in sprint races where jockeys have little time to ease their mounts as they come round and thus cause a deal of running out and bumping in the attempts to cover as little ground as possible. A satisfactory solution of the problem seems to have been arrived at where the horses are concerned, if perhaps the onlooker will not obtain as close a view of the finish. This consists of having an extra Judge's box and Winning Post between the eleven and ten furlong posts, the field starting from about the six furlong post and pulling up in the newly made shoot past the stables. This shoot will do away with the first bend in the races of a mile and a half, giving a straight run of about five furlongs at the start. For all races of six furlongs or over the finish is in the old place to the left of the Grand Stand.

COURSE IN SPLENDID CONDITION.

Though naturally heavy in the mornings, the course is in admirable condition, and, when later in the day it has had time to feel the drying effect of the sun, it should be springly and fast. For this satisfactory state of affairs, Robson deserves his share of praise; in fact the Club is fortunate in the fitness of once more invested in a number of the fresh batch from Arabia. Bowley is at work and will ride for Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan of Bhopal, whose horses have not as yet arrived. Singer, Gold Fish and Co., will still be in Bence's charge. Clarke, a new arrival from Australia, is fixed up with Mr. Goff, but as the string is a very small one will be able to take plenty of outside riding, which is the case with McGlone. This rider, who did well in Gwalior, is with Bleach, who has charge of a stable in several ownerships and and is still in Poona, none too well. Butters, who won several races for the Talib stable a couple of years ago, is a freelance, and so will Luckman be when he arrives. Amongst others, Purtoosingh should be as much "en-vidence" as ever, and Mujeed and similar well-known lads are making the track a busy place. Greehalgh is still in Poona, his son and Keiss helping Dullar out with a big handful, amongst which is the old champion Braganza. This great Arab went in the leg a couple of years ago, failed to stand last year but is working sound at present, as is Electric, who strained himself when bolting on the road the Season before last in Poona. It is rather disappointing to note that this owner is not sending Dalmatia to Calcutta as many fancied her for the King-Emperor's Cup. H. H. the Jam Saheb has also decided not to send Punt, who shewed such remarkable form about three months ago. Weatherall is again riding the big one at work.

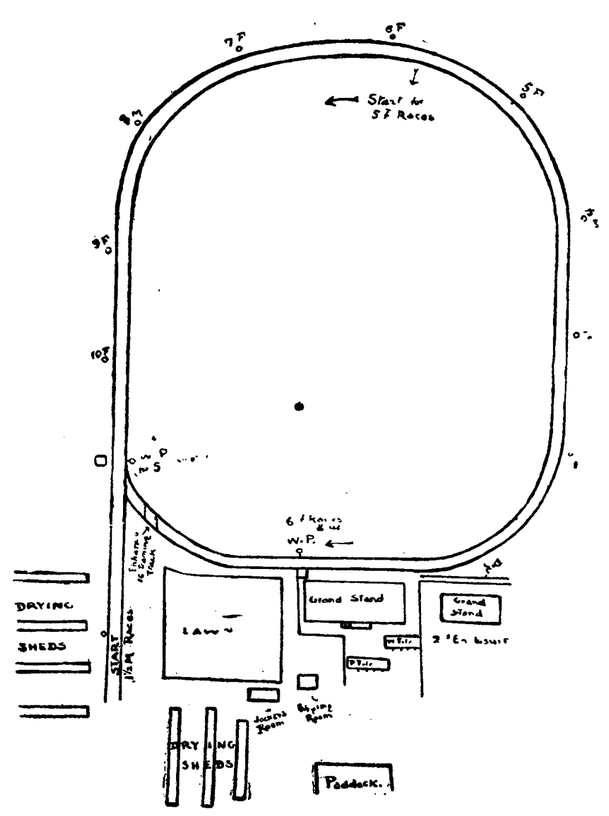
One of the best known figures on the turf Joe Kendall arrived out again a fortnight ago. For some years he has been sending or bringing out regular batches of horses and dogs, but this time no thoroughbreds in the former line are with him He brought Arkanjelo last year, and Mr. Gokuldass, must be congratulating himself on a valuable bit of horseflesh at a low price. A huge 14 month old Bull Mastiff is an animal worth seeing, a prize-winning rough haired Fox Terrier also catching the eye. Up to five furlongs Arkangelo is expected to prove a champion, and of course the same owner has it from that distance upwards with Refresher.

PLAN OF THE RACE COURSE.



THE ENCLOSURE.

Showing new positions of Paddock and extra ground taken in,



Marking positions of the new 5 furlong course and start of mile and a half races.

didates as they walk round the paddocks before each race. As many newly-landed Arabs as ever seem to be in work, but, as these are obviously unknown to the public and there is no stud-book to look up, mention of them has practically no significance.

STRIKING IMPROVEMENTS.

Chief interest, for the present, at least, centres on what has been done for the further comfort of visitors. We long ago realised our present Secretary's abilities in this direction and his endeavours to brighten up the appearance of all parts of the enclosures with refreshing lawns and bright floral decoration. One has no hesitation in declaring his efforts a great success. To relieve the crowding in of all the various and apparently necessary plots all that portion which in the past was used as a carriage stand has now been taken in. The result is that the Members' Enclosure is reached through a gate leading directly off the main road immediately on a large and well-kept lawn. This the general public reach after passing down a road formerly used when leaving only. Both Win and Place Totes are where they were, but the Jockeys' Room has been moved from behind the latter to the other side of the Weighing Room, between that and a pucca-built line of drying sheds running at right angles to the road. Rows of these extend, as of old, away towards the flats on each side of the new shoot for long distance races. In the centre of the big lawn behind the Place Tote is the Paddock, from which horses will be ridden on to the course by way of the Weighing Enclosure. This gives considerably more room for the lawn on which the tents are pitched, a long stretch reaching from the gate on to the course to the gate by which horses are taken out to their morning work. Absence of all congestion and the aforementioned touches of colour are very welcome, in fact the whole scheme means not only the most drastic changes but about the greatest improvement we have seen on this course.

The chief cause of complaint with regard to the intention expressed last year, has those occupying minor positions. Mr. Reynolds, the Handicapper, Col. Arthur Young, the Stipendiary Steward, and the Secretary are keeping their eyes open every morning, and everything is in readiness for the first release of the barrier.

OWNERS AND JOCKEYS.

Whereas some of the best-known jockeys have secured retainers to ride here, some have also decided wisely enough that there is likely to be a greater supply than demand in Calcutta. The result is that we shall have more than there was reason at one time to expect, apart from the usual contingent of natives and Arabs.

Though most of his big ones will be away for a time, Mr. M. Gocouldass, will have a very long and strong stable to rely on, apart also from some still up in Poona. He has been well advised to make sure of a capable horseman in the absence of Ruiz and Hoyt,—Pratt being selected. Jack Hill, who had the misfortune to come such a smash in a race last year, but is fortunate enough to be able to ride again, is keeping with Mr. A. S. Oomer, who is expecting Digby out again before long. Both Pratt and Hill, have offers of mounts for the Viceroy's Cup; the former for H. H. the Kour Saheb of Patiala, and the other for Mr. R. R. S. The reason of the latter offer is that Brown is too ill to ride in Calcutta, and, presumably, not likely to recover in time. Much depends upon whether those retaining them can spare them from training work rather than race riding, as the fortnight's interval between the Second and Third Extras will allow them to ride in the Cup without missing a race day here. Duller, who has already the last time out from England made a good impression, has entered into an agreement with Mr. Ali bin Talib, who should find enough useful material in his new ones to make up for recent bad luck and the disposal of such good ones as Nakib and Tajilmulook. This applies also to Mr. Oomer, who at one time owned what are probably our two best Arabs in Abdul Malik and Zaki Pasha, but, contrary to the intention expressed last year, has

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Major Peck, Cantonment Magistrate, has one year's leave. Major Stewart, 104th Rifles, is promoted to Lieut.-Colonel. Captains: Chancy, 124th Baluchis, Ommaney, 159th Infantry, Colson, 41st Dogras, Green, 36th Horse and Carnegy 7th Lancers, are promoted to be Majors.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. A. J. Williams is appointed Assistant Engineer.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Lt.-Col. Bayley is posted as Political Agent, Bhopawar. Mr. Lormer will officiate as British Consul-General in the Persian Gulf vice Colonel Sir Percy Cox proceeding on three and a half months' leave.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Messrs. M. H. Harrison, C.S., and S. M. Jacob revert to the Punjab. Surgeon-General Crofts, I.M.S., reverts to Military duty.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. W. A. W. Ford is posted as Assistant Accountant-General, Behar and Orissa. Mr. V. C. French officiating Deputy Auditor-General, has two months' leave and Mr. J. C. Mitra, officiates. Mr. Gainsford, Assistant Controller, Military Accounts, retires from the service.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. J. M. Coode officiates as Director of Telegraphs 2nd Class temporary and Mr. G. P. Roy officiates in 4th Class.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

Mr. H. F. Davy is appointed Assistant Laboratory Office, Government Test House, Alipur. Messrs. Martin and Company have been authorised to carry out a survey of Chaparmukh-Nowgong Railway project in Assam.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

It is notified that the Imperial Legislative Council will meet at Delhi on the 6th January. Messrs. Wynch, Cobb, Walsh and Rice are gazetted Additional Members of the Council.

BAPTIST MISSION CENTENARY.

BURMA L.-G.'S TRIBUTE.

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, Dec. 12.

At the Judson centennial celebration by the Baptist Mission which continued all day yesterday the Lieutenant-Governor presided at the evening session.

In the address Sir Harvey Adamson paid a tribute on behalf of the Government to Judson as a Missionary student and scholar and teacher, extolling especially the Judson Burmese Dictionary and translation of the Bible into the Burmese. The first Baptist school in the province was founded by him in Moulmein. The Lieutenant-Governor expressed the indebtedness of the administration to Americans for the part they had taken in educating the Burmese and uplifting the backward races such as the Karens and Kachins.

KHOST REVOLT RECALLED.

HINDU PRISONERS FOR RANSOM.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 12.

The Frontier correspondent of the "Pioneer" states that the Khost outlaws have still two Hindu prisoners whom they are holding for ransom. They are survivors of the four who were captured, one hving been sent in to Bannu with the head of the companion who was murdered by the gang.

BURMA RICE CROP.

(Associated Press.)

RANGOON, Dec. 12.

The third forecast of the rice crop in Burma for 1913-14 estimates the total crop at six and three quarters million tons of unhusked rice, of which three and a half millions (equivalent to nearly two and three quarters million tons cleared rice) will be available for export.

MOHURRUM RIOT.

HINDUS MADE SPECIAL CONSTABLES AT AGRA.

SERIOUS AFFRAY AT SAHABAD.

(Associated Press.)

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 12.

The "Leader's" special representative wires from Agra yesterday:—"Excitement was as intense as ever and isolated cases of assaults between Hindus and Mahomedans occurred at a number of places. Respectable Hindus have been made special constables. "Tazias" have begun to pass.

BAZAR AT SAHABAD LOOTED.

A correspondent wires to the same paper from Shahabad:—"During the "Tazia" procession, the Mahomedans attacked the Hindus unawares and looted the bazar and violated the privacy of the zenana. About one hundred have been wounded, and the bazar is closed.

ALL-INDIA MOSLEM LEAGUE.

(Associated Press.)

LUCKNOW, Dec. 12.

On an express requisition from Behar, Bombay, and Karachi, an emergency meeting of the Council of the All-India Moslem League decided to fix the 30th and 31st December, 1913, for the forthcoming annual sessions of the All-India Moslem League, instead of the 29th and 30th as originally proposed.

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SCOTCH WHISKEY.

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SAPAT LOTION.

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WORN OUT, RUN DOWN.

That's what many of us often find ourselves and are so often unable to find the cause. We grow fagged out over the ordinary day's work, listless and lifeless without any reason, devoid of energy or ambition. nights are passed sleeplessly. The appetite grows poor, we have no desire for work or even pleasure. Then come troubles of the nerves, the head, the stomach, the liver, bowels, blood, in fact the system is undermined. This wrecking of the system is appalling—but we are all liable to it any time just the same. Blood and nerve diseases are silent and insidious, they come without warning and do deadly work almost unnoticed. At the very first sign of the smallest symptom of such troubles, use that KING OF ALL REMEDIES.

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These Pearls build up the delicate tissues, and bring back to manhood all broken down and weary constitutions. They renew vitality, replace weakness with strength, keen wits for dulled brains, and transform the dejected and desponding into healthy and cheerful men and women.

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Authorised Capital	Rs.	50,00,000
Subscribed Capital	,,	30,00,000
Called up Capital	,,	15,00,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	,,	15,00,000
Reserve Fund	,,	1,00,000

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DEPOSITS: 12 months' deposits are received at 4½ per cent. per annum. Rates for shorter periods can be ascertained on application.

The following figures of the working capital show the Bank's Progres for the first year:—

1st January 1912	Rs.	8,48,000
30th April ,,	,,	24,77,000
31st July ,,	,,	52,35,000
31st December ,,	,,	1,04,00,000

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Age next birthday.	With Profits. Rs. a.
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25	24-2
30	27-4
35	31-5
40	36-11
45	43-14

These Premiums would generally elsewhere secure Rs. 800 only.

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Bull Brand 125 deg.
Anchor case oil 125 deg.
Deer Brand 125 deg.
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PUBLIC ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

H. E. the Governor's Levee, Government House, Malabar Hill, 9-30.

Bombay Races, First Extra Meeting, Mahaluxmi Racecourse.

Annual Fair of Shri Bhavanishankar of Shankarshet Temple, near Tardeo.

Sale of Work at the Y. M. C. A. on behalf of Baptist Church Building Debt to be re-opened by Mrs. Stanley Reed, 5.

SUNDAY, December 14.

Excelsior Cinematograph. In aid of Society of St. Vincent de Paul, Kalbadevi Conference 4 p.m.

MONDAY, December 15.

Bombay Municipal Corporation, 3-40.

Gandharva Mahavidyalaya, Annual Prize Distribution, Framji Cowasji Hall, 5-15.

Surat City Press Company, Ordinary General Meeting, 89, Apollo Street, 3.

TUESDAY, December 16.

Bombay Legislative Council Meeting, Secretariat, 12.

Mails for Laurenzo Marquis and South Africa per steamer Comerio, via Tuticorin and Colombo, will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m.

DAILY.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8; 8-30 to 9-30; and 10 to 11-30.

America-India Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7to 8; 8-30 to 9-30; and 10 to 11 p. m.

The Alcazar, Cinema de Luxe 6 p. m. and 10 p. m.

The Gaiety Theatre, 6-30 n. m. and 7-45 p. m

Domestic Occurrences.

BIRTHS.

RUDDLE.—Nov. 30th, at Secunderabad, the wife of W. H. Ruddle, of a daughter.

KIDD.—Dec. 1st, at 2, Russell Street, Calcutta, the wife of T. R. Kidd, of a daughter.

GUTSCHKE.—Dec. 1st, at 4, Rainey Park, Ballygunge, Calcutta, the wife of M. Gutschke, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

LONNAUX—CHARLTON.—Nov. 27th, at St. James' Church, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta, by the Rev. J. P. Smith, William Henri Lonnaux, Government Telegraphs, second son of Gerard Henri Lonnaux, to Marie Sarah Ann, eldest daughter of the late Thomas Charles James Charlton, H. M. Customs, Calcutta.

DEATH.

GRIFFITH.—Dec. 1st, at Madras Belissa Arnuil, youngest daughter of C. L. T. Griffith, age 15 months.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.
December 13, 1913.

THE LONDON MOSLEMS.

The announcement of the election of His Highness the Aga Khan as Honorary President of the London Branch of the All-India Moslem League in succession to Mr. Amir Ali, the circumstances of whose retirement from the League under somewhat dramatic circumstances must be still fresh in the public memory, will be widely welcomed in this country. Not only is His Highness immensely popular among the younger members of the League, but he commands the respect of the old school of Mahomedan leaders as one who possesses in a large measure the qualifications of wise and prudent statesmanship. As is well known, His Highness is at the same time extremely anxious that no check should be placed on the free and natural evolution and development of his community, and he has made his position towards the League quite clear, thereby removing all possibility of future misunderstanding. In the Aga Khan's opinion,—an opinion now accepted by the bulk of the educated Mahomedan community,—the work of the League should in future be conducted "on the lines of general popular opinion rather than on the old semi-dictatorial lines." This can only mean that the League, in order to justify its existence, must create, mould and guide Mahomedan opinion in accordance with the true spirit of democratic principles. With regard to the permanent Presidentship of the Central League at Lucknow, it will be remembered that His Highness had decided to resign that position more than two years ago and had actually then tendered his resignation. On being persuaded to remain as President for some time longer, His Highness last year again made it clear that he could not remain on for any length of time, and at the time of the recent so-called split in London wired to Mr. Mahomed Ali from Paris that he had definitely resigned. By accepting, therefore, the official control of the London Branch, His Highness no doubt feels that his presence in London would make for the solidarity of communal views and interests, and would help to bring peace in quarters somewhat suspicious of the latter-day strength of Moslem opinion. His Highness is fully aware that the present crisis is only one of the symptoms of the change that has come over the general body of Mahomedans in India, a significant illustration of this being the fact that, at the last Council Election in the United Provinces, the stronghold of the League, all the Moslem representatives were chosen from amongst the members of the Bar and there was a dead set made against title-holders and the old type of Mahomedan gentry in general who were easily defeated at the poll.

It is to be hoped the Aga Khan's acceptance of the position of President in London will effectually put a stop to the baseless charges against the good faith and loyalty of Indian Mahomedans that have for some time past been so regrettable a feature of writings in a section of the London press. In an article, which evoked much indignation in India, "The Times," it will be remembered, led the attack on the present state of Moslem feeling in India, and, among other charges, gave insertion to a serious allegation from one of its correspondents in India that, "the new party dreams of expelling the British from India and loses no opportunity of abusing the British rule, vilifying the Christian religion, inflaming religious passions and promoting racial antagonism." How slanderous this statement is may be shown by the fact that during all the recent stages of excitement the Indian Moslems have been passing through, not a single responsible member of the community has been guilty of a single act that could be even remotely interpreted as hostile to British rule. Not a single leader of the new generation of agitation has uttered a word disloyal to the British Crown or formulated a wish to "expel" the British from India. The most popular organs of Moslem opinion have been steadfast and devoted in their attachment to the Empire and have always regarded the British connection as the only guarantee of India's progress. Of course, they have criticised freely and fearlessly official acts and policy, where necessary, and will doubtless continue to do so. That is perhaps the head and front of their offending.

THE NATAL ENQUIRY

There will undoubtedly be grave disappointment in India that the Natal Commission of Enquiry is not to include a single Indian representative. For this reason it would be idle to pretend that the enquiry can command full confidence in this country, which is to be regretted as much for the sake of South Africa as India. As a purely South African body the Committee is not ill-chosen. Sir William Solomon was formerly a Judge of the Supreme Court in Cape Colony, and is now Senior Puisne Judge of the High Court of the Transvaal. Mr. Esselen is a distinguished lawyer while Colonel Wylie will, presumably, represent Natal interests. The terms of reference are as wide as could be wished, so far as the case of the Natal Indians is concerned, and, for the rest, everything depends on the manner in which the Commission conduct their investigations. But, while the whole grievances of the Natal Indians, the strike and the causes which provoked it, are to be enquired into, the case of the Indians in the other provinces is apparently ignored, and there can be no relaxation of protest, no lessening of feeling while Mr. Gandhi and Mr. Polak and their followers, especially the women, remain in jail at hard labour for their resistance to laws which have been so universally condemned. We do not attach much importance to Reuter's announcement that satisfaction is felt in "well-informed quarters" at the appointment of the Natal Commission, and we could do without the portentous announcement on the part of a news agency, whose business is to convey news and not to express opinions, that the fact that General Botha admits that there is room for enquiry and has not delayed to take steps "reflects all credit on the Union." As a matter of fact General Botha has delayed considerably, and even now refuses to give an enquiry of a nature that would satisfy Indian opinion. There is too much anxiety in certain quarters to "soft-sawder" the Union Government.

SCHOOL CLINICS.

It is being gradually recognised even in this country that an organised system of education cannot be efficient if the children subject to the system are diseased or ill-fed, while among the many activities of education in Europe to-day is the development of physical training among children and the necessary antecedent medical inspection of, and attendance upon, children. A work of the highest value on this important subject has just been published by the National League for Physical Education, the author being Lewis D. Cruickshank, M.D., D.P.H. The book "School Clinics at Home and Abroad" opens with a general survey of the problem. The English movement began with the report of the Royal Commission on Physical Training (Scotland), 1903, and in the years since that report it has been found that the number of cases requiring treatment among children far exceeds the capacity of hospitals, institutions and private practice. The school clinic alone can provide the continuous attention to individual cases that can solve the problem of fitness for school, and the clinic differs from all other institutions in the fact that the interest of the clinic is centred more in the child than in the disease. Dr. Cruickshank, who urges that the physical treatment scheme, of which the clinic is the outward and visible machinery, should be an organic part of the mechanism of public education, writes helpfully of supervision of treatment by medical affairs, of control of attendances and the necessity of accurate registration of cases. He discusses in detail the work of the clinic, the general, ophthalmic, and dental departments, and the treatment of cases of physical deformity. One of the most interesting portions of the book is that dealing with school clinics at work in various parts of the world. We could wish that the book might be widely read in this country. We would particularly commend it to the notice of those in charge of large schools.

DAY BY DAY.

A Farrago of Nonsense.

We pointed out at the time that the rumours as to Lord Hardinge's resignation had not found publication in any responsible quarter here. It now appears that they were telegraphed to London by the Bombay correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company. How far they were representative of any sort of responsible opinion here may be gathered by the reproduction of the following excerpts:—

There is considerable speculation in Indian official circles as to the date of the Viceroy's resignation, and it would cause no surprise if it came any time within the next few months, for it is certain now that he will not complete his term of office. Indeed, it has been stated, not officially, that unless his health improves considerably he will resign in February.

I learn from a usually well-informed source that there is a great possibility of Lord Kitchener being Lord Hardinge's successor.

Credence is given to this view by the recent appointment of Sir Beauchamp Duff as Commander-in-Chief in India.

Since the bomb outrage at Delhi Lord Hardinge has left most of his work to the members of his Council, and his recent autumn tour, which he commenced by going to Cawnpore and announcing the settlement of the Mosque dispute, was his first real resumption of his duties, although even then it was partly social in character.

The difficulty of the position of Viceroy just now is fully realised, and in certain quarters there is a strong demand for a strong and consistent policy.

This is what "Truth" would describe as a "farrago of nonsense!"

Moderate and Extremist.

The public in this country has probably followed the development of the movement which the popular newspapers in England have agreed to call Larkinism with only mild interest; but there is one aspect of that movement which should be of particular interest to them. That is the way in which Mr. Larkin's campaign, especially his progress through the English cities, has intensified the division of the Labour world into Moderate and Extremist. The fact is we have now a condition of things in trade union exactly parallel in all essentials to the division of Indian Nationalism six years ago. We have the forces of organised Labour, as represented by the older and more responsible unions, looking upon Mr. Larkin and his associates as the most dangerous elements in the commonwealth,—more dangerous, it would seem, to the interests of Labour than even Capitalism itself. We have the Labour papers,—most of them,—agreeing with the popular halfpenny press in announcing that Mr. Larkin's campaign has failed, and using towards Mr. Larkin himself language of the most determined hostility. And we have against these Mr. Larkin and his backers,—the "Daily Herald" and the Syndicalists—hailing the movement as extraordinarily successful; and to some extent proving this by means of enormous meetings in many cities. The situation is full of interest—and perhaps of danger.

Arrival of the Mail.

The Peninsular and Oriental Mail boat Persia, which did not anchor until mid-day yesterday, was delayed in her arrival by detention at Port Said and in the Suez Canal on account of the sailing of steamers Europe bound. The Persia brought a large consignment of mails which people who did not wish to be too late for Christmas have already despatched to India. Altogether 3,500 bags were landed by the Postal authorities who, however, expect a heavier consignment next week. It was past two o'clock before the majority of the passengers had landed and amongst them were the newly appointed Consul-General for the United States in India, Mr. J. A. Smith, who has come to take up his appointment in Calcutta. Mr. Smith was met at the Ballard Pier by a number of the leading American gentlemen in Bombay and the representatives of American firms in the city, which included Mr. W. N. Saxon Davies, Mr. Stakelum, Mr. Dodge and Mr. Foord. He was garlanded and welcomed by the deputation and after paying a formal visit to Mr. R. D. Baker, American Consul in Bombay, left by the mail train for Calcutta. Distinguished amongst the rest of the passengers were Mr. L. Abrahams, Assistant to the Under-Secretary of State for India, and H. H. Prince C. Singh, of Kapurthala. The Persia also brought fifteen lady and gentleman missionaries who have come to join the Methodist Episcopal Mission.

Japanese Goods in India.

According to the "Economist" of November 22nd, Mr. Miyazaki, the Japanese Consul at Bombay, dealing *seriatim* with the Japanese goods exported to India, notes that of the goods of these kinds sent to India, 60 per cent. are supplied by Japan and the rest by France and China. French goods have a limited market, being too costly, while China's supply is limited to figured satins and pongees. Japan's goods, therefore, have an undisputed position, and have a great future. The Japanese traders, however, by undue competition, caused prices to drop, and then had to lower the quality of the goods supplied, with the consequence of a falling off in the demand. He instances this in the case of shirtings, matches, glassware, porcelain, toys, stationery, clocks, lacquerware, soap and umbrellas, giving details in each case.

Government Telephone Rates.

The following alterations, which, it is hoped, will be very acceptable to the public, have been sanctioned by the Government of India to the rates to be charged to subscribers to Government Telephone Systems, and will come into force from the 1st of January next:—(1) The rate to be charged for a telephone transmitter and receiver not connected to a Departmental Exchange will be reduced from Rs. 45 to Rs. 40. (2) A half-yearly rate will be introduced for connections to Departmental and Non-Departmental Exchanges. The rate for the first six months will be 3/5ths of the usual annual rental. If, by the end of this period, the subscriber wishes to retain his connection he may do so on payment of the balance of the annual subscription, viz., 2/5ths of the annual rental. (3) A rate of Rs. 180 will be introduced for an Exchange connection not exceeding 2 miles in length in one station for any part of a year and in another station for the remaining part of the year. (4) The charge for moving a telephone instrument from one room to another in the same building will be reduced to Rs. 5. This has immediate effect. The rules in force prior to 1st January 1914 did not permit of a subscriber to an Exchange having a connection for only six months, nor did they allow a subscriber to have a connection in the plains for a certain portion of the year and in the hills for the remaining portion, execept of course on payment of the full rates at both places. The rule whereby the Telegraph Department charged Rs. 45 per annum for the use of a telephone instrument has, it will be observed, been reduced to Rs. 40, and the charge for shifting a telephone from one room to another in the same building has also been reduced from Rs. 20 to Rs. 5.

Sir John Rees and the Islamic Society.

In reference to the criticisms in "India" of Sir John Rees' behaviour at the recent dinner of the Islamic Society, Sir John writes to that journal as follows:—

As there is an inaccurate statement of fact in a paragraph in your issue of November 14 about myself, pray allow me to explain that I have eyes so indifferent that I cannot face the cruel glare of innumerable unshaded electric lights at public dinners, still less the flash-light of the photographer, which calls for several folds of a napkin for protection. No one has ever objected and I have been less uncomfortable. All the rest is imagination. I listened often with sympathy, and always with respectful attention, though with shaded eyes, to the speeches I heard from the Indian gentlemen present, and regretted that as we only sat down at quarter to nine, eleven o'clock, and my last train at 11-30, came before the speech list was nearly concluded.

Lord Elgin's Family Seat.

Lord Elgin the ex-Viceroy, who was married the other day to Mrs. Ogilvie, will reside in future, says "Truth", at Broomhall, the family place in Fife. The historic Hill House, Dunfermline, is being renovated in order that it may become the residence of Lord Bruce and his sister, Lady Veronica Bruce. Broomhall is well placed on the Firth of Forth, and contains a fine gallery of pictures. Lord Elgin's first wife was a daughter of the ninth Earl of Southesk. He is himself a grandson of the first Earl of Durham, and his aunts were Lady Charlotte Locker (mother of Mr. Birrell), Lady Augusta Stanley, wife of the Dean, and Lady Frances Baillie of Dochfour.

German Military Mission to Turkey.

The news which has been received lately through Reuter's Agency from London as to the duties of the new German Military Mission to Turkey, says a correspondent well versed in Turkish affairs is considered in some Moslem circles as "quite erroneous." It is stated that "the German Mission is composed of entirely technical officers and it will deal with the scientific labours of the officers of the Army corps in Constantinople and it will not be in touch with the men of the Garrisons of that capital." French and Russian papers have been represented in the cables on the subject as having protested strongly against the steps taken by the Ottoman Government in engaging the services of the German officers. The portion of the French Press which criticizes such reorganization measures as adopted by Turkey should know that services of several of the officers of their own country have also been required by the Ottoman Government. Many British Naval and other officers are now also serving Turkey. As to the hostile criticism of the "jingo" papers of Russia, continues our informant, every one knows that recuperation of the Ottoman Empire or the reorganization of the internal affairs of any Eastern country could not be welcomed by them." This is all very well but it misses the point of the main objection that has been raised—namely, to the appointment of a German General to the command of the 1st Army Corps. To place a foreign officer in command of an Army Corps is a very different thing to utilising his services in an advisory capacity or for organisation and training.

SOUTH AFRICAN ENQUIRY.

WIDE TERMS OF REFERENCE.

ALLEGED VIOLENCE ON STRIKERS.

PRESENT STRIKE POSITION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 12.

Reuter learns that in well-informed quarters satisfaction is felt at the appointment of the Natal Commission.

There may be some regret in India that she is not represented but the difficulty of such a course is realised.

The fact that General Botha admits that there is room for enquiry and has not delayed to take steps to hold it, reflects all credit on the Union.

PRETORIA, Dec. 12.

The terms of reference of the Commission of Enquiry are:

(I) To enquire into and report on the disturbances in connection with the strike of Indians, the causes and circumstances leading to the strike disturbances, the amount of force used for the suppression of the strike, the necessity for the use of such force and as to any acts of violence alleged to have been committed upon prisoners sentenced in connection with the strike.

(2) To make recommendations in respect of any of the above matters.

It is officially announced that 24,000 Indians were working in the coal and sugar industries in Natal and Zululand on Wednesday, that 621 are on strike and some hundreds are still in gaol. About three hundred are receiving rations from the Indian Association.

DURBAN, Dec. 12.

The Indians at Lameroi and Tongaat resumed work to-day.

General Lukin has returned to Pretoria.

NATAL INDIANS' GRIEVANCES.

CALCUTTA PRESS COMMENTS ON THE PROPOSED COMMITTEE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

CALCUTTA, Dec. 12.

Referring to the appointment of a Committee of enquiry into the grievances of the Natal Indians the "Englishman" says: "The committee cannot deal with the larger Imperial aspect of the problem. On account of the complexity of the problem it should be referred to an Imperial Commission representing Imperial Indian and Colonial Governments."

The "Statesman" remarks that the appointment of the committee is an admission that the Union Government recognise their imperial responsibility and retain some regard for the effects of their actions upon the British Empire at large. It amounts also to a promise to reconsider their attitude towards the Indian population.

The "Indian Daily News" anticipates the result of the enquiry and says: "The wolf having eaten up the lamb was implored by the elephant to hold an enquiry into the lamb's grievances. The wolf held the enquiry and decided that the lamb was entirely in the wrong and exonerated the wolf and there it ended."

OUTRAGE ON RAND MAGNATE.

ASSAILANT ARRESTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

JOHANNESBURG, Dec. 11.

Sir Lionel Phillips's assailant has been arested. He is a Russian named Nissum, described as a storekeeper at Ferreira Mine.

He said the mines had tried to ruin him and he did not see why others should live it they would not allow him to live. The crowd seized Nissum, who attempted to commit suicide.

Sir Lionel Phillips was walking with Sir James Fitzpatrick to lunch at the club.

LUNG AND LIVER PIERCED BY BULLET.

JOHANNESBURG, Dec. 12.

Hitherto no attempt has been made to extract the bullets from Sir Lionel Phillips, one of which pierced the liver and lung. The patient's general condition yesterday evening was good.

His assailant was a Russian Jew whom Sir Lionel Phillips had often befriended.

LATER.

The man Nissum, who shot Sir Lionel Phillips, was charged to-day with murder, but was remanded, and will be kept under medical supervision to ascertain his mental condition.

CUBAN SUGAR CROP.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 12.

Another estimate of the Cuban sugar crop places it at 2,569,000 tons.

SOUTH AFRICAN STRUGGLE.

"BOMBAY CHRONICLE" FUND,

TOTAL TO DATE: RS. 26,626-5-0.

All contributions should be addressed to the Manager, "Bombay Chronicle," Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. Cheques and money orders should be made payable simply to "The Bombay Chronicle."

Amount already acknowledged	25	973	5 0
Messrs. Tatta Sind Fancy Company and friends		393	0 0
Mr. S. B. Sant and People of Sangamner		45	0 0
Mr. A. M. Rehimtola		25	0 0
The Staff of Messrs. Shamrao Menocher and Hiralal Solicitors		20	0 0
Mr. R. Pragji		15	0 0
Mr. P. Bhat, Barrister, ...		5	0 0
Master V. K. Bhat		3	0 0
Mr. D. Bhat		2	0 0
Through Dr. S. B. Mehta:—			
Dr. Sumant B. Mehta		40	0 0
Mr. Mukerji & B.		15	0 0
Mr. Venishankar R. Sukla		10	0 0
Mr. N. B. Padate		5	0 0
Dr. M. K. Dixit		25	0 0
Mr. Pochaji Jamstdji		5	0 0
Mr. Parekh Chunilal Talsiram		21	0 0
Hindu Gentleman		5	0 0
Mr. Nagarji Vasanji Desai		5	0 0
Mr. Mohanbhai Surbhai		5	0 0
Master Urajlal Jethabhai		1	0 0
Mr. Sha Kohurchand Panachand ...		2	0 0
Mr. Kalianji Govindji Vakil		5	0 0
Hindu Student		0	1 0
Hindu Student		0	1 0
Hindu Student		1	0 0
Total	26	626	5 0

CORRECTIONS.

The sum of Rs. 2 which appeared in this column from Mr. N. Hormusji should be from Mr. J. B. Mankanel, and the sum of Rs. 25 under "Indian part" is from the Indian staff of the Bank of Bengal.

NO POSTAL STRIKE AT CHRISTMAS.

POSTAL LEADER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 12.

Mr. Samuel has informed a Postal deputation that the Cabinet has taken into account the rise in the cost of living but considered that the wages paid by the Post Office were sufficiently good. The men's leader announces that whatever the next step may be there will be no strike at Christmas.

LABOUR TROUBLES.

LEEDS DIRTY AND DARK.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 12.

Three thousand municipal employees have struck in Leeds. The streets are not swept and are in darkness.

VICE-CHAIRMAN DUBLIN DOCKS ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.

MR. HOLLWEY IN CRITICAL STATE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 12.

Mr. Hollwey, Vice-Chairman of the Dublin Port Docks Board, was accidentally shot by a non-Unionist carter, who fired a revolver at some strikers who were assailing him.

Mr. Hollwey is in hospital, in a critical condition.

FIGHTING IN SAHARA.

FRENCH STORMING PARTY'S LOSSES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Dec. 11.

Heavy fighting took place in French Sahara on November 27th. The French took an important position by assault at Ain Galaka, in which they lost four officers and twelve native riflemen killed and three officers and nineteen natives wounded.

NEW FRENCH CABINET

THE POLICY OUTLINED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

PARIS, Dec. 11.

The Premier has made a declaration as to the policy of the new Ministry which corresponds with the forecast published this morning.

VOTE OF CONFIDENCE PASSED.

PARIS, Dec. 12.

The Chamber has passed a vote of confidence in the Government by 302 votes to 141. In the course of the debate M. Caillaux stated that the fifty-two millions loan was withdrawn.

M. Doumergue said Government would loyally carry out the three years military service law, the expenditure on which would be partly borne by the taxation of unearned income.

MADRID BANK SUSPENDS PAYMENT.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

MADRID, Dec. 11.

Following on a continuous run yesterday on the Hispano-American bank, the institution to-day suspended payment. The Bark has a paid up capital of £1,500,000 and current accounts of four million sterling. It is largely interested in Mexico.

LONDON MOSLEMS.

OLD OFFICERS OF LEAGUE RE-ELECTED.

AGA KHAN HONORARY PRESIDENT

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 11.

At a meeting of the Committee in London of the All-India Moslem League this evening, the Aga Khan was elected Honorary President, His Highness having telegraphed his willingness to become Honorary President if the old officers remained.

Prior to the meeting, the Committee members received a joint letter from Messrs. Ameer Ali, Latif and Anik, replying to the resolutions of the meetings on November 2nd, and December 2nd, requesting them to continue in their respective offices, calling attention to the difficulties besetting their community and asking them not to sever their connection with the League at so critical a stage.

The letter states that in response to these requests and telegraphic appeals and resolutions from the United Provinces, the Punjab and Moradabad Leagues and other organisations in India, and in view of the delicate questions confronting the Mussulman community, "we desire to express our willingness to continue to give the League our services in the work of Mussulman development. There is no need to say that we rely on your loyal co-operation and help to mantain unimpaired its weight in public estimation and its usefulness to our community."

The Committee passed a hearty vote of thanks to the Aga Khan and the officers.

"THE TIMES" ON THE SETTLEMENT.

LONDON, Dec. 12.

"The Times" states that the settlement of the differences of the London Moslem League is mainly attributable to the support of hitherto recognised leaders by the best and most reasonable Mussulman opinion in India.

The rally of moderate Moslem opinion to more experienced leaders has undoubtedly been contributed to by the refusal of Lord Crewe and Mr. Asquith to grant interviews to Messrs. Mahomed Ali and Wazir Hasan a fact well-known in India though not made public hitherto in this country.

The Aga Khan on November 1, wired to Mr. Mahomed Ali from Paris that his resignation was irrevocable. The reason given was that the League having become popular, the work should be conducted on the lines of general popular opinion rather than on the old semi-dictatorial lines. For this reason a permanent President was no longer possible. He should be changed annually. He also must have the liberty to plead his ideas from a free platform. Accordingly, the Aga Khan took "this opportunity of clearing out of the League and leaving the League to be reformed on the only lines possible," but he would be still as active a member as ever.

Mr. Amir Ali on October 27, wrote to Mr. Wazir Hasan, Secretary of the Central Moslem League that if the subvention from Lucknow exposed the President to insult and dictation, he could no longer hold the office with benefit to the community, or consistently with self-respect. And he tendered his resignation at a meeting of the League, when the Aga Khan was also present. Efforts at adjustment failed and the resignation took effect soon after. Mr. Latif, the Vice-President, and Mr. Anik the Treasurer, also resigned.

LIFE IN THE ARMY.

ADVERTISING CAMPAIGN BY WAR OFFICE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 12.

The War Office has engaged a well-known publisher to conduct a publicity campaign on behalf of the Army, including full-page advertisements in the newspapers detailing the advantages of life in the Army.

THE WILLCOCKS SCHEME.

OPENING OF FIRST SECTION.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 12.

A message to the "Daily Telegraph" from Constantinople states that the barrage on the Hindiyeh, a branch of the Euphrates, and the first section of Mr. Willcocks' scheme, will be opened to-day.

GERMAN MILITARY MISSION TO TURKEY.

ASSURING IRADE TO BE PUBLISHED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 12.

Before the German military mission arrives an Irade will be published, making it clear that the functions of the mission are purely instructional.

CABINET COUNCIL.

ESTIMATES DISCUSSED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 12.

The Cabinet Council, yesterday, was chiefly occupied with the discussion of estimates.

PRESIDENT WILSON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.

The President is in bed with a cold.

LONDON LETTER.

SOUTH AFRICAN CRISIS.

THE VICEROY'S SPEECH.

ADMIRATION IN THE ENGLISH PRESS.

TACTICS OF THE UNION GOVERNMENT.

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Nov. 28.

There would be little sense in a London correspondent's assuming that readers in India are at all interested at the moment in the movement of English party politics, in the question of naval expenditure, the immediate prospects of Home Rule, or the remote prospect of a general election. They may possibly like to be reminded that Mr. Asquith spoke at Leeds yesterday and affirmed that Home Rule is going through and the Government is prepared to meet the threats of civil war; that the speech has served to awaken Ulster to some extent, and that Sir Edward Carson's friends announce that it has put an end to the truce and, presumably, to the hopes of a settlement by consent. But truth to tell, the news from Natal and from India during the week has had far more prominence in the newspapers than anything else—even than Mr. Larkin's campaign, upon which for some time past most of the attention of the intelligent newspaper reader has been concentrated. Events in South Africa have moved rapidly during the last few days. We have had the outbreak of direct hostilities between the Natal Indians and the armed police; the fatal affair of Esperanza and the one reported this morning from the Hillhead plantation—both with heavy lists of casualties. We have had General Botha's defiant apology for his Government's policy and his announcement that surrender, or even material modification, is impossible. And we have had the remarkable declaration and appeal of Lord Hardinge, who, in consequence of this action of his, has gained great admiration in the English Press, although there has been, inevitably, in some quarters a tendency to complain that the Viceroy has been unwise or has gone beyond his province. We are told, for example, in this morning's telegrams that the Anglo-Indian papers of Calcutta take exception to the Viceroy's "untimely memorandum" ("untimely' is a curious word in this connection), but the Reuter message containing this reference is counteracted by another summarizing Bombay opinion and giving the substance of your own reply to the attacks upon the Viceroy. A "Times" cable from Durban (Nov. 26) says that European opinion in Natal is much exercised by the reception of the Esperanza incident in London and India. The coolies, we are told, "are declared to have been drugged in liquor before attacking the police, which was a mere patrol. European residents in the vicinity bear witness to the conduct of the police, who were fully conscious of the seriousness involved in using violence; but they declare that the handful of troopers was in the gravest danger from the extreme hostility of the mob." No doubt; but why this, even if it be an exact account of the circumstances, should modify the opinion held in England or India of the affair, it is difficult to see. Nobody is disposed to minimize the gravity of the resort to violence, or the danger of the position in which bodies of armed police are likely to find themselves. But the point is that with the South African Ministers objecting to inquiry, denouncing the Viceroy, and insisting upon the justice and generosity of their own policy, matters are obviously rushing towards catastrophe.

SIR T. SMARTT TALKS NONSENSE.

The papers this morning contain a summary of the speech of Sir Thomas Smartt, leader of the Unionist Opposition, at the Congress of Unionist Delegates in Cape Town. It is instructive as showing that General Botha is able to count in this matter upon the support of the Opposition, although as we know, he is confronted with serious dissensions in his own party. But Sir Thomas Smartt, like most politicians in difficulties of this kind, was driven to talk nonsense. They must all, he said, recognise that they were members of one great empire; and "there was placed upon them the enormous obligation to do all they possibly could to remove any difference, friction or disagreement." He admitted that a good deal of the trouble in Natal must be laid to the charge of the Union Government; but we are left in doubt whether his homily in regard to "membership of one great empire" was intended for General Botha. Quite obviously it is needed in that quarter more than in any other; and quite obviously, too, the crisis would never have arisen if the leading members of the Union Government had realised the bare elements of the principle implied in that membership. From the "Cape Times" to-day we are told that the Viceroy's speech has left a feeling of irritation in South Africa; partly, it seems, because it ignores General Botha's repudiation of the charges of ill-treatment, and partly because "the Viceroy intends to Stamp with the Seal of his approbation the burning of cane fields, the intimidation of non-strikers, and the attacks upon police Patrols." Perhaps one ought to remember in this connection that the "Cape Times" is edited by an Anglo-Indian journalist, who from his experience at Allahabad has learned a knack of provocative comment upon the head of the Indian Government. But perhaps the opinion of the "Cape Times" does not greatly matter in England. What does matter, undoubtedly, is the attitude of the "Times", which, it may be noted, showed signs of weakening when General Botha's speech came over at the beginning of the week.

COLOUR PREJUDICE OR ECONOMIC?

A friend with personal knowledge of the Natal situation, gained from a recent visit to the colony, protests in a letter which I have just received that some of the London papers (the "Daily News" especially) are spoiling a strong case by exaggeration. Yesterday, for example, the "Daily News" spoke of the medical attendance provided for the plantation labourers as a sham. My friend insists that it is anything but that, and I am led to infer that in this respect the Natal sugar estates are not very dissimilar from the Indian tea-gardens. That is to say, the planters have been forced towards the establishment of a tolerable minimum in general conditions because of their dependence upon Indian labour. But, as we know, indentured labour is nearing its end. The trouble arises from the free Indian, who is an effective commercial competitor with the Afrikander. Somehow or other, the question will have to be settled upon an imperial basis—the question whether an Indian subject of the British Crown is to be allowed, as a free man, to settle, to work, and to trade in a self-governing portion of the British Empire. At present we are assured, the British South Africans have somewhat more sympathy with the Indians than the Boers; but this may be merely superficial. If at bottom it is a question of trade competition, and of the clash between two differing standards of living, the colour prejudice will reinforce the antagonism arising from conflicting commercial interests, and there will be, we may be sure, no difference between General Botha's party and that led by Sir Thomas Smartt.

THE LEADERS IN PRISON.

Comments have been made in various quarters upon the manifest folly of sending Mr. Gandhi and Mr. Polak to prison, and of following up their sentences by the conviction of Mr. West, the acting editor of "Indian Opinion." It is, of course, a misfortune that Mr. Polak should not be in England at this time: his services in the Press would be invaluable. But as to the imprisonment of the leaders, it is difficult to resist the conclusion that this is part of the deliberate policy of the South African authorities. They are aware that Mr. Gandhi is the strongest of restraining influences, and that in all probability his presence on the field of conflict would have availed to prevent the outbreak of violence. But is it their wish that the dispute should be kept free from violence? Do they not, in point of fact, realise that they cannot deal effectually with a passive-resistance movement, and that their only chance of victory lies in provoking a situation which shall demand the use of armed force and lead to an agreement between the political parties in South Africa, the Home Government, and Anglo-India in favour of the forcible restoration of order and the consequent suppression of the strike agitation? What must, one feels, occur to every observer of a miserable situation is that talk of the Empire as in any sense a unity or an organic body must be to a large extent hollow especially perhaps in the months of the present Ministers of the South African Union. It would be against nature for them to feel any keen sense of loyalty to the British Empire. And when we are confronted with the head of the Government of India being driven to use, in relation to the Government of another part of the same Empire, language which between two different Powers would be equivalent to preparation for war, the incongruity of the whole business becomes painfully evident.

MEXICAN CIVIL WAR.

BRITISH REFUGEES SAFE ON BOARD.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

VERA CRUZ, Dec. 12.

The British residents at Tampico are on board a steamer chartered by the British admiral and manned by bluejackets.

REBELS INVADE BRITISH CONSULATE.

WEALTHY LANDOWNER'S SON HELD TO RANSOM.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 12.

A telegram from Juarez states that in the absence of the British Consul the rebels entered the Consulate at Chihuahua and seized and imprisoned the son of Terraza, a great landowner, the son having taken refuge in the Consulate.

The rebels then demanded a ransom of 250,000 dollars. On the Consul's return the rebels refused to allow an appeal to the British Minister in Mexico City.

STRANDED ITALIAN CRUISER.

ADMIRAL PLACED ON HALF-PAY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

ROME, Dec 12.

As the result of the enquiry into the stranding of the Italian cruiser Sir Giorgio, Rear-Admiral Cagni and Captain Cacace have been placed on half-pay.

SAN FRANCISCO EXHIBITION.

GERMAN CONTRIBUTION WITHDRAWN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

BERLIN, Dec. 12.

The motion to include half a million marks in the German estimates as a first contribution to the cost of the German participation in the San Francisco Exhibition, has been withdrawn, Government urging the impossibility of organising adequate representation by February 1915, when the Exhibition opens.

ULSTER'S PREPARATIONS.

BUSINESS BEFORE SPORT.

MR. BONAR LAW INVITES PROPOSALS.

"GOVERNMENT DRIFTED TOO LONG."

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Dec. 12.

Special meetings in the North of Ireland of the Queen's University and the Malone. Rugby Clubs have been called in Belfast to arrange for the cancellation of all club engagements during the crisis in Ulster, and to engage in drilling instead.

"The Times" has the highest authority for stating that an interchange of views between Mr. Asquith and Mr. Bonar Law on the Irish crisis has actually begun.

Speaking at Carnarvon, Mr. Bonar Law again invited Government to produce proof chance of settlement was smaller to-day than change of settlement was smaller to-day than it was six weeks ago. Government had drifted too long.

MYSORE'S NEW TREATY.

SALIENT POINTS OF THE TEXT.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

DELHI, December 12.

The text of the Treaty between the British Government and the Maharajah of Mysore has been issued. The Treaty is described as being executed between Lieut.-Col, Sir Hugh Daly (in virtue of full powers vested in him by the Governor-General in Council) and His Highness the Maharajah on the 26th November, 1913, and as having been ratified by the Viceroy and Governor-General at Bankipore on the 1st December. The Treaty begins:—

"Whereas the rulers of the territories of Mysore have since the restoration to them of th said territories in 1881 evinced their zeal and attachment to the Crown, and whereas the administration of the Mysore State has been conducted during the past thirty-two years to the satisfaction of the British Government, and whereas, in order to mark the high esteem in which His Highness the Maharajah is held by the British Government, the Governor-General of India in Council is desirous of making certain changes in the conditions laid down at the time of such restoration. The following Articles are hereby agreed upon."

Then follow twenty-two Articles as against the twenty-four in the Instrument of Transfer 1881 which the Treaty replaces.

The Articles are in the main a reproduction of those in the Instrument of Transfer, except, that the latter had to speak of the then Maharajah in 1881 being placed in possession of the territories of Mysore and installed in the administration thereof, whereas now the present Maharajah is taken as administering the State. Accordingly article (1) of the Instrument of Transfer is struck out.

Article 2 spoke of the Maharajah, and those who succeeded him, being entitled to hold possession of, and administer the territories so long as he and they fulfilled the conditions thereinafter prescribed.

Article (1) of the present Treaty reads:—

"The Maharajah Sri Krishnaraja Wadiya Bahadur and those who succeed him in the manner hereinafter provided shall be entitled to hold possession of and administer the said territories perpetually, subject to the conditions hereinafter prescribed."

It will be noticed that the word "perpetually" has been introduced, and that the phraseology has been slightly altered.

In two minor Articles the phrase "previous sanction of Governor-General in Council" is changed to "previous assent." It is in the closing articles that the most important alterations are made as will be seen from the quotations given below, this, Article 22 in the Instrument of Transfer was as follows:—

"The Maharajah of Mysore shall at all times conform to such advice as the Governor-General in Council may offer him with a view to the management of his finances, the settlement, and collection of his revenues, the imposition of taxes, the administration of justice, the extension of commerce, the encouragement of trade, agriculture and industry and any other objects connected with the advancement of His Highness's interests, the happiness of his subjects and his relations to the British Government."

Article 23 of the Instrument was:—

"In the event of the breach of observance by the Maharajah of Mysore of any of the foregoing conditions, the Governor-General in Council may resume possession of the said territories and assume the direct administration thereof, or make such other arrangements as he may thing necessary to provide adequately for the good government of the people of Mysore, or for the security of British rights and interests within the province."

These two Articles disappear and the following is substituted in the Treaty of the 1st December:—

"While disclaiming any desire to interfere with the freedom of the Maharajah of Mysore in the internal administration of his State in matters not expressly provided for herein, the Governor-General in Council reserves to himself the power of exercising by virtue of the general supremacy and paramount authority vested in him, and also the power of taking such precautionary or remedial action as circumstances may at any time appear to render necessary to provide adequately for the good government of the people of Mysore, or for the security of British rights and interests within that State."

The final Article is the same as that in the Instrument of Transfer and is as follows:—

"This Treaty shall supersede all other documents by which the position of the British territories has been formally recorded, and if any question arise, as to whether any of the above conditions have been faithfully performed, or as to whether any person is entitled to succeed, or is fit to succeed to the administration of the said territories, the decision thereon of the Governor-General in Council shall be final."

UNIVERSITY RESULTS.

LL. M. EXAMINATION 1913.

The following candidates are declared to have passed the LL.M. Examination:—

Branch I.—The only candidate Mr. Machiraj Bhavanishankar Riyogi has passed the examination in the Second Class.

Branch II.—Both the candidates, viz. Messrs. Vishnu Balkrishna Chandrachaud and Dattatraya Wamanrao Kathalay have passed the examintion in the Second Class.

Branch IV.—Mr. John Albert Valles has passed the examination in the Second Class.

B. HY. EXAMINATION, 1913.

The following have passed the B. Hy. examination:—

PARTS I & II.

Mr. Setna, Kaikhoshru Sorabji.

PART I.

Mr. Bethagudy, Bhujangrao Sitharamrao.

FINAL M. B. B. S. EXAMINATION, 1913.

The following candidates have been successful in the Final M. B. B. S. Examination:—

Passed the whole examination:—

(First Class):—Mr. Talati, Jehangir Manekji. Passed the whole examination.

(Second Class):—Mr. Bhoopatkar, Popatlal Amarshi; Mr. Dabolkar; Anant Yashvant; Doctor Pestonji Byramji; Mr. Kharadi, Framji Cowasji; Miss Machado, Violet; Mr. Pardivala; Hormasji Temulji; Mr. Paruck, Nusserwanji Sorabji; Mr. Pavnaskar, Sadashiv Gopal; Mr. Shah, Chandulal Parbudas; Mr. Shivdasani, Parsram Bulchand; Mr. Variava; Dadabhai Dinshaw; Mr. Engineer, Gustad Shapurji; Mr. Pathak, Madhav Vithal; Mr. Shraff, Ardeshir Dadabhoy; Mr. Tendulkar, Mahadhev Govind; Mr. Contractor, Kaikhushroo Hormusji; Mr. Postvala, Rustam Mancherji; Mr. Spencer, Rustom Burjorji; Mr. Warden, Sorab Byramji.

Passed the whole examination:—

(Not Classed):—Mr. Kharas, Homi Nusservanji.

Passed the whole Examination in all subjects but one:—

Mr. Advani Gianchand Bhavandas; Mr. Kharkhanavala, Ardesher Dadabhoy; Miss Singara, Shirin Ratanji

Passed in Part I:—Mr. Advani, Gianchand Bhavandas; Miss Singara, Skerin Ratanji; Mr. Agate, Vinayak Narayan.

Passed in Part II:—Mr. Kharkhanavala, Ardeshir Dadabhoy; Mr. Malkari, Tharumal Lokumal; Mr. Ranadive, Gopal Kashinath; Mr. Suntook Sohrab Hormasji; Mr. Dadachanji, Rustim Edulji; Mr. Deshpande Bhagirath Govindrao; Mr. Khandvala, Mungaldas Tuljaram; Mr. Merchant, Chandulal Chunilal.

Mr. Variava, Dadabhai Dinshaw wins the Chrles Morshed and the Balkrishna Padanji Prize. Miss Machado, Violet wins the Queen Empress Silver Medal, the Scholarship of the Medical Women of India Fund of 1885, the Lady Reay Silver Medal and the Bai Hirabai P. H. Cama Gold Medal. Mr. Talati, Jehangir Maneckji wins the J. C. Lisboa and the Lord Landhurst Gold Medals.

INTERMEDIATE ARTS EXAMINATION.

The following candidates are declared to have passed the Intermediate Arts Examination:—

First Class (in order of merit) Mr. Junnarkar, Shripatrao Balvantrao, Mr. Patvardhan, Sitaram Purushottam; Mr. Agashe, Rajaram Ganesh; Mr. Patel, Tirumal Madhavrao; Mr. Soares, Aloysius; Mr Kabraji, Kaikhushroo Jehangir; Mr. Ghurya, Govind Sadshiv; Mr. Rege, Ramchandra Anant; Mr. Joshi, Narayen Vasudev.

SECOND CLASS.

Messrs. Abhyankar, K. S.; Adhikari, D. M.; Agashe, R. G.; Akur, P. A.; Amin, A. C.; Amin, J. L.; Arole, D. H.; Bapat, Y. V.; Beri, S. G.; Bhagvat, K. S.; Bhagvat, N. P.; Bhat, L. N.; Bhane, R. N.; Bhide, V. V.; Bodas, D. K. Bodas, M. T.; Chandorikar, V. L.; Chandodkar, V. N Chandratveya, V. L.; Damle, B. R.; Date, A. V.; Desai, C. G.; Desai, C. B.; Desai, H. C., Dasai, N. R., Desai, P. B.; Desai, R. M.; Devakar, N. C.; Dikshit, S. D.; Dikshit, N. K.; Gadgil, G. K.; Gaitonde, N M.; Gangolli, D. M.; Ghangoekar, M. G.; Gokhale V. B.; Gupte, V. M.; Guttal G. G.; Inamdar, M. G.; Jani, G. R.; Joshi, B. D.; Joshi, D. P.; Joshi, G. R.; Joshi, S. D.; Joshi, V. K.; Jothadi, D. M.; Karnik, R. R.; Kelaukar, Y. K.; Khanolkar. V. P., Kharkar, D. B.; Kolgaonkar, S. N.; Kothari, C. K.; Kothari, N. G.; Lagu, A. H.; Limaye, D. V.; Limaye, J. A.; Madhani, S. M.; Mandavia, G. J.; Mashure, D. Mehta, C. D.; Mehta, C. A.; Mulgaokar, K. V.; Mundle, M. S.; Nadgir, N. B.; Nadkarni, G. V.; Nadkarni, K. V.; Nagori, N. J.; Nayak, N. V.; Padhye, S. G.; Padukhane, R. R.; Pandit S. V.; Pandya, C. D.; Parekh, S. P.; Parikh, C. P.; Parek, J. L.; Patel, B. D.; Patel, B. I.; Patel, L. V.; Patel, M. P.; Patel, R. U; Patvardhan, C. H.; Pawaskar, S. L.; Pendse, V. B.; Phadris, V. B.; Ranade, A. K.; Redkar, A. S.; Rege, Y. V.; Rishod D. L.; Sanasvabudhe, K. G.; Samak, V. K.; Sane, G. K.; Saraya, M. K.; Sathe, R. D.; Shah, A. J.; Shah, J. L.; Shah, M. P.; Shah, Sankalchand G.; Shah, Saubhagvachand G.; Shroff, S. C.; Soneji, C. J.; Tamhankhar, D. P.; Thakur, S. M.; Trivedi K. S.; Vaidya, V. G.; Vakil, C Varktak, Y. V.; Vora, L. A.; Vyas, I. P.; Zanakar, G. D.; Advani K. J.; Aga, D. C.; Bhatia, R. H.; Gangaramani, F. T.; Hukmani, G. D.; Jagus, J. S.; Java, T. V.; Keswani, T. D.; Khatri, U. A.; Lalvani, S. I.; Mathrani, I. P.; Mathrani, M. P.; Mistry, H. D.; Motwani, M. M.; Rijsinghani, J. A.; Sahiar, F. M.; Shah, A. G.; Shah, G. R.; Sheth, N. F.; Wania, P. J.; Banatvala, C. J.; Miss Benjamin, Lizzee Vera; Messrs. Cama, J. R. H.; Dalal D. L.; Edibam, D. R.; Ghandhi, J. J.; Kharegat, C. M.; Morris H P.; Padshah, K. P.; Miss Ravmond, Ethel; Mr. Shrikhande, D. V.; Miss Vakil, Gajri Dolatram; Messrs. Vakil, S. N.; Dias J. T.; Engineer, E. H.; Ribeiro, F.; Kumana, H. E.; Rabadi, M. A.; Bapat, P. V.

Abhyankar, Dattarava Dinkar; Abhyankar, Vishwanath Vishnu; Acharya, Ramrao Kashinath; Adake, Damodar Govind; Adhikari, Dattarava Mahinat; Adhye, Sadashiv Balkrishna; Agashe, Yashvant Raghunath; Ajgaonkar, Mukund Dattatraya; Akerkar, Ganesh Narayan; Alurkar, Guri Raghavendra; Amin, Apabhai Bavaji; Amin, Ashabhai Becharbhai; Amonkar, Anant Dattoba; Angadi, Andanappa Channapa; Apte, Laxman; Ramen, Chandra; Apti, Purshottam, Mahadev; Apte, Sadashiv Shridhar; Asundi, Gopal Narayan; Athavale, Ramkrishna Hari; Avasare, Mahadev Dattatraya; Babrekar, Dattatraya Sakharam; Badshah, Kantiprasad Satyarprasad; Bal, Krishnaji Gopal; Bal, Ramchandra Gopal; Barve, Dattatraya Balkrishna; Barve, Nilkanth Gopal; Basu, Hindpur Nagendra; Bavale, Pandurang Shamrao; Bengali, Vishvanath Martand; Bhagvat, Sitabai Balaji; Bhandarkar, Ganesh Dattaram; Bhanu, Mahadev Chintaman; Bhatawadekar, Sakharam Shivram; Bhatkhande, Hanmant Raghunath; Bhatt, Damodar Bhaishankar; Bhatt, Gajanan Quniyashankar; Bhatt, Hardevlal Ishvarlal; Bhatt, Harihar Pranshankar; Bhatt, Narharishankar Madhavram; Bhatt, Ravishankar Manishankar; Bhatt, Someshwar Purushottam; Bhatt, Trimbaklal Mojilal; Bhave, Gopal Govind; Bhave, Shankar Trimbak; Bhide, Abaji Balvant; Bhide, Vasudev Vidyadhar; Bhokrikar, Krishnaji Gopal; Bhopatkar, Trimbak Ganesh; Bindiganavale, Garudachar Ramkrishna; Bokil, Dattatraya Sakharam; Bongale, Mahadev Mukund; Brahmadande, Vasudev Anant; Brahmanalkar, Ramkrishna Narayan; Brahme, Mangesh Ramchandra; Budhdev, Narshidar Motichand; Chhatre, Mukund Nilkant; Chhaya, Dilsukhrai Harirai; Chhaya, Shivlal Jethalal; Chiplunkar, Krishna Mahadev; Chitale, Gopal Balkrishna; Chitnis, Rudraji Vinayakrao; Chitre, Shrinivas Keshav; Chokshi, Chandulal Amratlal; Cholkar, Govind Raoji; Dalal, Chhaganlal Gangadas; Dalal, Ranchhoddas Motilal; Damle, Gopa l Dinkar; Dange, Ganesh Appaji; Daphale, Dattatraya Shrinivas; Darbari, Maneklal Sunderji, Date, Gangadhar Kashinath; Dave, Bhalchandra Kamlashankar; Dave, Durgashankar Dayashankar; Dave, Jaduram Bhimji; Dave, Kalidas Vasanji; Dave, Lakshmishankar Amritlal; Dave. Premshankar Ganeshji; Desai, Bhanuprasad Chakubhai; Desai, Chhotubhai Kunverji; Desai, Dhirajlal helabhai; Desai, Dolatrai Jivanji; Desai, Dolatrai Kasanji; Desai; Gunvantrai Maneklal; Desai, Ishvarbhai Motibhai; Desai, Jivanji Kalyanji; Desai, Nagarji Khandubhai; Desai, Prabhulal Maganlal; Desai, Ranchhodji Morarji; Desai, Sunderrao Ganpatrao; Desai, Vithaldas Purshottamdas; Deshmukh, Anant Trimbak; Deshmukh, Trimbak Purushottam; Deshpande, Gopal Ramchandra; Deshpande, Gopinath Krishna; Deshpande, Krishnaji Govind; Deshpande, Laxmikant Madhav; Dhadphale, Bhalchandra Vaman; Dharmadhikari, Narayan Balvant; Dholakia, Vijayashankar Ravishankar; Dighe, Gajanan Raghunath; Divakar, Rango Ramchandra; Diwadkar, Gopal Shridhar; Dongre, Thakubai; Dongre, Yashvant Ramchandra; Doshi, Bhogilal Savchand; Doshi, Harilal Khushalchand; Doshi, Jatashankar Jagjivan; Doshi, Kalidas Narandas; Doshi, Manilal Bhaichand; Dudhmande, Ramchandra Govind; Dundh, Nathu Narsi; Durve, Shamrao Yeshvantrao; Engineer, Gordhandas Dahyabhai; Erande, Ganesh Anant; Fozdar, Yeshwantlal Motilal; Gad, Shamrao Hanmantrao; Gadgil, Chintaman Krishna; Gaikwad, Malanbai; Gaikwar, Ratnakar Hanmant; Gandhi, Gokaldas Dalsuram; Gandhi, Hiralal Pranjivandas; Gandhi, Jethalal Vahlabhai; Gandhi, Ratilal Mulji; Garde, Ramchandra Narayan; Gatha, Mohanlal Ramji; Gavande, Anant Eknath; Gavane, Maruti Martand; Ghanekar, Dattatraya Keshav; Gharpure, Shivram Raghunath; Ghate, Gajanan Mahadev; Ghate, Parshuram Vinayak; Ghatikar, Venkatesh Hanmant; Gijwanekar, Atmaram Vyankatesh; Godbole, Chintaman Vithal; Gode, Parshuram Krishna; Gokhale, Nilkanth Ganesh; Gokhale, Vishnu Ganesh; Goldsmith, Dhirajlal Chunilal; Gole, Ramchandra Damodar; Gore, Narayan Vasudev; Gujar, Jivraj Motichand; Gunjikar, Bhimaji Gururao; Gupte, Jagannath Govind; Hajirnis, Sitaram Laxman; Harnhalli, Anant Subrao; Harpan halli, Krishnaji Venkatesh; Hivale, Bhaskar Pandurang; Hulyal, Raghvendra Dhondo; Ingreji, Dinanath Keshavram; Jani, Chimanlal Maneklal; Jash, Jethalal Madhavlal; Javdekar, Shankar Dattraya; Jayakar, Ganpatrao Gopinath; Jhaveri, Kalyanbhai Sarabhai; Jhaveri, Mohanlal Bhagvandas; Jhaveri, Ramnikal Keshavlal; Jog, Mahadev Gopal; Joglekar, Dattatraya Krishna; Joglekar, Gopal Shivram; Joglekar, Govind Ganesh; Joglekar, Hari Sakharam; Joshi, Anant Bhaskar; Joshi, Ganesh Bhaskar; Joshi, Hari Dattatraya; Joshi Kevalram Bhimji; Joshi, Krishnaji Ramchandra; Joshi, Madhva Narayan; Joshi, Narayan Krishna; Joshi, Shrinivas Ramchandra; Joshi, Sitaram Narhar; Joshi, Vishwanath Dattatraya; Joshi, Yeshvantrai Rajaram; Junnarkar, Malhar Yashvantrao; Juvekar, Govind Vishnu; Kaji, Mangalprasad Chhaganlal; Kanetkar, Narhar Ganesh; Kapadia, Haridas Gopaldas; Kapadia, Hiralal Bapulal; Kapadia, Mangaldas Durlabhdas; Kapadia, Purshotam Kanji; Kapadia, Ratilal Girdhar; Kapre, Nagesh Shripat; Karikatti, Manmohan Hanmantrao; Karnik, Gangadhar Trimbak; Katti, Krishnaji Badrayan; Kazi, Ochhavlal Gordhandas; Kelkar, Venubai; Keshani, Ramniklal Chhotalal; Khandwala, Hiralal Pranjivandas; Khanolkar, Mahadev Raghunath; Khare, Shridhar Ramchandra; Konnur, Hanmant Balvantrao; Kothari, Mohanlal Lallubhai; Kotnis, Anant Narsinh; Kshirsagar, Vaman Hari; Kulkarni, Divakar Shripat; Kulkarni, Dwarkanath Damodar; Kulkarni, Ganesh Dattatraya; Kulkarni, Krishnaji Pandurang; Kulkarni, Krishnaji Venkatesh; Kulkarni, Shivram Krishna; Kulkarni, Shrinivas Rangnath; Kulkarni, Tamaji Vasudev; Kulkarni, Vithal Keshav; Kulkarni, Yashvant Govind; Kumthekar, Balkrishna Narayan; Kundangar, Kallappa Giriappa; Kunte, Balkrishna Pandurang; Ladhani, Kanji Parmanand; Late, Ramchandra Gangadhar; Lele, Vishvanath Narayan; Limaye, Dattatraya Parsharam; Limaye, Narayan Sitaram; Madiwale, Shankar Narayan; Maduskar, Rajaram Vaman; Mahishi, Madhva Narsingrao; Majmudar, Madhusudan Girdharrai; Majmudar, Nensukhrai Vinodrai; Mandalia, Jivabhai Damabhai; Mande, Anant Bapuji; Maniar, Vithaldas Mohanlal; Mantri, Krishnaji Tatoba; Marathe, Keshav Vithal; Marathe, Vasant Balvant; Marathe, Vishnu Vaman; Masur, Hanmant Govindrao; Maydev, Vasudev Govind; Mazmundar, Shantirai Ranchhodrai; Mehendarge, Pandharinath Govind; Mehta, Makarand Nandsukhram; Mehta, Nihalchand Punamchand; Mehta, Shantilal Narsidas; Modi, Amritlal Maganlal; Modi, Ramniklal Maganlal; Modi, Vanmalidas Bhagvandas; Moghe, Dattatraya Sakharam; Moghe, Moreshwar Ramchandra; Morab, Gundo Hanmant; Mulbhatkal, Narayan Manjnath; Mulay, Purushottam Govind; Nadkarni, Dattatraya Krishnarao; Naik, Kesrinath Ramchandra; Naik, Krishnaji Pandurang; Navalkar, Sitaram Nanabhai; Nayak, Upendra Vithoba; Nemlekar, Dattatraya Ganesh; Nene, Balkrishna Gangadhar; Nerurkar, Govind Vishnu; Nevagi, Mukund Vasudev; Oza, Damodar Lalji; Pagnis, Ramchandra Balkrishna; Palshikar, Sitaram Vishnu; Pancholi, Chandrashankar Manishankar; Pandit, Bhasker Gangadhar; Pandit, Digambar Hari; Pandya, Gajendrashankar Lalshankar; Pandya, Harilal Chunilal; Pandya, Laxmanrao Bhaskarrao; Pandya, Narmadashankar Morarji; Pandya, Ramniklal Chunilal; Pandya, Shivshankar Bulakhiram; Pandya, Venilal Keshavlal; Panvalkar, Damodar Balkrishna; Parchure, Krishnaji Kashinath; Parekh, Haridas Liladhardas; Parekh, Jethalal Parbhudas; Parekh, Pitamberdas Ishvardas; Parekh, Vallabhdas Purushottam; Parikh, Balgovind Narottamdas; Parikh, Chimanlal Motilal; Parikh, Dahyabhai Gokaldas; Parikh, Dahyabhai Maganlal; Parthanhalli, Jivaji Ganesh; Patel, Chaturbhai Kalidas; Patel, Chaturbhai Purushottamdas; Patel, Chhotabhai Shivabhai; Patel, Chunilal Bhikhabhai; Patel, DevjiBhai Motibhai; Patel, Hiralal Ranchhodlal; Patel, Purshotam Bhailal; Patil, Ganesh Hari; Patva, Kanchanlal Trikamlal; Patwardhan, Vaman Ramkrishna; Patwardhan, Yashvant Pandurang; Pendharkar, Dattatraya Narayan; Pendse, Sadashiv Krishna; Pimpalkhare, Godubai Ramchandra; Ponda, Purshottam Premji; Popat, Chimanlal Tribhovandas; Prabhu, Mukund Narayan; Rajadhyaksha, Narayan Gopal; Rajpathak, Moreshwar Gopal; Ramchandrarao, Bagepalli; Raval, Trimbaklal Virji; Rege, Damodar Laxman; Riswadkar, Raghunath Govind; Sabnis, Purushottam Sitaram; Sabnis, Trimbak Sitaram; Saitwadekar, Krishnarao Sunderrao; Sandhe, Purushottam Narayan; Sane, Laxman Narayan; Sanghvi, Navalchand Pranjivan; Sarlashkar, Dattatraya Narayan; Sathe, Mahadev Hari; Shah, Chhotalal Motilal; Shah, Chimanlal Dharshi; Shah, Dalpatbhai Popatlal; Shah, Damodardas Vrijlal; Shah, Fulchand Kasturchand; Shah, Hiralal Amritlal; Shah, Hirlal Gordhandas; Shah, Hiralal Manchhachand; Shah Maneklal Chunilal; Shah, Maneklal Pranjivandas; Shah, Narayandas Virjlal; Shah, Raichand Rajshi; Shelat, Natvarlal Manlilal; Sheth, Chandulal Chunilal; Sheth, Chhaganlal Pranjivandas; Sheth, Dwarkadas Manekchand; Sheth, Gelabhai Chhotalal; Shinde, Ramrao Goveindrao; Shrikhande, Shankar Balvant; Shukla, Mahashankar Jivatram; Shukla, Trambaklal Harishankar; Sindgikar, Narayan Rangrao; Sonar, Vishnu Appaji; Srirangam, Venkatavarada Iyengar; Takalkar, Anant Balkrishna; Talati, Ranchhodlal Mathurdas; Talvalkar, Sakharam Hari; Tambe, Dhondo Vithal; Tamhane, Sadashiv Balkrishna; Telang, Balkrishna Baburao; Telang, Nanabhai Ramchandra; Tengshe, Sadashiv Laxman; Thakar, Shankar Vinayak; Thakur, Keshav Bhikaji Thomas, Alice N; Trivedi, Ratilal Vithaldas; Tutwala, Bhogilal Jivachand; Umadi, Parappa Mallappa; Upadyaya, Nathji Ganpatram Upadhyaya, Natvarlal Bapalal; Ursekar, Nilkanth Gajanan; Vaidya, Rajaram; Keshav; Vaidya, Ramrao Bhalchandra; Vasavada, Deviprasad Vavrishankar; Vatsraj, Vaikunthrai Vajeshankar; Velankar; Vaman Raghunath; Vipat, Ramchandra Laxman; Virkar, Shankar Narayan; Vora, Jayantilal Madhavlal, Vora Prajashankar Laxmishankar; Vyas, Balashankar Devshankar; Vyas, Jhaverilal Trambaklal; Vyas, Vishwanath Jivanram; Wadhaokar, Eknath Govind; Wandrekar, Dattatraya Nathoba; Wani, Laxmandas Bhagvandas; Yajnik Wani, Janklal Kundanshankar; Yajnik, Shantilal Chunilal; Abro, Rahimbux Mahomed Chhuttul; Advani, Gangaram Shewaram; Advani, Gidumal Parsram; Ajwani, Parsram Chetumal; Attaria, Abdulhusain Lukmanji; Baladinani, Abdullah Valimahomed; Baluch, Abdulrahim Muradali; Baluch, Nasrullahkhan Bachalkhan; Barakzai, Mahomed Jaffer Fatihallakhan; Bham, Ibrahim Mahomed; Bhonsle, Gopal Babaji; Bidikar, Venkat Balaji; Boyce, Jamshed Bomanji; Butani, Tejbhan Girdhardas; Chandiramani, Ladharam Mohandas; Chhatrapati, Maganlal Chhotalal; Choksi, Gustad Kavashah; Chowdhari, Laxmibai; Dalal, Feroze Darabshah; Dastur, Dinsha Pestonji; Dastur, Tehmurasp Marzban; Desai, Chhotalal Bhimbhai; Desai, Maneklal Motilal; Divanji, Pritamlal Mahipatram; Doctor, Hirji Rustomji; Dumasia, Pirojsha Kharshedji; Farnavis, Gurnath Venkatesh; Gandhi, Jeyshankar Amritlal; Green, Pestonji Dhanjisha; Gulrajani, Alimchand Kalachand; Gulrajani, Rupchand Karamchand; Gurbaxani, Nihalchand Assumal; Hakim, Kasamali Bapusahib; Hingorani, Ramchand Jhamandas; Inamdar, Mahomedali Gulamali; Irani, Jamshed Rustom; Irani, Muluk Sheriar; Italia, Hormasji Cowasji; Tava, Atmaram Govindram; Joshi, Chamanrai Bhavaishankar; Kalapesi, Ardesar Sorabji; Katta, Pragi Parsotam; Kazi, Abdulghani Faizmahomed; Khatri, Kimatrai Relumal; Khemani, Mangharam Pritamdas; Kripalani, Hashmatrai Khushiram; Kulkarni, Ganesh Dhondopant; Lala, Gopaldas Naraindas; Lalji, Ibrahim Fazulbhoy; Lavangia, Nariman Bomanji; Malkani, Tarachand Kewalram; Mama, Gustad Ardeshir; Mewati, Mahomedkhan Husainkhan; Modi, Mayachand Khemchand; Mohimtulay, Mahomed Hasan Nuruddin; Mutilbani, Fatehmahomed Mulamahomed; Nanavati, Mohanlal Bhaidas; Narwani, Loknmal Sobhraj, Nemazi, Mahomed Khalil; Ovalekar, Dattatraya Khanderao; Pandya, Mohanmanishankar Dhanshankar; Parikh, Madhavlal Bhurabhai; Patel, Dhunjishaw Jivanji; Patel, Ibrahim Alibhai; Patel, Ishwarbhai Bhulabhai; Pathan, Shitabkhan Ahmedkhan; Poonawala, Fidahusein Daudbhai; Raiji, Parikshit Maganrai; Rajmalani, Verhomal Nanumal; Rajurkar, Kashinath Bhimrao;

Safari, Kurbanhusen Badrudin; Sarode, Arjun Bhagvant; Shah, Himatlal Dahyabhai; Shah, Jeshangbhai Mohanlal; Shahani, Jivatram Thakurdas; Shahani, Mohanlal Khemchand; Shaikh, Abidulla Abdulrehman; Sipahimalani, Khanchand Pessumal; Sonpar, Ramchand Naraindas; Sukhrani, Hemandas Kishinchand; Surveyor, Dhunjisha Framji; Syed, Yahyamia Yakubmia; Techchandani, Tulsidas Kherajmal; Thadani, Ramchand Rijhumal; Thakore, Kantilal Chhaganlal; Vakil, Champaklal Jamiatram; Vakil, Jagmohandas Jekisandas; Varma, Jaikrishna Nagardas; Vasvani Dialmal Menghraj; Vasvni, Ramchand Jethmal; Wadhwani, Harjondas Rupchand; Bamnolkar, Benjamin Joseph; Bhimdiwala, Pestonji Darabsha; Boghani, Jamnadas Narbheram; Contractor, Nusserwanji Ardeshir; Davar, Tehmina Ardeshir; Desai, Chhaganbhai Haribhai; Desai, Shankarlal Maneklal; Dewal, Krishnaji Dattatraya; Dhruva, Khanderao Bajurao; Dhurandhar, Babhruvahan Raoji; Digaria, Burjor Nowroji; Dodhi, Nasarvan Jehangirji; Forbes, Khodabux Nusserwanji; Frenchman, Dinshah Phirozshah; Garda, Nadir Framroze; Gazdar, Framroz Jehangir; Gora, Jamshed Pestonji; Jahina, J. Nariman; Kapadia, Alibai Sorabji; Karkare, Krishnaji Govind; Karnik, Shridhar Vinayak; Katrak, Hirabai Nanabhai; Kazerani, Mahomed Hassan Fatoola; Kirtikar, Shamrao Vinayakrao; Mehta, Bejanji Pestanji Mehta, Chhotalal Pitamberdas; Mehta, Jitendra Shambhuprasad; Mehta, Vinod Markand; Modi, Tarachand Narbheram; Motiwalla, Noshirwan Byramji; Nanavati, Tansukhlal Hiralal; Pandit, Mahadev Vinayak; Patel, Sorabji Dadabhoy; Paymaster, Nariman Ruttonji; Pilgaokar, Jaiwant Mangesh; Rane, Ramrao Mothabhai; Riswadkar, Hari Krishna; Sabnis, Mangesh Narayan; Sabnis, Shridhar Narayan; Shah, Hiralal Motilal; Sheth, Gordhandas Tribhovandas; Spencer, Edalji Pestonji; Talpade, Khanderao Nanabhai; Thakore, Dhanvantrai Sakerlal; Vaishnav, Mahasukhlal Venishankar; Vakil, Ganpatrao Raghunath; Vakil, Meherji Hirjibhoy; and Wadia, Cursetji Framji.

LATIN.

Almeida, Joseph Manuel; Dalgado, Alfred; Fudduani, Alidina Ghulamali; Janmahomed, Sultanali; Kundanani, Jamiatrai Lalchand; Meherban, Nowsherwan Aspandiar; Moses, Isaac; Oswald, Louis; Panthaki, Pirozsha Rustomji; Saldanha, Gabriel Raphael; Samuel, Abraham Joseph; Enti, Cowas Ardeshir; Gheyara, Dhanjishaw Ratanshaw; Kanga, Rustomji Hormasji; Toot, Jamshedji Hormusji; Samuel, Rebecca; Dev, Vaman Chintaman; and Karmarkar, Damodar Narhar.

PRIZES AND SCHOLARSHIPS.

The Scholarships and Prizes have been awarded as under:—

The Gibbs Prize:—Divided between Messrs. Beri, Shridhar Govind; and Soares, Aloysius.

The Varjivandas Madhavdas Sanskrit Scholarship and the Shivchand Amarchand Talakchand Jain Literature Schlarship to Mr. Agashe, Rajaram Ganesh.

The Sir Frank Souter Scholarship to Mr. Khakri, Umar Abar.

The Framji Sorabji Bhavnagri Scholarship to Mr. Kumana, Hakimji Edulji.

The Rao Bahadur Parvatishankar M. Dave Scholarship to Mr. Pandya, Gajendrashankar Lalshankar.

The Ganjabai Bhat Scholarship to Miss Dongre, Thakabai.

The Ibrahimbhoy Rahimtulla Khoja Testimonial Scholarship to Mr. Attaria, Abdulhusain Lakmanji.

The Dr. F. G. Selby Scholarship to Mr. Patvardhan, Sitaram Parushottam.

BOMBAY AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR.

A striking feature of the programme at the Excelsior is the advent of Mr. Arthur Canworth, an altogether exceptional banjo player, who introduces the only "singing banjo" in the world. He is described by competent critics as "the greatest banjo player who has ever appeared in India, and an excellent baritone vocalist." If his turn comes up to what is said of him by those who have heard him he will be decidedly worth hearing. There is also another strong film programme, including a startling film, "Kings of the Forest," in which the audience have the jungle and its terrors and mystery brought before their eyes as they sit. It is desrcibed as a story of intense interest acted among most thrilling surroundings. There is also an excellent comic film, and several other features, the quality of which is vouched for by the reputation earned by the Excelsior in the matter of its pictures, small and great.

ALCAZAR CINEMA DE LUXE.

The Brothers Gould, Instrumentalists and Whirlwind Dancers, have one of the prettiest dancing acts that has ever visited the East, one of them has had the honour of performing before His Majesty the King at the Hippodrome London, and the youngest was for some considerable time the principal character-dancer at the Imperial Palace, Moscow. To-night they are putting on a complete change of programme. They are singing a song of medley choruses and play their mandolines and dance at the same time harmonised Ragtime and will finish up with a terrific whirlwind Russian Dance. This will be their last week prior to their departure for Australia and their turn should be seen by all lovers of dancing. Miss Doreen Dale, the charming actress vocalist who secured a 'big win' of public appreciation last week has some very neat and natty numbers to present this evening. "Billy's First Cigarette" should prove a "winner" as it is in songs of this description that gives Miss Dale plenty of scope to put her histronic abilities into the singing of it. Another number will be "In the Spring." It is not often we get artistes in Bombay, who have forsaken the musical comedies for music hall's and as a rule they all are first class vocalists and actresses, and Miss Dale is no exception to the rule and her songs to-night should 'make good.' A fine collection of pictures will be screened including a drama a "Goanese Conspiracy" 'a scenic' comic comedy and Pathe's Gazette.

THE OLYMPIA.

Sir Walter Scott's famous novel "Ivanhoe" which has been filmed at great expense will be thrown on the screen to-night at the well-known Olympia cinematograph. The name of Scott is a great favorite and the cinema going public will no double welcome this picture. Another film "Oil and Water" will be put on which will depict how a stage beauty ran away from her husband. On the whole the new programme promises to be a very interesting one.

BAPTIST CHURCH SALE OF WORK.

OPENED BY LADY WILLINGDON

FOURTH FUNCTION IN FOUR WEEKS.

The two days' sale of work on behalf of the building debt of the Baptist Church was opened last evening by Her Excellency Lady Willingdon. The Hall of the Young Men's Christian Association on Wodehouse Road, which usually presents a staid meeting-like appearance, was gay with the many artistically arranged stalls, the work both of the men and the women of the Church congregation. By the entrance and opposite was placed the two ladies stalls. One almost Japanese in appearence, rich with many treasures of lace, embriodery, etc., the other containing, more useful if less attractive proofs of the nimbleness of ladies' fingers. In between Nestles' had two stalls, one displaying in a most attractive manner their far-famed milk and the other devoted to the tempting chocolate. At the further end of the room all manner of provisions were to be purchased, while opposite ranged three stalls; one of Fancy work, and two stalls for children, one devoted to their needs and the other to heir joys Here was to be seen all the youthful heart longed for from the tin soldier and the drum to dolls enough to suit the most fastidious little lady. Flowers, cooled by a huge block of ice, adorned the centre, and nearby, happy youngsters chanced what the Bran Pie would offer them. The room adjoining was devoted to the men's stall, which contained guns and swords from Bijapur over three hundred years' old, and a refreshment stall, with sweets most temptingly displayed.

One of the features of the sale of work is the half-hour concerts, from 7-15 to 7-45 and from 9-15 to 9-45 to be held in the gymnasium, each day a number of well-known amateurs helping and the programme promises a most attractive eight nnas worth.

ARRIVAL OF LADY WILLINGDON.

Lady Willingdon, accompanied by Miss Beaumont Nesbit, and Capt. E. B. Egerton, arrived at 5 p.m. in an open landau, accompanied by the Governor's body guard. They were met at the entrance by the Rev. H. E. Barrell the pastor of the Church, who conducted Lady Willingdon to the platform, where one of the little girls of the congregation presented Lady Willingdon with a bouquet of flowers.

After the short devotional preliminary the Rev. Barrell in asking Lady Willingdon to open the sale of work, remarked how very glad they were to have Her Excelleny with them. He remarked that this was the fourth function of a similar description Lady Willingdon had opened in a few weeks, and in view of the invidious reputation Bazaars had acquired of over-charging, he hoped Her Excellency would not think they had fallen into a den of thieves. The Baptist Church, he continued, had an honourable history of 40 years' in Byculla. The migration of the Europeans to Colaba and other districts made it necessary that the church should move with the times, and so the present building was undertaken. It had cost Rs. 1,31,000, inclusive of all expenses, leaving a debt of Rs. 27,500. It was remarked, he said, that this was not a large debt, but it was always found difficult to clear the last bit.

AN APPEAL.

Continuing Rev. Barrell said that he might claim that a sale of work had many social advantages, but he would say that their main object was to get money. He would not say, as a man once said to his son just starting on his business carrer, "get money, honestly if you can, but get money," but he would say that the object was to get money. He referred to a remark that was made to the effect that the Baptist Church was a dying Institution, and pointed to the sale of work in evidence of its vitality.

Lady Willingdon in declaring the Bazaar open said she hoped those present would generously purchase from the stalls, as they were sure to find many things they would want, as she was sure to in every stall she visited.

Master Richard Muir then presented Lady Willingdon with a lovely hand painted satin casket, in a basket of heliotrope asters, trimmed with white and meliotrope ribbons, the favourite colours of Her Excellency.

Lady Willingdon then visited the different stalls, shaking hands and chatting with the different stall-holders, and purchasing very generously from each.

IMPERIAL GYMKHANA CLUB.

OPENED AT DELHI BY A DANCE.

(From Our Correspondent.)

DELHI, Dec. 12.

To mark the opening of the Imperial Gymkhana Club a dance took place last night. The Viceroy and Lady Hardinge and about 250 guests of the President and the Committee were present. Their Excellencies took part in the "lancers" which opened the programme. For the occasion no pains had been spared in decoration or illumination. The entrance to the Club was brilliantly lit, a striking effect being obtained by a setting of small lights in two large trees. The ball-room was the subject of general admiration for its design, its decoration and the excellence of the floor. Dancing was not finished until a late hour. The band was that of the 2nd K. E. O. Gurkhas and its playing was greatly appreciated.

THE 'VARSITY MATCH.

BOMBAY WINS BY 8 WICKETS.

POOR DISPLAY BY MADRAS.

HOME TEAM'S BAD LUCK AND BAD FIELDING.

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, Dec. 12.

Up to 1 p.m. yesterday the Madras University had five wickets down for 53 runs. The innings closed just before lunch for 84 runs. Desai was the most successful bowler on the Bombay side capturing five wickets for 23 runs. Morenas bowled at an uncommonly fast pace, but he was not difficult to play. He and Joshi accounted for two wickets each. The fielding of the visiting team was excellent and elicited frequent applause.

Play was resumed after lunch, Bombay opening their innings with Driver and Masani, against the attack of Raghavan and Vasu. The start, was most promising, both batsmen playing with perfect confidence. The game progressed merrily up to the second decade and shortly after this Masani was nicely held by Williams off Raghavan (21-1-8). Morenas joined Driver, but could not do anything, Raghavan's bowling greatly disconcerting him. With the total at 27 he was caught by Medappa off Raghavan (27-2-0). Deodhar now joined his Captain. It was soon evident that he was going to make a score, and his free style of play was most interesting to watch. With the score at 36 Madras succeeded in dismissing Driver, who succumbed to a catch in the slips off Raghavan (36-3-24). With Parekh and Deodhar at the wicket the score began to rise rapidly, the former hiting out well. D'Cruz relieved Vasu at the pavilion end and Vankatamanjulu came on a little later. Deodhar gave a chance to Paul which was a difficult one and was not accepted, a misfortune which Madras had reason to regret, for this batsman's partnership with Parekh proved the biggest one of the innings. The score reached 86 when Parekh was very smartly stumped by Swarna in playing forward to a tempting ball from Venkatamanjulu 85-4-29. Dongre partnered Deodhar and the century was reached after play had been in progress for one hour and a quarter. Dongre poked up one of Vasu's deliveries and had a narrow escape. Favoured with plenty of luck the new batsman kept up his end, while his partner raised the score to 118 runs. At this stage Raghavan performed the great feat of bringing Deodhar off with a ball which beat the great batsman completely (118-5-42). His dismissal saw the collapse of the Bombay team, for

BOMBAY DEVELOPMENT.

MR. BILLIMORIA'S EVIDENCE.

REMOVAL OF UNIVERSITY BUILDINGS ADVOCATED.

The Bombay Development Committee resumed its sittings yesterday at the Secretariat, Bombay. The Hon. Mr. Claude Hill, presided, and the other Commissioners present were the Hon. Sir Pherozeshah M. Mehta; Sir Bhalchandra Krishna; the Hon. Sir Ebrahim Rahimtoola; Mr. Kissan; Mr. Wittet; and the Hon. Mr. F. L. Sprott.

The first witness examined was Mr. A. J. Billimoria. In answer to questions by the Chairman the witness stated that he advocated the construction of a road between Hornby Road and the Ballard Pier. He was of opinion that it would be to the interests of the general public as well as to the commercial interests. He considered it of sufficient importance to be taken into the general scheme of development. It being in the heart of the business quarter, he considered it almost a necessity. He was of opinion that the extended demands for offices in the Fort, would take up the whole space between Hornby Road and Wadlby Road. He did not think that it would extend further North. If there was still a demand he thought. Offices would spread towards Wodehouse Road, and along Colaba causeway, but not further than the Cotton Green. As to the migration of residents in that event the witness thought the higher classes would go to the Western portion, to Worli, and Mahim, and even to Salsette. Asked if he knew of the opinion expressed by a witness yesterday with reference to the Worli foreshore being all rock, witness said he was aware of it, but did not think that it would effect the building of residences to any great extent. He felt there was a great deal of space to be occupied along the foreshore and at Mahim, and did not agree with the opinion expressed at the last meeting that there was not much land to be occupied. The only part that was generally occupied was on the approach to Bandra. Witness thought it might be necessary to have a supplementary road north of the Villard in case the improvements to aid migration North came into being. He did not have a decided opinion as to whether it would greatly help the colonisation of that district if a separate route was built from Mahim to Grant Road on the B. B. and C. I. Railway.

REMOVAL OF UNIVERSITY.

The witness thought that the new colleges in connection with the university should be removed from the Fort to a locality in the norther part of Salsette, leaving the University in its present location. As an alternative scheme he suggested the entire removal of the University and the colleges attached, and that the present buildings be given over to Government. Asked if he had considered the question of sentiment attaching to removal of the University from the present site, witness said that there would be a sentiment against it, but it would not be great. He pointed out that Elphinstone College was at one time at Chinpookly. He felt it was a matter in which the sentiment was worth overriding. Asked as to what he would do with the existing buildings in case his suggestion was adopted, the witness stated that he would hand it over to the Government. Further questioned, he thought it might be used for the College of Commerce. In the alternative he would sell the site. Asked if he remembered the opposition to building on the University Gardens when a small structure was proposed, witness said that as long as the University Hall remained there, he would oppose any such structure.

EXAMINED BY SIR P. M. MEHTA.

Examined by Sir Pherozeshah Mehta, witness said that he did not attach much value to the sentiment in this case. Questioned as to his alternate proposals for removing the colleges and the university, witness said that he was aware of the present uses that the university buildings were put to, such as offices for the registrar, convocation purposes, and meetings of the senate. He also knew that there was a library, and that an enlargement was contemplated in the near future, in order that it might prove of greater usefulness to the students and graduates. Sir Pherozeshah drew the witness's attention to the fact that if the colleges were removed and the university remained in the present locality, this purpose would be largely frustrated. In view of the many examinations held during the year, the witness was asked if he did not consider it would be very inconvenient to have the colleges so far away as Salsette, and if the many necessities for seeking information at the university would not further inconvenience the students, witness replied that he did not consider they would be so great, and explained that he had said *even* to Salsette. Asked as to what he would do with the two big colleges, Wilson College and St. Xaviers' College, he said he would advocate their being removed too. He did not think the students in the colleges would have to come into town very often.

With reference to the alternative suggestion, witness was asked what gain would accrue by planting the buildings at Salsette. The witness replied that the demand for land in the Fort necessitated it. Pressed on the point witness said that he advocated the removal to make way for commercial interests, otherwise he would not. Asked if he did not consider that the present college buildings were situated in a far healthier locality than they were likely to go into, witness said that the new quarters would not be unhealthy.

QUESTION OF ENVIRONMENT.

Continuing witness said that he would say that the surroundings would be of a character to harmonise with the requirements of a college. Asked further what classes the Improvement Trust's schemes would draw round that district, witness said the better sites would be occupied by the better classes, but that there would also be poorer people. He admitted that there would be many chawls, but that there would be a large number of middle class people. About a thousand acres would be available in which to segregate the college. Pressed still further witness admitted that the surroundings, however large they may be, would be occupied by a large number of the poorer classes and admitted that while the conditions would not be ideal, he saw no objection to them. Presssed further, witness admitted that the surroundings would not be desirable, but was of opinion that it had its advantages.

The witness, further examined by Sir Pherozeshah Mehta, said Worli and the foreshore of Mahim would attract a larger number of people than at present if the Love Grove nuisance were removed by taking the outfall further into the sea.

Replying to Sir Bhalchandra Krishna, the witness said he would remove the University buildings and colleges to the north of the city to make room for Government offices.

MR. C. V. MEHTA'S EVIDENCE.

Mr. C. V. Mehta, examined by the Chairman, said the St. George's Hospital if located at Parel near the old Government House would be too far. He would prefer the Cotton Green site for the purpose. Assuming there were no reclamation, the wealthy classes would like to live near Colaba. He did not think they would go so far as Mahim or Worli unless in the last resort. They would naturally like to be near the places of business and recreation.

Examined by Sir Pherozeshah Mehta, the witness said there would be no objection to mills and factories being pushed north-east. The Municipal Commissioner had the power to prevent a mill being erected on an open space if it was a nuisance.

Sir Pherozeshah asked the witness if he could point to any section of the Municipal Act which empowered the Commissioner to do it. He thought the Commissioner had the power to remove or abate a nuisance. And a mill might not necessarily be a nuisance.

The witness said if the Corporation had no such power, there would be objection to invest that body with powers to locate mills further north than he had suggested. It would be desirable to give that body such powers.

The witness further said when he suggested that the Trust should build more chawls, he meant more chawls for those displaced by their operations. The other public bodies must bear part of this cost. Owners of mills and such other industries should build chawls for their own workmen. He was not in favour of making it compulsory on them. If they wanted to take advantage of the facilities provided by the amended Act, they might.

But some of the mill owners say that they are not in a position to do so?—Then their financial position must be very poor.

The witness agreed with Sir Pherozeshah that it would be good if the mill-owners built chawls for their workmen.

If it was a good object why not compel them to provide the accommodation?—In that case we should compel all.

The witness further said if mill-owners were able to bear the cost it would be desirable in the interest of general sanitation to compel them to build chawls but then the compulsion should be applied to other industries and all public bodies, though primarily to the Improvement Trust.

Replying to Sir Ebrahim Rahimtoola, the witness said the Bombay Improvement Trust should receive the same amount of assistance from the provincial revenues as the Calcutta Trust did from the Bengal provincial revenues.

MORE CHAWLS FOR THE POOR REQUIRED.

Mr. C. V. Mehta, in his written evidence, said:—During the last four years the Improvement Trust have provided chawls for 5,000 more persons, bringing the total up to 15,000 adults, which is far short of the 75,000 for whom they meant to provide. Whether Millowners take advantage of the favourable terms placed at their disposal by the recent amendment of the Act or not, the Trustees must considerably accelerate this rate of progress for accommodating the displaced poor, especially as now the chawls show no, or, very little, loss. Sites for Government institutions and public institutions in which Government are interested can be provided for by Reclamation in Back Bay. The area released by the removal of the Cotton Green from Colaba may be utilized for educational institutions, such as, the Commercial College, etc. Part of it will also be required for expansion of the B. B. and C.I., Railway Terminus at Colaba. I do not approve of Grant Road as the Terminus for long distance traffic. Part of it may also be utilized for locating St George's Hospital.

Without wishing to suggest separate compartments for different grades of Society, I believe the reclamation will meet the demands of the wealthy classes and the people now residing in Fort, who will be displaced by the increasing number of offices and shops. The upper classes will always prefer to reside near clubs and places of amusement and near the centre of business, even if accommodation is made available near Worli. There appear to be good hopes of the extension of the outfall proving successful, but I regard the removal of the pumping station too costly and distant of accomplishment unless a profitable scheme for the utilization of sewage can be shown to be practicable, and so long as that is not done, the wealthy will not take kindly to Worli. Several of the richest men amongst Hindus and Mahomedans still reside in the native town, but in the near future they will avail themselves of the best residential quarters, though they may continue to retain their business in town. I do not think they will permanently live in the North of the City or in Salsette. The middle classes will tend to diffuse themselves gradually northwards, and in a body, until they have exhausted what space is available in Girgaon, Chawpatty, Gamdevi, Grant Road and Tardeo. This they are rapidly doing, and Dadar, Mahim and Matunga will be soon occupied, the lower middle classes taking up quarters near Railways and termini and bazaars, the upper ones going further out. The development of Mahim and the building of a road to the causeway should, therefore, be at once taken in hand. The road shold be constructed by the Improvement Trust as originally intended, and the development should be made by the Municipality by a judicious application of town planning. Owing to the prevalence of Malaria during certain seasons, want of a pure water-supply, absence of school, etc, expansion further North will be delayed. A great impetus, however, for the popularity of Mahim as well as Salsette would be an efficient, frequent, and fast train service. Early measures should be adopted for the electrification of the lines to achieve this end.

LOCATION OF INDUSTRIES.

There would be no objection to restricting industries to an area in the North-east of the island, but no such prohibition should come into force until communication and other facilities are obtainable there. Matunga and Mahim should certainly be saved from further erection of factories. I think, however, the low-lying area known as Mingutwadi and the area to the east of Naigaum may be made use of, and people should be allowed to chose what sites they think are most suitable, subject to the Municipal veto which should be strictly enforced in cases of apprehended nuisance. All objectionable industries should be relegated to the North-east of the island, and even sent outside of it. The demand for open space and recreation grounds is constantly growing, and where land is cheap it should be at once acquired I would insist on a play ground being provided within a reasonable distance of Schools and Colleges, and the younger children must also have a small open space, even in crowded localities. For older people, I regard free access of air round houses, or blocks of houses, as of more benefit than an open space, accustomed as they are, especially the women, to spending indoors the majority of the twenty-four hours. Wider streets acting as "lungs" are also most desirable, and the Improvement Trust must look up on their statutory power of providing open spaces and recreation grounds in their schemes as an obligation. Apart from roads North and South such as Frere and Reay Roads, Worli and DeLisle roads, the Municipality is doing its fair share and more in regard to East and West communications in connection with laying out roads in the Sewri district and widening of roads further South. Tramway traction has not fulfilled expectations so far as long distance traffic is concerned, and it would be worth while determining by expert opinion whether another system such as a bus service would not be preferable. If such should prove to be the case, we will have to revise our idea about the width of streets. Roads 150in. wide might then be an unnecessary luxury. In this connection I desire to suggest that a fair apportionment be recommended between the various bodies of the cost of all these improvements. Consideration of sentiment and expediency are opposed to uprooting of the University buildings and Colleges. They certainly are crowded. The expansion of the University can be best attained by the acquisition of adjoining buildings. The Secretariat can be accommodated on the reclamation, along with the public Hall and other public buildings. The reclamation would be a good investment, provided the estimates of cost are maintained.

The Committee then adjourned.

KNOCKED DOWN BY A BULLOCK CART.

FATAL STREET ACCIDENT.

Sayabai, a Hindu girl, residing at Chunam Kiln Road, was walking through Bazar Gate Street, on Wednesday, carrying a pot of toddy on her head when she was accidentally knocked down by a bullock cart which was following in the rear. Sayabai fell down and the bullock walked over her, treading on her stomach.

The driver pulled up, however, before the cart could injure her and Sayabai was removed to the G. T. Hospital, where she was treated for some time when she left the hospital of her own accord to continue the treatment of herself at home. Her injuries proved fatal, however, and she died on Thursday evening.

An inquest was held at the morgue, on her dead body by Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coroner. The evidence was that the cart was going slowly, but was on the wrong side of the road as it was about to turn into a bye-lane at the time of the accident.

The jury returned a verdict of death from injuries received by being accidentally knocked down and trodden on by a bullock.

LIST OF PASSENGERS.

The following is an additional list of passengers per steamer Caledonia Sailing to-day:—

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Hodgson, Rt. Rev. Bishop Montgomery, Mr. J. Ramsas, Miss. P. Osborne, Capt. G. B. A. Rind, Mr. A. W. Hands, Major J. L. Meyer, Major S. McPherson, Mr. Smith, Mr. A. P. Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Wilson, Mrs. H. V. MacGeorge, Miss Cooper, Mr. J. Ferrario, Mr. G. B. Allen, Mrs. Birney, Mrs. W. G. and Col. Macpherson, Rev. W. O. B. Allen, Mr. W. R. Read, Mr. R. H. Muir, Mr. M. Basheen Ahmed, Mr. S. H. Sopher, Mr. M. Nicholson, Mr. Miller, Mr. Ingels, Mrs. H. A. Young, Capt. F. W. Iiles, Miss MacGeorge, Capt. H. and Mrs. Etlinger, Mr. E. F. Visram, Major D. H. McNeile, and Mr. C. Whymper.

BAND AT ESPLANADE.

By kind permission of Col. W. R. Marshall and Officers, the "Band" of the Sherwood Foresters under the direction of Mr. A. H. Dewsall (Bandmaster) will play a programme of music at the Esplanade Band-stand to-day commencing at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.)

March—(from) "Girl on the Film".....Sirmay
Overture—"Mignon.".....Ambroise Thomas.
(a) "Spring Song" by Mendelssohn (b) Song "Temple Bells" Finden
Grand Selection—"Pagliacci."..... Leoncavallo
Valse—"Sonia." .....Zulueta
(a) Minuet (b) Intermezzo (from) Suite L'Arlesienne
Selection (from) Revue .....Hullo Ragtime" Hirsch.

The Viceroy, in his reply to the Bihar Planters' address, said, "you have played an important part in making Behar, and especially Trihut, the prosperous country it is."

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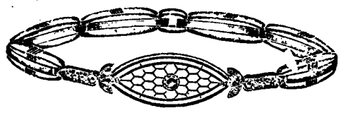
Diamonds. Rs. 850.

Sapphire, Pearl and Platinum. Rs. 175.

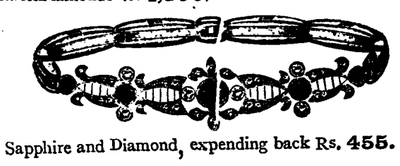
Diamond, Pearl and Platinum Crystal Pendant. Rs. 215.

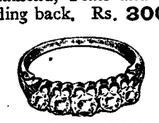
Pearl&Diamonds Rs 1,500.

Diamond Pearl and Platinum. Rs. 425.


Diamond, Pearl and Platinum with expanding back. Rs. 300.

Diamonds Rs. 550.


Sapphire and Diamond, expending back Rs. 455.

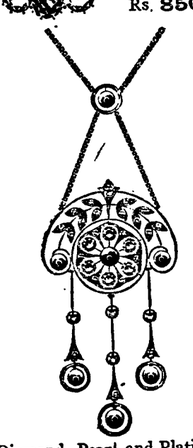

Diamonds Rs. 850.

Diamond and Pearls. Rs. 80.

Diamonds and Ruby. Rs. 850.

Diamonds and Pearls. Rs. 345.

Diamond, Sapphire and Pearl. Rs. 620.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The School is well situated and possesses a fully equipped Gymnasium, Cricket and Hockey grounds, Rifle Range and Cottage Hospital.

Prospectus and List of former successes may be had on application to the Honorary Secretary. 358

ALL INDIA NEWS IN BRIEF.

Mr. H. F. Davy has been appointed by Secretary of State as Assistant Laboratory Officer, Government Test House Alipore.

Surgeon-Captain John Hewan, Assam Valley Light Horse, has received the Volunteer Officers' Decoration.

The Bishop of Madras has appointed Mrs. Blanch as Secretary of the Madras Diocesan Association in England.

Mr. T. Ryan is confirmed in the appointment of Secretary to the Railway Board from 12th November 1913.

Mr. L. M. Wynch, Revenue Secretary to the Government of Madras, will succeed Mr. Carr as Additional Member of the Imperial Council.

Mr. C.C.T. Brereton, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent from 11th November 1913.

Sanction has been accorded to a detailed survey being carried out by Messrs. Martin and Company for a line of railway between Chaparamukh station on the Assam-Bengal Railway and Nowgong a distance of 18 miles.

Simla has had the first snowfall and it is lying several inches deep all over the station. The fall this year is late compared with the past two years when the snowfalls were registered in the third week of November.

His Honour Sir Charles Bayley, Lieutenant-Governor of Bihar and Orissa, will unveil the statue of Lord Clive, at Belvedere, at 4-30 p. m., on Tuesday, the 16th December.

The "Tazias" which were held up since Tuesday are moving in procession to Kerballa. Stringent precautions have been taken to prevent rioting. In addition to the local troops a squadron of the 3rd Draggoons has been called in from Muttra.

Lieutenant Colonel P.C.H. Strickland I.M.S., has been appointed to officiate as Assistant Director of Medical Services Sirhind and Jullundur Brigades vice Colonel R.B. Roe I.M.S. with effect from the 13th January 1914.

The total plague mortality during the week ending 6th December 1913 stood at 3445 against 4545 cases. Bombay Presidency had 949, Madras 228 Bihar 495, United Provinces 1327, Punjab 113, Burma 46, Mysore 143, Hyderabad 120, and Rajputana 96.

Miss Dhanvanti Handoo, a Kashmir lady, residing in Madras, recently passed her intermediate examination of the Madras University and has won the Krupabai Satyanathan Memorial Gold Medal for standing first amongst Indian girls in English.

The "Madras Mail's" Calicut correspondent telegraphs, that a report has been received of the murder at Kadamana in Waluvanad taluq of Kunhunn. Thampuran Valia, Rajah of Katamana Kovilakan, while he was walking through the field. The accused is a Moplah, and religious frenzy is believed to have caused the crime.

The "Pioneer" understands that the following will be the new official members of the Viceroy's Legislative Council in the place of those resigning:—Madras, Mr. L. M. Wynch vice Mr. Clark; Bengal, Mr. J. Donald vice Mr. Macpherson; U. P., Mr. W. H. Cobb vice Mr. Leslie Saunders; Punjab, Mr. A. H. Deack vice Mr. Fenton; Burma, Mr. W. F. Rice vice Mr. Eales.

The railways extending from Ruk Junction on the North-Western Railways to Sibi and from there on by alternative routes *via* the Mushkaf Bolan and the Harnai Valleys to Bostan with extensions from Bostan to Chaman, from Spezand to Nushki and from Bolan to Nari Bank and Rindli, will henceforth be officially known as the Sindh-Pishin section of the North-Western Railway.

A Hindu correspondent of Bahawalpur says that the Hindus of the State, who have given up the observance of festivals for over a year, owing to alleged grievances, celebrated the arrival of Major Elliott as Political Agent with great illuminations and decorations of their portion of the town. Among other mottoes hung in the streets were "Pity poor subjects," "Long live our gracious Emperor," God bless our noble Nawab," and "Trust in God and do the right."

Sir James Meston, Lady Meston and staff leave Lucknow on the 13th December for Muttra, Agra and Allahabad. At each of these places Conferences with local officials will be held on the scarcity question and in addition at Allahabad His Honour will present prizes at Calvin Orphanage and Allahabad High School and will open the school in which Dr. Sundar Lal is interested. His visit to Allahabad will extend from the 16th to the 18th. The party will reach Lucknow on the 19th and will stay there for the Xmas holidays.

A cover with post mark "Calcutta," containing some powder and a letter, undi signature of "Bomb," without date, addressed to "Mudholkar, Nagpur," was delivered at Nagpur last week to Rao Bahadur R. N. Mudholkar's nephew, who is a law student living in the lodge called Ananda Asram, in Craddock town. The contents of the letter were similar in nature to those in the letter addressed to the Hon. Mr. Surendra Nath Banerjee from Karachi. The letter and the cover were sent to the local Superintendent of Police, who, with a Police Sub-Inspector, motored to Ananda Asram and took possession of the powder.

The Government of India have sanctioned surveys being carried out by the Patiala Durbar for the following lines of railways on the 2 feet 6 inches guage, aggregating about 158 miles:—From Patiala *via* Pihava to Dhand; from Sirhind *via* Sanghol to Roopar; from Patiala to Sirhind; from Samana *via* Sonam to Mansa; from Samana to Ghuram; from Chintanwala to Amargarh. Those from Patiala to Sirhind and from Sirhind to Rupar are of special importance as likely to secure much traffic. These light railways were planned by the late Mr. Harrington and one cannot but regret his untimely death just when the time had come for the surveys to be undertaken.

BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

COMMITTEE'S REPORT DISCUSSED.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

COIMBATORE, Dec. 11.

The Board of Agriculture resumed its sittings to-day under the presidency of Mr. Mackenna. After recording its approval of the recommendations of the sub-committee on matters relating to the programme of the work of the Imperial Provincial and Native State's Departments of Agriculture, the Board discussed at length the report of the Committee, with Dr. Mann as Chairman, dealing with the subject, how agricultural improvements could best be disseminated amongst Indian agriculturists by the Department.

The major portion of the report was devoted to the advocacy of Co-operative Credit Societies as best means of introducing improvements. The report stated that undoubtedly a most striking advance during the past two years had taken place in connection with the development of the co-operative movement. In 1912 an Act was passed which removed the limitation preventing credit societies from doing anything but supply funds to their members, and which allowed for the formation of societies with other profitable objects in view.

This act had resulted in the immediate utilisation of co-operative societies for dissemination of agricultural improvements and in many cases with a promise of very great success. Other methods such as agricultural associations, demonstrations and use of vernacular educational courses were also advocated. Many instances of success achieved in Bombay, Central Provinces, United Provinces and Burma were also mentioned in the report.

The Board approved of the report and Mr. Mackenna congratulated Dr. Mann and his committee on the fine report they had submitted.

The Indian sugar industry and fruit culture were also discussed by the Board to-day.

The Madras Government sanctions the proposal of the Director of Public Instruction to distribute a subsidy of Rs. 94,325 to the local Boards and Municipalities shown in the list submitted by him, for improving the scale of salaries of the general staff employed in the secondary schools and colleges under their maintenance. The amount will ge met from the special Imperial grant of 23 lakhs provided in the civil budget estimate for 1913-14. The Director's proposal is to distribute Rs. 9,100 for improving the scale of salaries of the pandits and other language teachers employed in the secondary schools and colleges under local and municipal boards.

THE BRAHMAPUTRA FALLS.

RECENT DISCOVERIES.

Sir Thomas Holdich, seen on the 17th November, by a representative of the "Morning Post," discussed the reported results of the expedition of Captains Moorsom and Bailey. The identification of the Brahmaputra with the Tsang-po-he regarded as of minor importance in view of the fact that there is already a large body of evidence which virtually establishes the identity of the two rivers. The old dispute has, indeed, long since ceased to whet the appetites of geographers, who have come to regard the matter almost as 'cho e jugee.'

As regards the statement that Captain Bailey has found the Brahmaputra Falls to be non-existent, Sir Thomas Holdich was of opinion that the evidence for this statement would be eagerly awaited by those interested in unravelling the secrets of the Tibetan frontier. While paying a tribute to Captain Bailey's intrepidity and entire credibility as a witness, he expressed the gravest doubt whether he could possibly have acquired such evidence as would justify him in saying that the Brahmaputra Falls did not exist. The following statement was made by Sir Thomas Holdich:—

"Unless Captains Bailey and Moorsom have been able to visit the supposed site of the falls and the monastery near those falls from the Tigetan side, and have seen for themselves that there are no falls near that monastery, the evidence as to their non-existence is imperfect. All visitors to the falls have reached them from the Tigetan side, and agree in stating that there is no possible route closely following the banks of the river through the gorges and clefts of the of the Himalayas from Tibet to the plains of Assam. The evidence of the Tibetan lama who made a sketch of the falls for Dr. Waddell (who is one of the few frontier officers well acquainted with the Tibetan language) is at least as good evidence as any that could possibly be collected from native sources on the southern side of the Tibetan border. This rough sketch is published in Vol. 5 of the "Royal Geographical Journal," and it bears out what the survey of the India explorer Kinthup proved about those falls. Kinthup's evidence is, of course, entirely distinct from that of Waddell's Tibetans who visited the place. Until Captain Moorsom (who, I believe, as the surveyor of the party, and technically the head of what appears inthe telegrams to be described as Captain Bailey's expedition) can give us a full account of the extreme point to which his exploring party penetrated, and the exact route followed, the question of the falls must remain still in the air."

The surveyor Kinthup, to whom Sir Thomas Holdich alludes in this statement, was sent up primarily with a view to settling the question of the identity of the Tsang po and the Brahmaputra. Although some of his surveying work has proved to be a little inexact, there is no question that he was a most important witness as regards the falls as for several years he was kept in captivity in their immediate neighbourhood.

Major Waddell's contribution to the "Royal Geographical Journal," states that the falls have been placed about 29 degs. 36 min. N. lat., and 94 degs. 171 min. E. long., between the districts of Kong-bu and Pemakoi. The Lama artist (Tibetan lamas are famous the world over for their sketches and diagrams) who gave Major Waddell the sketch alluded to by Sir Thomas Holdich was native of the Pema-koi District. Major Waddell states that all the Tibetans who had visited the falls, and to whom he showed the sketch, recognised the general correctness of its leading features. The fall, the beight of which is estimated at about 70 ft., is a place of pilgrimage among the Tibetans, and it is to this fact that is attributed the existence of the ancient monastery just below the falls.

On the one hand, says the "Express" we have the Excise Department congratulating itself on the increased revenue it has obtained as the result of the "improved economic condition of the people" during a prosperous year while, on the other, the Registrar of Co-operative Societies laments the failure of the Co-operative movement to improve the economic condition of the people, owing to their (among others) wasteful, drunken habits!

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HIGH COURT.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

DISPUTE OVER A WILL.

LARGE ESTATE AND LIBERAL CHARITIES.

(Before Mr. Justice Davar.)

ADVOCATE-GENERAL OF BOMBAY *v.* (1) MOOSA HAJI HASSAM, (2) ABDUL KADAR, *alias*, JANI ESMAIL AND (3) HAJI SIDICK HAJI EBRAHIM.

This was a suit for the administration of the estate of one Haji Karim Mahomed Sulleman, who died on 24th May 1886, leaving two widows; a daughter named Rastibai, the husband of a predeceased daughter Fatmabai by name Moosa Haji Hassam (first defendant in this suit); two daughters of the said predeceased daughter named Jambabai and Mariambai and one Noorbai widow of a predeceased brother Haji Jaffer Sulleman.

The deceased owned very large properties at his death, being engaged in carrying on, at his death, the business of Cummoo, Jaffer Suleman and Co. He left a will whereby, after providing for certain legacies, he bequeathed the residue of his estate amounting to about 12 lacs of rupees, in trust for charities. The executors and trustees, eight in number, took out probate. The 1st and 3rd defendants were the only surviving executors while the 2nd defendant was the legal representative of the orginal 2nd defendant who was another executor.

The will bequeathed the business of the deceased with all its stock-in-trade and Rs. 10,000 as capital of business to the 1st defendant Moosa Haji Hassam. Then the deceased gave legacies amounting to Rs. 55,000. After that came a bequest of all his properties to trustees in trust for the payment of various seems to Rastibai including a sum of Rs. 50,000 to be settled on her at her marriage, for making provision for the residence of his widows, and finally for spending the residue for certain charitable trusts. The charities directed to be carried out were (a) charity for the Memon poor; (b) a Dispensary at Bombay, (c) a Boy's School at Bombay (d) young Girls' School at Bombay (e) a Famine Relief Charity for Cutch. The will contained full and detailed directions to trustees for the purpose of carrying out the charitable trusts. The plaintiff charges that 1st defendant has taken possession of the whole estate of the deceased and the other trustees have allowed him to so take possession. No accounts or inventory have ever been filed by the 1st defendant. The charities regarding the Memon poor and the dispensary have been very imperfectly carried out by the 1st defendant. A girls' school has been established only very recently, while the charities, viz, of the boys' school and the famine relief charity have not been carried out at all. The 1st defendant has, in addition to these, been guilty of numerous breaches of trust. He has married Rastibai, the daughter of the deceased, and instead of settling on her Rs. 50,000 as directed by the will, has settled upon her a bungalow of the deceased at Ridge Road, Malabar Hill, of the value of Rs. 1,35,000. He has been living rent-free in the greater part of the house of the deceased at Kambekar Street; has not kept separate books of account of the various charities and has up to now failed to ascertain and set apart the residue bequeathed to charity. The plaintiff, therefore, prays for administration, accounts, removal of the defendants from the office of trustees, a scheme for the charities and for other reliefs.

The defendants allege that the residue of the testator's property was only Rs. 4,45,000. They deny the various breaches of trust charged against them. They say that three out of the five charities have been already established and are being carried on satisfactorily while they have been unable to establish the others at the income of the portion of the estate devised to charity is hardly sufficient to provide for the three which have been established. As to an account and inventory they say that these will be shortly filed. As to the property settled on Rastibai they say that at the time of the settlement it was worth Rs. 60,000. They contend that Rastibai, was, under the will entitled to receive 6 per cent. interest on Rs. 50,000 from the date of her marriage to the date of the settlement, which interest would amount to Rs. 9,000. She would thus be entitled to have Rs. 59,000 settled on her and the property actually settled on her was worth Rs. 60,000. The defendants deny all the other charges, say they are willing to render all proper accounts and say that no grounds have been made out for removing them from the office of trustees.

The suit first came on for hearing in 1909. When it was referred to the Commissioner for taking certain accounts. The Commissioner made his report on the reference; exceptions to this report were filed and these were disposed of some time ago by his Lordship. The suit now comes before his Lordship for further hearing and further directions.

The Advocate-General and Mr. Desai appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. Bahadurji and Mr. Davar appeared for the 1st and 3rd defendants.

Mr. Kanga and Mr. Moos appeared for the 2nd defendant.

The hearing had not concluded when the Court rose.

Attorneys for the plaintiff: Payne and Co.

Attorneys for the defendants: Matubhai, Jamietram and Madon; Bhaishankar, Kanga and Girdharlal.

A CONSENT DECREE.

(Before Mr. Justice Davar.)

HAFIZABOO *v.* RANCHORDAS DHARSEY AND ORS.

In this suit, the facts of which have already appeared, a decree was made by consent of the parties. The plaintiff was to get Rs. 750, each party bearing his own costs.

Solicitors for the plaintiff:—Payne & Co.

Solicitors for the defendants:—Little & Co.

APPELLATE SIDE.

DISCHARGE OR ACQUITTAL?

A QUESTION OF PROCEDURE.

(Before Justices Heaton and Shah.)

BHALCHANDRA VINAYAK & Co. *v.* BALASKOR ATMARAM MONE.

This was an application for revision made to the High Court against the order of Mr. C. Fawcett, Sessions Judge of Poona, who reversed the order of the First Class Magistrate of Poona and ordered further inquiry in the matter under Section 437 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

In this case the Bhasker Atmaram Mone had filed a criminal complainant under Section 426 of the Indian Penal Code against the the applicant in the Court of the First Class Magistrate of Haveli, which was however transferred to the Court of Mr. Israel, First Class Magistrate of Poona. The complaint was that the applicant had bored a hole in the wall of the compound of the temple wada in his capacity as a *Panch* of the chaughada committee of the temple. The Magistrate on the applicant appearing before him, stated the particulars of the offence to the applicant and asked him if he had any cause to show why he should not be convicted. The applicant pleaded not guilty and contended that the opening was made by him in accordance with the Resolution dated 10th November 1913, of the *Panch* for the chaughada committee of which the applicant was a member. The opening was made for the Dabghar to go and repair the drums as there was an accident caused to a child by the old ladder and that the opening was not caused with any intention to cause harm to the opponent and that the spot where it was made was also in the possession of the *Panch* for chaughada.

MAGISTRATE'S ACQUITTAL.

The Magistrate then proceeded to hear the complainant and examined his witnesses and then heard the accused. Thus, the Magistrate as a matter of fact after taking the evidence and hearing the contention of both the sides acquitted the applicant under Section 245 of the Criminal Procedure Code, orally announcing to both the parties that the case was of a civil nature, and it involved a *bona fide* dispute as to civil rights between the parties and that the offence under Section 426 was not made out though through oversight the Magistrate applied a wrong section of discharge.

The opponent then filed a revisional application to the Sessions Judge urging therein that the Magistrate had proceeded as in a warrant case. The Sessions Judge thereupon without issuing any notice to the applicant or hearing his contentions and without even calling for a report from the trying Magistrate reversed the order of the Magistrate and ordered further inquiry in the matter under Section 437 of the Criminal Procedure Code wrongly holding that it was an order of discharge and that the warrant case procedure had been followed by the trying Magistrate.

SESSIONS JUDGE'S "ERROR."

Mr. Bhide on behalf of the applicant contended that the Sessions Judge had erred in reversing the order of the Magistrate without any notice to the applicant and without hearing his contentions. The Sessions Judge ought to have called for a report from the Magistrate before reversing his order. The Sessions Judge was not right in holding it to be an order of discharge. It was as a matter of fact an order of acquittal under Section 245 of the Criminal Procedure Code. The opponent did not contend in his application to the Sessions Judge that the warrent case procedure was followed by the Magistrate and that it was really an order of discharge. The opponent had merely taken advantage of a wrong section put in by the Magistrate through oversight.

Their Lordships reversed the order of the Sessions Judge on the ground that there was no notice to the accused.

Mr. Bhide appeared on behalf of the applicant.

The Government Pleader and Mr. B. G. Rao appeared for the opponent.

INSOLVENCY SEQUEL

ASSIGNEES CLAIM DISALLOWED.

(Before Mr. Justice Macleod.)

R. D. SETHNA *v.* MANOREDAS HARANCHAND AND OTHERS.

This was a suit by the plaintiff assignee of the estate and effects of Cursondas Gordhandas and Vithaldas Gordhandas who are insolvents, against the defendants. The plaintiff claimed that the first defendant may be ordered to account for the 392 cases of tea and loaf-sugar alleged to have been purchased by the first defendant from the firm of Vithaldas Gordhandas, and 208 cases of tea alleged to have been purchased by him at the auction-sale held by the Receivers in suit No. 745 of 1907. The plaintiff claimed the balance of tea and loaf-sugar now in the possession of the first defendant; or in the alternative claimed from the defendant a sum of Rs. 29,500 and costs.

The plaintiff stated that Cursondas Gordhandas and Vithaldas Gordhandas, who are insolvents carried on business in tea and loaf-sugar in partnership with one Amarchand Nathu, in the name and style of Vithaldas Gordhandas. The said Amarchand Nathu died in March 1912, leaving a widow who is the second defendant in the present suit. The said firm of Vithaldas Gordhandas carried on another business in green tea in partnership with Nazaralli Manjibhai, who is the third defendant in the present suit. In January 1912, Cursondas Gordhandas and Vithaldas Gordhandas filed their petition in insolvency and all their estate and effects were vested in Mr. R. D. Sethna. In 1906 Manjibhai Currimbhai filed a suit No. 675 of 1906 against both these insolvents and Amarchand, who were largely indebted to him. The firm of Vithaldas Gordhandas filed a suit against Manjibhai, (No. 745 of 1907). The suits were consolidated and a decree was passed in favour of Manjibhai Currimbhai for a sum of Rs. 43,231 and costs. In November 1909, the said Manjibhai attached the godown of the firm situate near Moolji Jetha Market in execution of his decree. The first defendant then claimed the goods as his own and a summons was issued. Manjibhai was ordered by the Court to file a suit.

CLAIM FOR ATTACHED GOODS.

Manjibhai filed a suit No. 25 of 1910 claiming that the attached goods belonged to him. The first defendant as Receiver sold the goods and got Rs. 3,960-12-0 for the same. During the course of the proceedings in suit No. 25 of 1910, it transpired that the first defendant alleged that he had bought (1) 276 cases of tea from the firm of Vithaldas Gordhandas on 18th October, 1906 for Rs. 7,706-9-0, (2) 31 cases of tea on 24th November 1906 for Rs. 854-7-0, (3) 42 cases of tea and loaf-sugar on 6th October 1909 for Rs. 668-12-0 and (4) 208 cases of tea at the auction sale of the tea, etc., belonging to the green tea partnership business, held by the Receiver appointed in suit No. 745 of 1907. The plaintiff's contention was that the first defendant did not purchase any tea or loaf-sugar from the insolvent firm as alleged above. The purchase at the auction sale was also as a nominee of the insolvent firm. In support of the alleged purchases, the first defendant produced small books and before the hearing caused them to disappear saying that they had been lost in transit. The first defendant is the plaintiff's father-in-law is a cotton merchant and has never done business in tea, therefore, it was certain that he entered into a conspiracy with the firm of Vithaldas in order to conceal the firm's property from its creditor Manjibhai and in order to defeat his claim. The plaintiff, therefore, contended that the first defendant was accountable to him for the said goods and the sale proceeds thereof. The property was worth Rs. 29,500 at the time and the plaintiff, therefore, in the alternative claimed that sum from the first defendant. The second and third defendants, having been requested to join the plaintiff and having declined to do so were made formal defendants.

FIRST DEFENDANT'S CASE.

The first defendant denied the plaintiff's allegations that he never purchased tea and loaf-sugar on the respective dates mentioned above. He also denied his having purchased tea at the auction sale as nominee of the insolvent firm. He was a *bona fide* purchaser for valuable consideration. He also submitted that the said small books of account were really lost in transit on the B. B. & C. I. Ry. The first defendant denied that he was at all liable to account to the plaintiff either for the goods or the sale proceeds, he also said that the plaintiff was not entitled to any damages such as were claimed by him.

The Hon. Mr. Strangman, with Mr. Raikes and Mr. Talyarkhan appeared for the plaintiff. Mr. Jinnah, with the Hon. Mr. Setalvad and Mr. Bahadurji, appeared for the first defendant. The Hon. Mr. Strangman argued the case on behalf of the plaintiff.

Mr. Jinnah (for the defendant) was not called upon to reply.

His Lordship, in delivering judgment, said, the case was a very peculiar one. The basis of the plaintiff's claim was that the creditors had been successfully defrauded. If the firm's fraud was successful, it can not now take advantage of it to recover back the monies. The plaintiff had no evidence *re* the 208 cases of tea. The plaintiff's case, therefore, failed. His Lordship dismissed the suit and ordered the plaintiff to pay the first defendant's costs.

Solicitors for the plaintiff:—Malvi, Hiralal, Mody and Ranchhoddas.

Solicitors for the first defendant:—Jamsetji, Rustamji and Devidas.

THE CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR SATURDAY, THE 13TH OF DECEMBER, 1913.

Before the Hon'ble Sir Dinsha D. Davar.
In the Division Court No. 40.
(Chamber Matters for Disposal.)

943-10—Kanga and Sayani Ravatmal Narandas v. Sobhagmal Dhondu 2-12-13.
720-13—Ardeshir H. D. & Co. Bai Bhagubai widow v. Kashibai widow & ors. Mathubhai J. & M. 21-11-13.
754-13—Captain & Vaidya Vaghji Vallabhdas & Co. a firm v. Passu Panja Ardeshir H. D. & Co. 27-11-13.
637-13—Captain & Vaidya Ebrahimbhoy Currimbhoy v. Noor Mahomed Vazeer Nanji Ardeshir H. D. & Co. 2-12-13.
637-13—Ardeshir H. D. & Co. Ebrahim Currimbhoy v. Noor Mahomed Vazeer Captain & Vaidya 4-12-13.
478-10—Motichand & D. Esmail Haji Allarakhia & anr. v. Mochin Miya & ors. Shamrao M. & H. 5-12-13.
17-12—Dastur & Co. Harakhbai widow v. Bai Jamnabai widow & anr. Mulla & M. Ty. D. & Co. Shroff D. & Dh. 11-12-13.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

223-06—Payne & Co. The Advocate-General Bombay & anr. v. Moosa Haji Hassam & ors. Bhai K & G Matu J. & M., (for further hearing).
621-13—Jamsetji R & D Ramkissondas v. Shyanlal Mohanlal Madhowvi K & C.
336-13—Mulla & M Minocher Merwanji Pavri & anr. Pestonji Dhunjibhoy & Co. a firm & ors. Wadia G & Co.
79-13—Judah & S (for a pauper) Manaji Jaganith Bhat kar v. Laxman Bhatkar & ors. Purmanand & Co. (for a pauper.)
1180-12—Jamsetji R. & D. Rughunath Premaji Co a firm v. Shivnarayen Parbhulal Edgelow G W & Co.
783-12—Judah and S Balaji Dhondiba Dhore and anr. v. Pandooji Rowji Dhore and ors Jamsetji R and D.
51-13—Mulla and M Meers Khimji Meghji a firm v. Jamnabai widow and anr. Dastur and Co.
509-11—Ardashir H D & Co. Esmail Molla and anr v. Haji Abdul Latif Mahomed Habib Sunneny & ors. Pestonji E K & Co Little & Co Payne & Co.
230-13—Khunderao L & M Babulal Bhagwandas v. Alli Mahomed Gulam Husein Manecklal & T.
259-13—Dikshit and P Shejmal Maguaji v. Janardan Balkrishna Bhatodekar and anr Sabnis and G.
300-13—Dastur and Co Hathibhai Cullanji v. Vorsoy Poonja and anr. Madhowji K & C Motichand and D.
332-13—C P D Cunha Krishna Ramji and ors v. Essaji Moosaji Jehangir and S.
342-13—Nadirshaw and D Ahmedbhoy Habibhoy v. Rahim Jusub Shroff D & D.
982-13—Payne & Co. Damodhar Ramchandra v. Bai Nanibai Jhangir & Co.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Beaman.
In the Division Court No. 53.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes.

1230-12—Dikshit and P., Khanderao Nana Moroba v. Vasantrao Nana Moroba and ors., Daph. F. and D., Mulji and Th.
150-12—Sabnis & G. Krishnabai Mahadeo Mohite & ors. v. Ganpat Mahadeo Mohite & ors. Shamrao M. & H. 5-12-13.
1319-12—Edgelow G. W. & Co. Jiwabhai Wadilal & ors. v. The New Piece Goods Bazar Co. Ltd. Payne & Co.
43-13—Edgelow G. W. & Co. Jiwabhai Wadilal & ors. v. The New Piece Goods Bazar Co. Ltd. Payne & Co.
355-11—Payne & Co. The Advocate Genl. of Bombay v. Mirza Mahomed Shirazi Shroff D. & D.
O. S. 312-13—Motichand & D. Nemchand Nathabai v. Dayabhai Manchharam & ors. Ardeshir H. D. & Co. Patell & Ez.
441-09—Little & Co. Mathuradas Gokuldas v. Tehelram Girdharidas & anr. Jamsetji R. & D.
486-13—Wadia G. and Co., Purkha Dolla and Co., a firm v Gulam Hussein Abdulally and ors. Patel and Ez.
498-13—Dikshit and P. Maganlal Ranchhod and ors. v Manecklal Ghellabhai Maneklal and Ty.
390-13—Little and Co., Messrs. Weld and Co., a firm v Girdharilal Narayandas Tyabjee and Co.
1223-12—D. J. Mantri Moreshwar Narayen and ors. v Gajanan Narayen and ors. D. J. Mantri.
281-13—Mulla & Mulla Keshowji Deukaran v. Manaji Cooverji Raje Sherka Chitnis M. & K.
394-13—Vachha & Co. Bala Hari v. Moozmooder Damodhar Raghoba Hiralal & Co.
102-13—Mahr. H. M. & R. Tribhowandas Narotamdas v. Abdulally Hakimji Paghdivala & anr. Surajmal & Co.
307-13—Mahr. H. M. & R. Hanmanbux Fulchand v. Asharam Payne & Co.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.
In the Division Court No. 43.
Suits for hearing and Final Disposal.
Long Causes.

378-13 D J Mantri Frederick Hannibai de Brito v Jehangir R Patell Patell & Ez.
398-13—E F Nicholson The Secretary of State for India in Council v A. M. Jeewanji & Co a firm Payne & Co.
403-13—Captain & N Lukhamsey Hirji Meisheri v The All India United Insurance Co. Ld. Payne & Co.
419-13—Forbes & Co Sebastian Domingos v Quinny Pedro Domingos Quinny Southam B & Co.
346-13—Little & Co Messrs Weld & Co a firm v Kashiram Raochordas Tyabji D & Co.
425-13—Unwella P & P Jehangir Cursetji Bhapse v Gopaldas Navnitdas Harilal & Co.
316-13—Dubash & Co. Cursetji Dossabhoy Commissariatwalla v. Burjorji Framji Commissariatwalla & ors. Motichand & D Man J H & Co.
255-13—Soonderdas & Co. Thackersey Gopalji v. Hardevdas Mohanlal Mehta & Dal.
41-13—Amin & Desai Chamniram Dalaji & Co. a firm v. Kunjbihari Govindrao Joshi Khand L. & M.
339-13—Crawford B. & Co. Mahomedalli Gulam Husein Miya Jan & ors. v. Rahimtulla Khalakdina & ors. Crawford B. & Co. Payne & Co.
345-13—Man. J. H. &Co. Bai Navajbai widow v. Beramji Cooverji Darukhanawalla M. B. Chothia.
362-13—Dubash & Co. Sarabai widow v. Ali Mahomed Allarakhia Vacha & Co.
371-13—Edgelow G. W. & Co. Hirachand Vanichand & anr. v. Damji Hirji & Co. a & ors. Ardeshir M. D. & Co. Manecklal & T.

COUNTERFEIT TRADE MARK CASE.

HANDKERCHIEFS WITH NUMBER.

At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, Virji Hirji representing the C. K. L. M. and Co. charged Bapulal Chunilal, a piece-goods dealer, before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, with selling his goods with counterfeit trade marks.

Mr. D. T. Trani of Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Solicitors, appeared for the complainant while the accused was defended by Mr. P. Godinho, pleader.

The prosecution story was that the C. K. L. M. and Co. had been importing through Messrs. Graham and Co. for several years, handkerchiefs bearing particular numbers printed on them as their trade marks. These handkerchiefs were sold largely both in Bombay and abroad and the complainant's firm realised quite a good profit on them. The following are a few of the numbers representing the firm's trade marks which were stamped on the handkerchiefs Nos. 225,252,50 and 7. Some time back the complainant was apprised of the fact that the accused was also selling goods in Bombay bearing his firm's identical trade marks.

As the accused admitted his guilt and regretted his offence Mr. Trani did not press for a heavy punishment.

His Worship fined the accused Rs. 50 and ordered him to cancel the counterfeit numbers in the presence of the complainant.

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INDIA AND THE EMPIRE.

SOUTH AFRICAN TROUBLE.

IMPERIAL PROBLEM TO BE SETTLED IMPERIALLY.

Writing to "The Morning oPst" on Nov. 21, M. M. de P. Webb, said:—

The very strong language used by the Viceroy—words of "deep and brning sympathy"—refle t truly the very strong feelings aroused throughout India by the reported difficulties and sufferings of the Indians of South Africa. The further fact that £10,000 a day is being raised in India for the relief of passive resisters in South Africa indicates that India is now translating its sympathy into a form that is likely to bring to a head one of the gravest problems that confront the statesmen of the Empire. It behoves every British subject, therefore, to give careful thought to the situation, and to the possibilities that may arise therefrom.

India is by far the wealthiest and most powerful of our Oversea Dominions. Its three hundred odd millions of peoplo include some of the bravest as well as the most cultured men in the world. To treat Indians as barbarians and savages would therefôre be quite unthinkable. On the other hand, we must remember that South Africa has been given full powers of self-government—that its Ministers are men of wide sympathies and of great skill in political and military leadership—that they are elected by the white population (themselves in an alarming minority in South Africa), and that this white population includes a large proportion—probably more than a third—who regard Imperial problems with complete indifference, and who claim the right to handle the coloured men around them, including Indians, as seems best in their own judgment in order to maintain the unquestioned supremacy of the white man in South Africa. General Botha and his Ministers are therefore in a position requiring the very greatest caution and circumspection; for if, in their desire to treat the local Indians Imperially, they forfeit the sympathy and support of a large section of the more locally-minded white people of South Africa they jeopardise their own position and may bring about the collapse of their own Government.

What is to be done? There are reasons for believing that the Colonial Department of the Imperial Government considers that the problem is one that South Africa as a self-governing Dominion must settle alone. But is this the best, the most far-seeing policy? Let us consider where it must lead. If South Africa is to settle an Imperial problem of this character "alone," then we must allow India also to settle its own local problems alone—India, *nota bene*, being the wealthiest and most powerful Oversea division of the British Empire. India must in future deal "alone" with all problems affecting its social, economic, and internal political welfare as it thniks best in its own local interests. This might mean that its policy would be shaped not in the broadest Imperial spirit, but in the small-minded, parochial spirit, and with a sole eye on its own local requirements of the moment. In short, we must be prepared not only to concede "Home Rule" to India, but we must be prepared for India handling its fiscal problems, its racial problems, its religious problems, and even its political problems "alone"; and with the inevitable corollary that if India feels disposed to retaliate (or to use force even) to emphasise its own views as against the local views of some other division of the Empire, or against the views of the Imperial Government itself, we should feel bound to bow our heads and accept the inevitable—in this case, probably disruption and chaos.

I cannot but think that this is a short-sighted and mistaken view. I venture to belive that the wiser and more far-seeing policy is to recognise at once, formally and officially that this Indian problem in South Africa is not simply a local matter for settlement by South Africa alone; but that it is an Imperial problem that can only be settled Imperially. Let us commence by asking our Indian subjects to keep cool and to study the very complicated position of General Botha and his Ministers at the present moment. Clearly, the South African Government is not in a position to act as it would like; and it would be folly in such circumstances to abuse General Botha and to demand the impossible. At the same time, let us ask our South African kinsmen and friends in and out of Parliament to turn their eyes to the great Continent of India, to remember its wealth and culture—to recognise its easily understandable sympathy and excitement—and to put themselves for a time in the shoes of Lord Hardinge and his councillors—Indian as well as European. Nobody dreams of questioning General Botha's good faith and statesmanlike outlook. Nor is there any question of bringing pressure of any kind on South Africa. On the contrary, we invite South Africans to join us—to come into our councils and give us their help and advice in solving this greatest of all our Imperial problems. We on our side are willing and anxious to place our knowledge and experience of India and its peoples at the service of General Botha. This is clearly what the Viceroy means when he offers a friendly word of advice and suggestion with regard to the appointment by General Botha of a "strong committee on which Indian interests are fully represented." The difficulty is unquestionably one that concerns not only South Africa, but also India. In such a crisis, it is the function of the Imperial Government to bring the interested parties together in friendly conference. And if General Botha can see his way to summon such a conference, the first step towards a permanent settlement of this great problem will have been taken.

In the meantime, all friends of India will counsel an immediate cessation of strikes and "passive" resistance in South Africa. No Government in the Empire—much less General Botha's Government—can be expected to be intimidated in this way.

It is interesting to note that all the official members of the Imperial Legislative Council representing the provinces with the exception of the representatives of Assam and the North-West Frontier Province, will probably be changed this cold weather: some having retired, some gone leave, and the remainder having changed their appointments.

BRILLIANT MASONIC FUNCTION.

H. E. LORD WILLINGDON'S INSTALLATION.

Lodge "Imperial Brotherhood," No. 1041 of the Scottish Constitutions, held its annual installation meeting on Wednesday at Freemasons' Hall, Bombay, for the purpose of installing His Excellency the Rt. Hon. Lord Willingdon, G. C. I. E., Governor of Bombay, as its Right Worshipful Master. The Hon. Mr. Justice Beaman, Grand Master of All Scottish Freemasonry in India, paid an official visit on the occasion accompanied by the Grand Lodge Officers. Dr. Temulji B. Nariman performed the installation ceremony and the new Master invested his Office-Bearers as under:—

Dr. Temulji Bhicaji Nariman, Immediate Past Master; Mr. W. A. Haig Brown, Deputy Master; Sir Sassoon J. David, Bart., Substitute Master; Mr. Rahimtulla Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Senior Warden: Mr. S. G. Velinkar Junior Warden; Mr. Jehangir Cursetjee Mistree, Secretary; Mr. Abdeali M. Kajiji, Treasurer; Major E. F. Gordon Tucker, I. M. S., Chaplain; Dr. Kaikhoshroo Dossabhoy Cooper, Senior Deacon; Mr. Mirza Ali Mohammed Khan, Director of Ceremonies; Mr. Rustom D. N. Wadia, Steward; Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, Inner Guard and Mr. A. J. Grindlay, Tyler.

Messages of congratulation and greeting were received for Lord Willingdon from H. E. Lord Carmichael, D. G. Master of Bengal; the Hon. Sir Murray Hammick, D. G. Master of Madras; H. E. Genl. Sir O. M. Greagh, D. G. Master of the Punjab; the Hon. Mr. Justice Ormond, D. G. Master of Burma; the Hon. Sir A. M. McMahon, G. Supdt. of Scottish Masonry in Northern India, and others.

After the Meeting the annual banquet took place at which the following Freemasons and non-Masonic guests were present:—

The Hon. Sir Richard A. Lamb, K.C.S.I., C.I.E.; the Hon. Mr. Justice F. C. O. Beaman, I.C.S.; the Hon. Justice Sir D. D. Davar; the Hon. Mr. Justice L. A. Shah, Dr. Temulji B. Nariman; the Hon. Mr. P. D. Pattani; the Hon. Mr. Claude H. A. Hill, C.S.I., C.I.E.; the Hon. Mr. Syed Hosain Bilgrami C.S.I.; Mr. J. L. Rieu, I.C.S.; Mr. C. C. Watson, I.C.S., C.I.E.; Major J. G. Greig, C.I.E.; Capt. Lumsden, R.N.; the A. D. C. to H. E. the Governor; the Hon. Sir Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy, Bart.; Sir Cawasji Jehangir, Bart.; Sir. G. G. Patwardhan of Miraj, Mr. J. P. Orr, I.C.S.; the Hon. Mr. F. L. Sprott, Surg-Genl. R. W. S. Lyons, I.M.S.; Mr. S. M. Edwardes. I.C.S.; Dr. Stanley Reed, the Hon. Sir H. E. Proctor; Sir C. H. Armstrong; the Hon. Mr. W. L. Graham; Mr. G. E Xydis, the Rt. Rev. E. J. Palmer; the Hon. Mr. Jehangir H. Kothari; the Hon. Mr. Fazulbhoy M. Chinoy; Mr. Jehangir D. Framji; Major T. S. Novis; Mr. H. A. Wadya; Mr. F. G. B. Hawkins; Mr. J. S. Wardlaw Milne; Lt.-Col. W. E. Jennings, I.M.S.; Lt.-Col. the Hon. A. E. Hill Trevor Mr. E. L. Sale, I.C.S.; Sir Dinshaw M. Petit, Bart.; the Hon. Mr. J. D. McBain; Lt.-Col. A. Street, I.M.S.; Major S. Evans; Major R. M. Carter; Mr. Mirza Ali Mohammed Khan; Mr. Abdeali M. Kajiji; Mr. Jehangeer C. Mistree; Mr. Mahomedbhoy C. Ebrahim; Mr. Narottam M. Goculdas; Mr. Gulamhusen C. Ebrahim; Sir Sassoon J. David, Bart.; Mr. Rustom D. N. Wadia; Mr. Mirza Ali Akbar Khan; Mr. M. M. Hogg; Mr. H. P. Gibbs; Mr. Arthur W. Wise; Mr. A. L. Davies; Mr. Rahimtulla C. Ebrahim; the Hon. Mr. Chimanlal H. Setalvad; Mr. H. B. Clayton, I.C.S.; Mr. M. H. Dehdashti; Mr. R. E. A. Elliott. I.C.S.; Mr. Vicaji F. Taraporewala; Mr. D. L. Vaidya; Mr. S. G. Velinkar; Mr. W. A. Haig Brown; Dr. K. D. Cooper; Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai; Mr. G. S. Rao; H. H. Daulatsinhjee, Thakore Saheb of Limbdi; Mr. Balasaheb Pant, Chief of Aundh; Mr. Hormasji J. Bhadha; Mr. Gopaldas V. Desai; Major E. F. Gordon Tucker, I.M.S.; Mr. N. H. Moos; Mr. A. M. Green, I.C.S.; Mr. R. Woolcombe; Mr. P. M. Kanga; Mr. L. H. Savile; Dr. H. L. Batliwala; Mr. Framji R. Surveyor; Mr. Framji Muncherji; Mr. D. B. Mistry; Dr. K. B. Shroff and others.

The toast of the King and the Grand Masters were proposed by His Excellency.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Beaman responded to the latter as Grand Master of India, and proposed the toast of the new Master.

Mr. Mirza Ali Mohammed Khan gave the toast of the retiring Master Dr. Temulji B. Nariman, and Dr. Nariamn after responding proposed the health of the guests which was replied to by the Rt. Rev. E. J. Palmer, Lord Bishop of Bombay.

TO-DAY'S MENU.

DINNER FOR FOUR PERSONS.

POTAGE OF LENTILS.
FISH BOILED IN BEER.
SPINACH A LA MAITRE D'HOTEL.
FOWL STUFFED WITH OYSTERS.
CHANTILLY FRITTERS.
MACEDOINE OF FRUIT.

Lentils As. 2. Fish As. 6. Spinach As. 2. Fowl As. 14. Oysters As. 7-6. Eggs As. 3-6. Vegetables As. 3. Odds and Quds As. 4. Total Rs. 2-10.

POTAGE OF LENTILS.

Lentils have all the nourishing properties of meat, so a meat stock is not the least necessary for this soup. Soak a large cupful of lentils over night and set them to simmer gently in sufficient water, allowing for the wastage by cooking, and a piece of bacon with flavouring to taste. Later on fry some minced onion and carrot for twenty minutes in fat till a rich brown, add to the soup and let all simmer till soft enough to rub through a sieve.

FISH BOILED IN BEER.

This way of cooking is especially suited to the coarser kinds of fish though it is a very nice way for any sort. Line the pan with very thin slices of bacon and some grated onion, carrot, turnip and mixed herbs; lay the fish on this and pour sufficient beer over to cover three quarters of the fish. Cover closely and set in a moderate oven for twenty minutes, when the fish may be turned and allowed another 15 minutes. Remove it from the gravy, which should be strained, and enough bread crumbs added to it to make it thick, well boil adding any seasoning required. Serve the fish with this covering it.

SPINACH A LA MAITRE D'HOTEL.

Boil the spinach in as little slightly salted water as possible till soft enough to rub through a sieve. Set the puree in a pan with a little flour, pepper, salt, minced parsley and a good lump of butter, stirring over the fire till the flour is thoroughly blended and cooked. Serve this with fried sippets which have been soaked in strong meat essence or stock before frying.

FOWL STUFFED WITH OYSTERS.

Saute the prepared fowl in seasoned butter in a pan over the fire till it is slightly browned, then dredge it with seasoned flour, cover closely and set in a moderate oven for twenty minutes or more according to the size. Have the three dozen oysters freed of the beards but the liquor saved and put these inside the half-cooked fowl. Cook for another twenty minutes, then remove the cover and allow it to brown and serve with the oysters in it.

CHANTILLY FRITTERS.

Make a batter with two eggs, two tablespoonfuls of flour, pepper, salt, and grated cheese. Make it with the yolks of the eggs only quite an hour before it is required, then add the cheese and the whipped whites at the very last. Fry about a tablespoonful at a time in fat till crisp and serve lightly dusted with grated cheese seasoned with a dash of cayenne.

MACEDOINE OF FRUIT.

Stew various fruits, the more the better, separately in syrup till soft and leave them in the syrup till needed. The syrup is made by boiling three cups of sugar with two of water with lime juice to taste. Each portion of fruit should be set in some of this and allowed to cook in the oven well covered, till it is soft and semi-transparent. This is more trouble but looks and tastes infinitely nicer than an ordinary mashy stew made by the cook. Make a good jelly with a pint of red wine and the remains of the syrup from the various fruits, flavour it to fancy and arrange the fruits in layers prettily in a mould, filling up with the jelly; set on ice and serve with hundreds and thousands dusted over.

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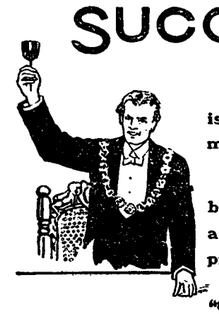

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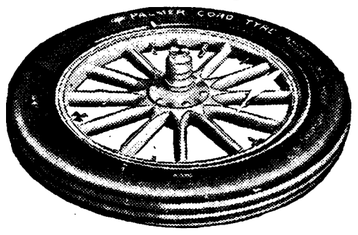

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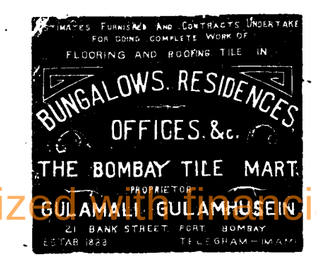
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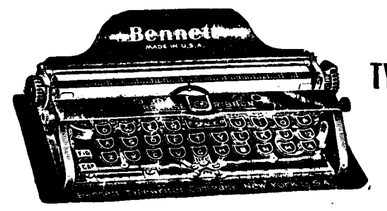

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